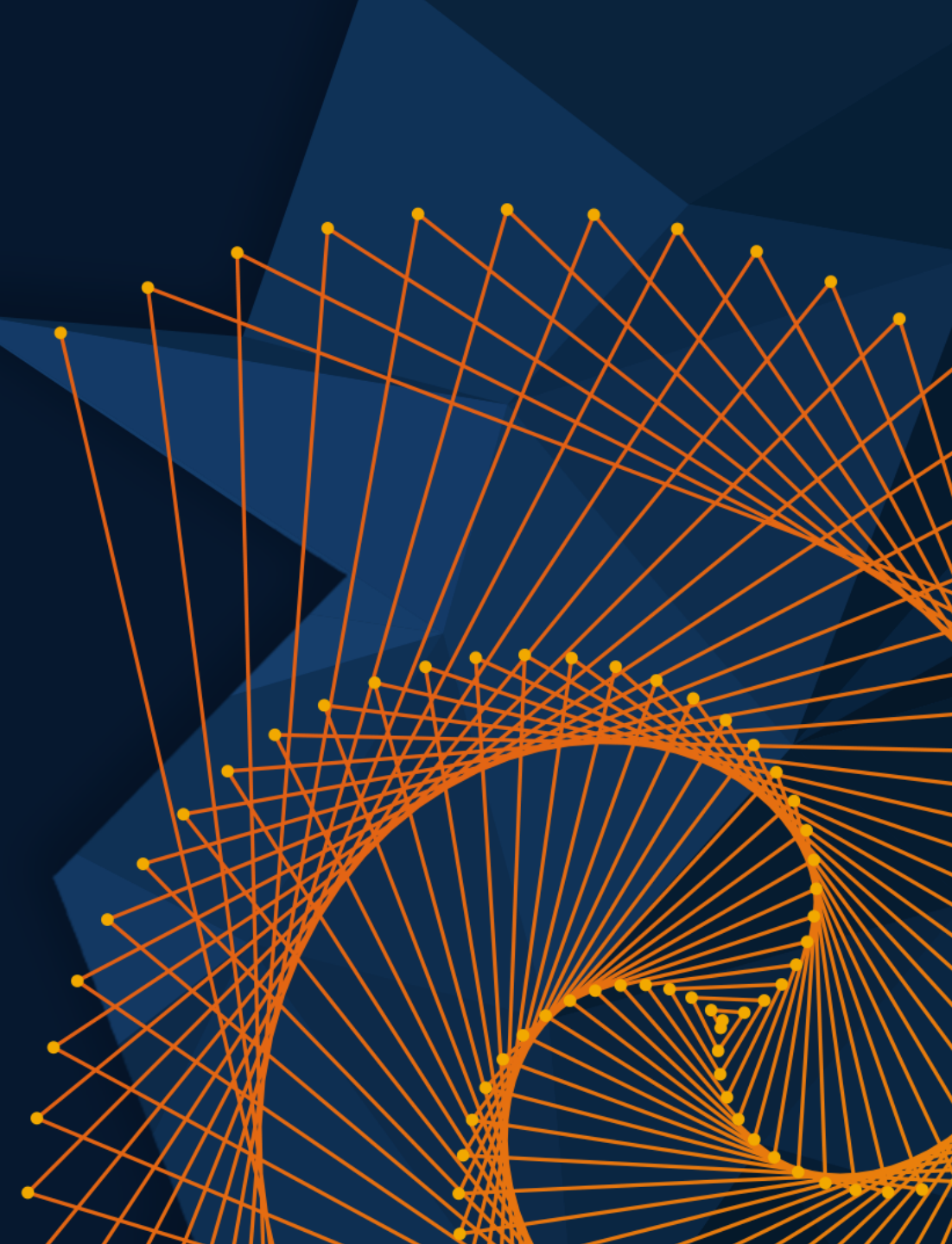


MATLAB EXPO

July 11th, 2024, Bangalore

Addressing Challenges of Meeting Net-Zero Goals with Simulation and Model-Based Design





MathWorks ✓

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#MATLABEXPO



Our Panellist Today



Ramanuja Jagannathan

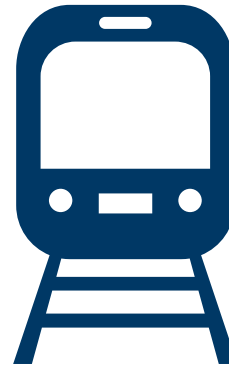


Abhisek Roy



Ramana Anchuri

Net-Zero Goals for Sustainable Future

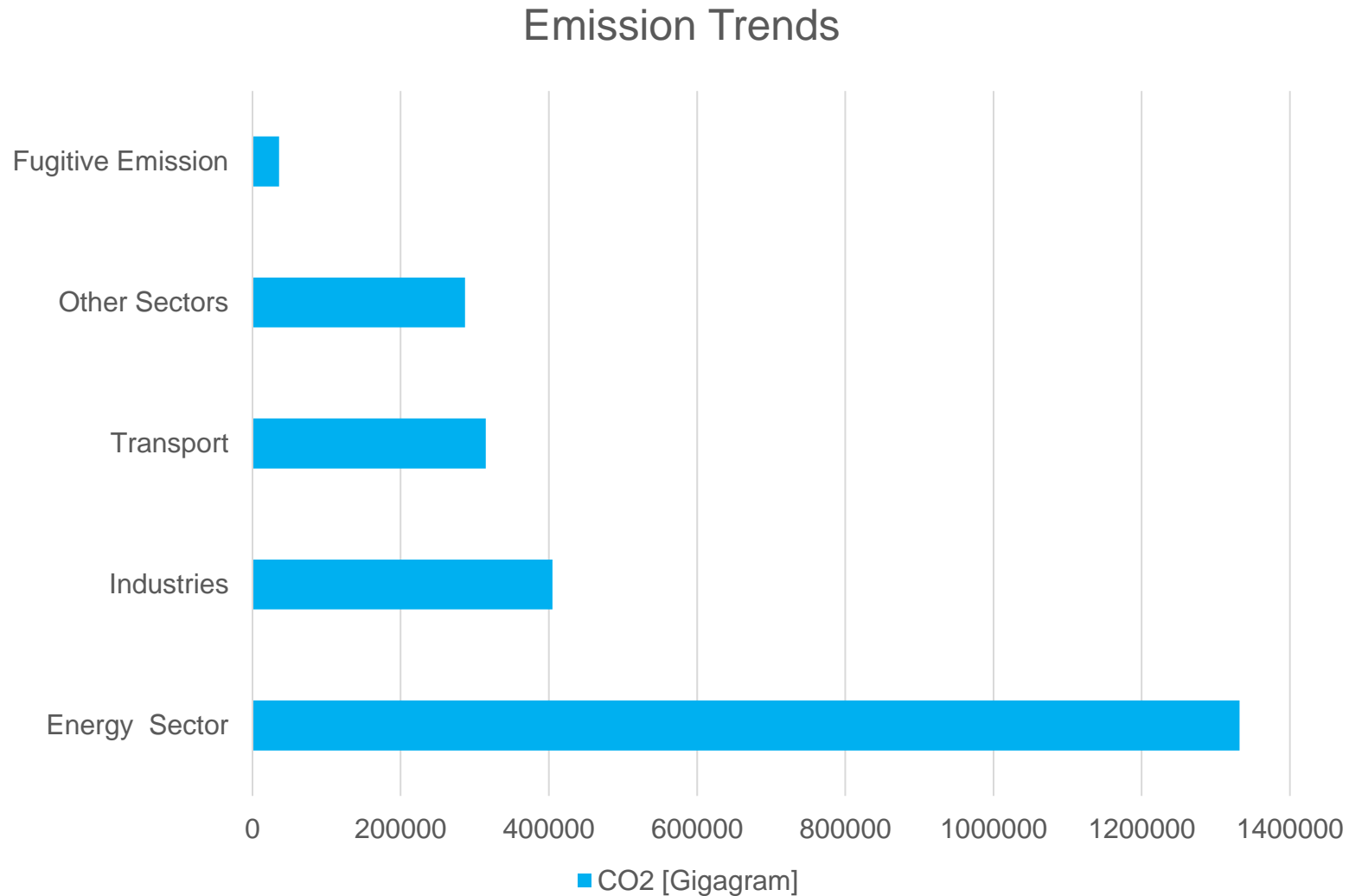


INDIA'S NET-ZERO COMMITMENT

- Net zero by 2070
- Reduce emissions intensity of GDP by 45% by 2030, from the 2005 level
- Achieve 50% cumulative electric power installed capacity from non-fossil fuel-based energy resources by 2030
- In the Union Budget 2023-24, nearly \$4.3 billion (₹35,740 crore) was allocated for priority capital investments towards energy transition initiatives, net zero objectives, and energy security targets

SOURCE BT RESEARCH

Emission Trends in India



Data source: <https://iced.niti.gov.in/climate-and-environment>

Electrification Contributing to Net - Zero

Clean Energy



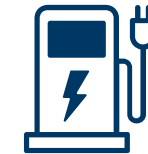
Low-carbon fuels



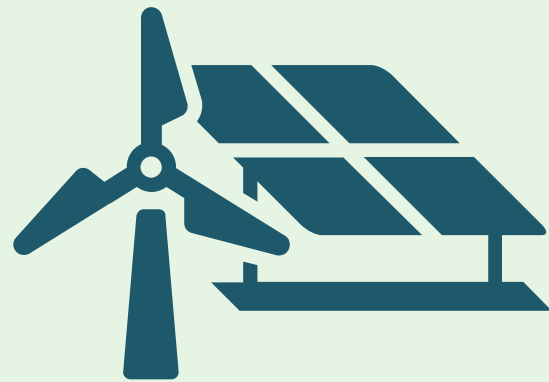
Energy storage



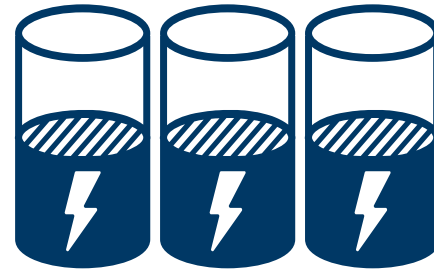
Energy efficiency
Load



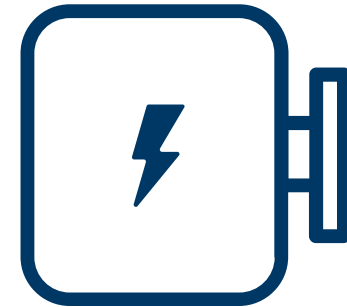
Electrification Contributing to Net - Zero



Renewable Integration



Energy Storage

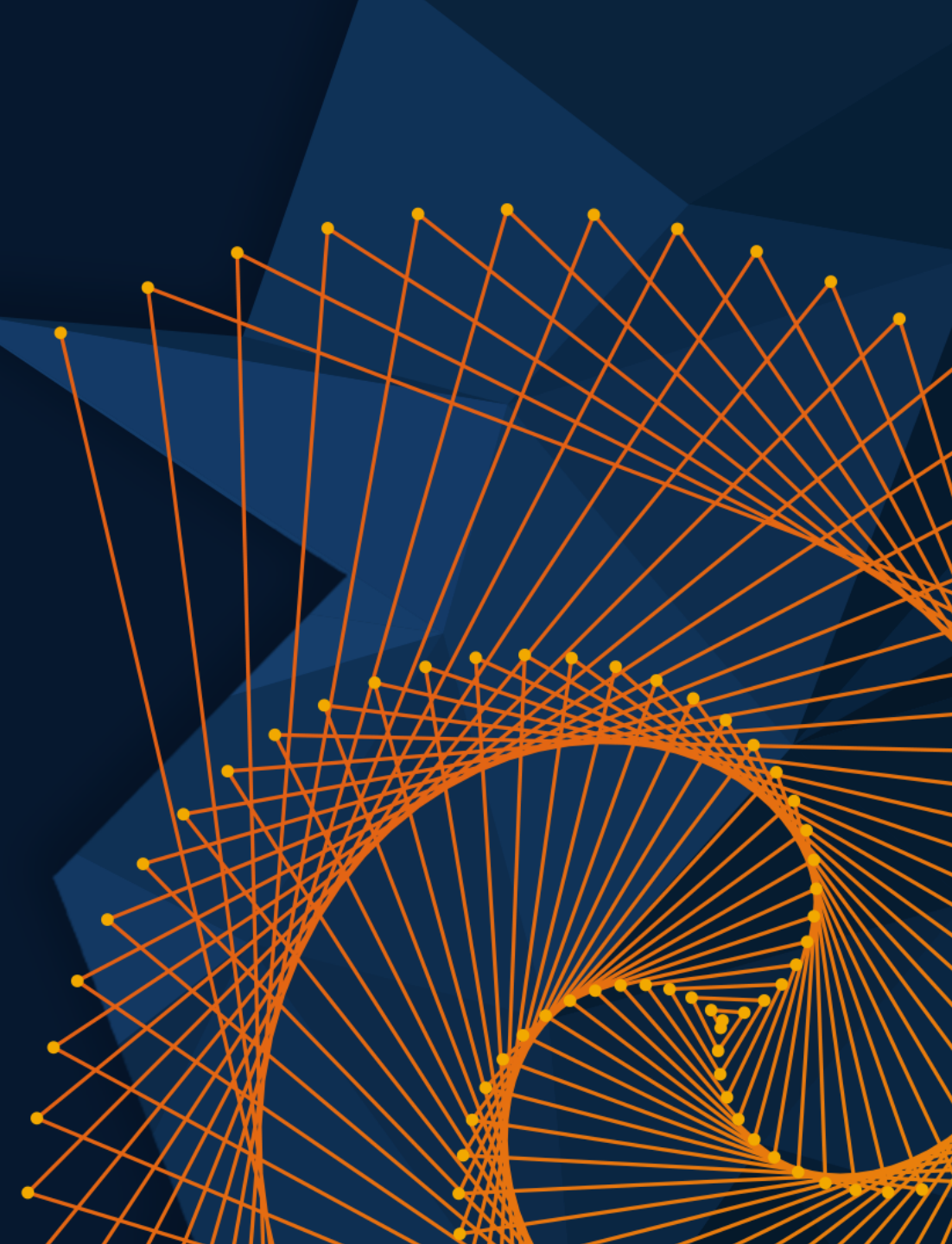


Load

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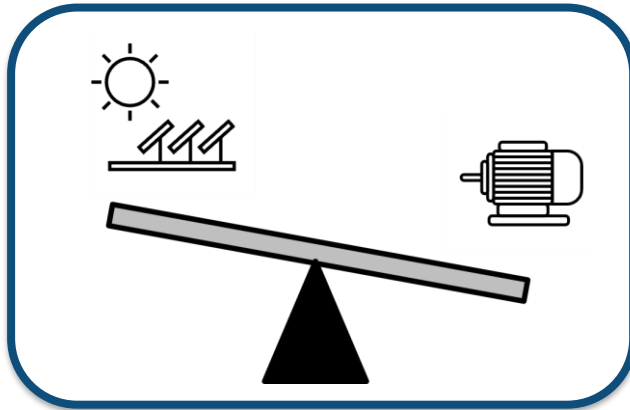
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Addressing Challenges of Meeting Net-Zero Goals with Simulation and Model-Based Design

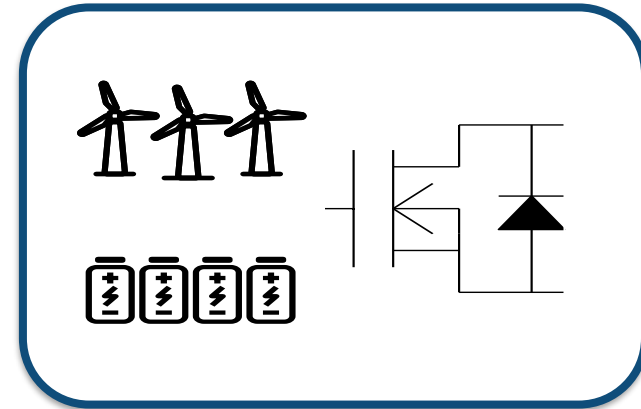


Renewable integration does bring its own challenges

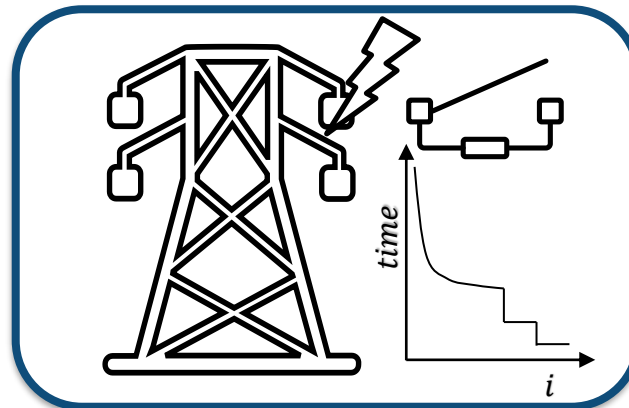
Variability in Renewable Power



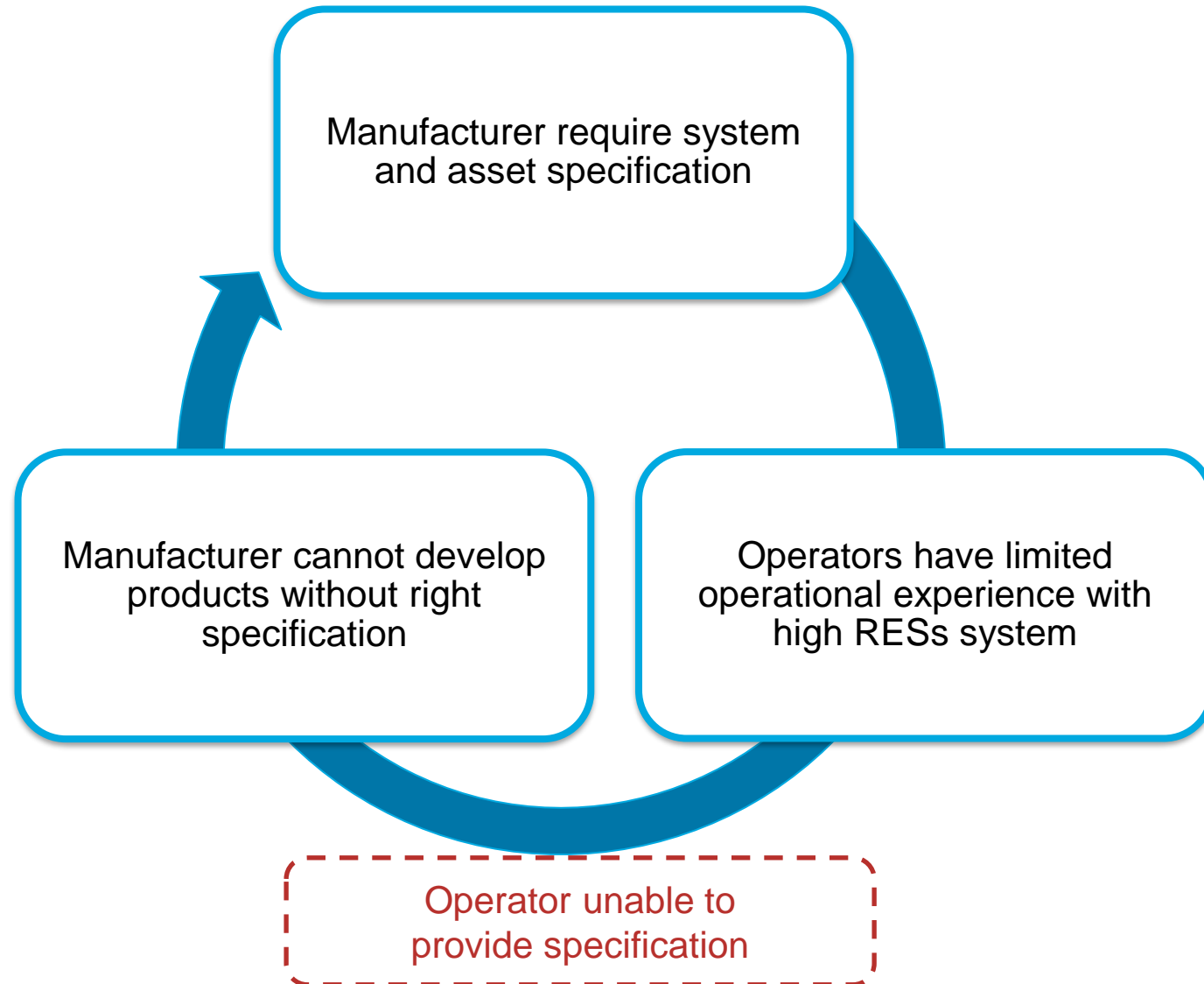
Stability with Inverters



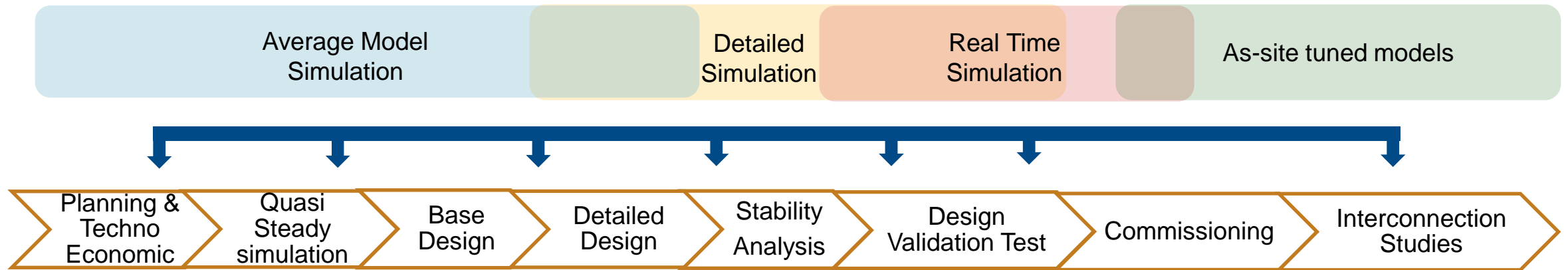
Response to Events



OEM face challenges with increased renewable penetration

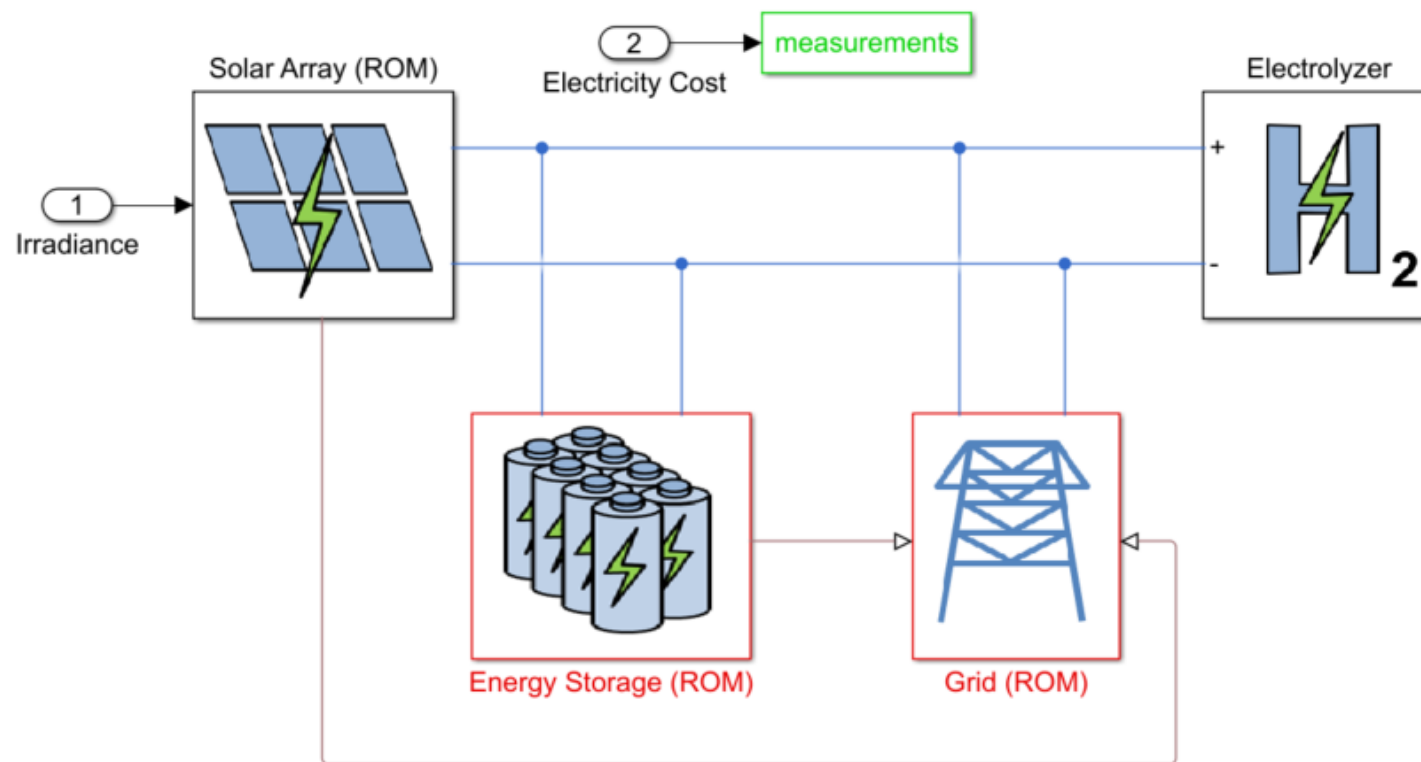


Simulation used as a solution from planning to operations

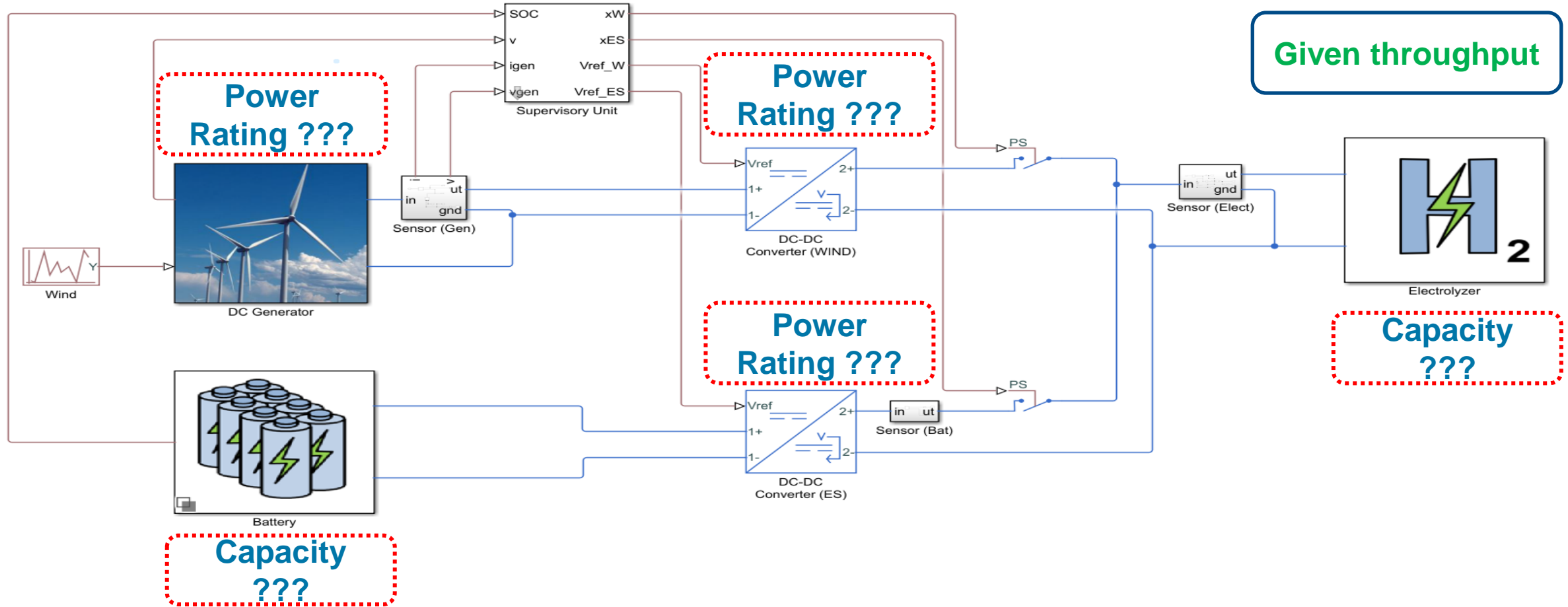


Reduced order modeling for techno economic analysis

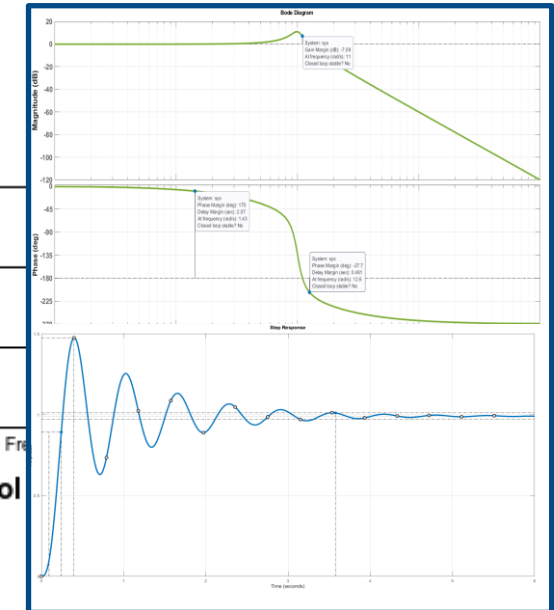
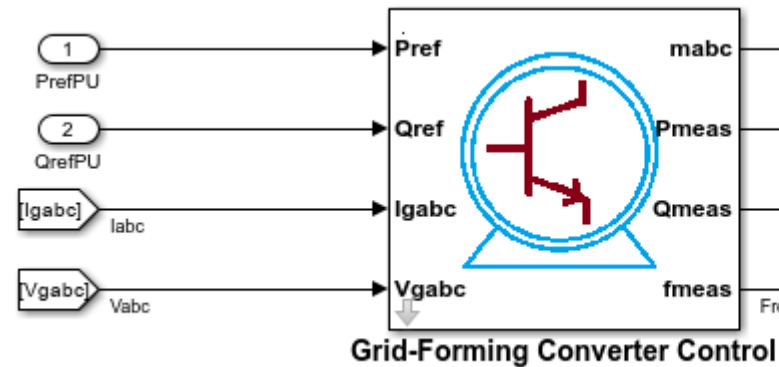
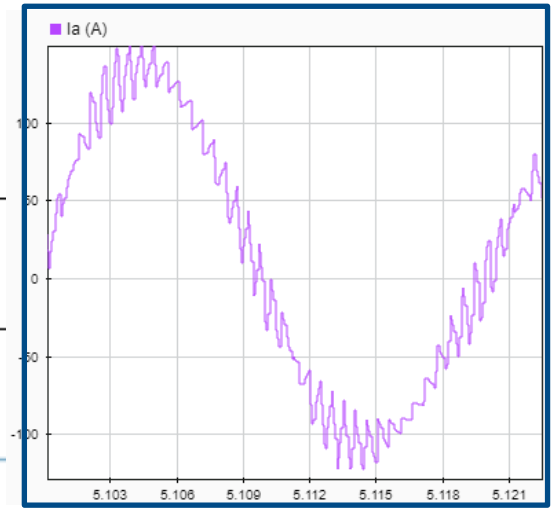
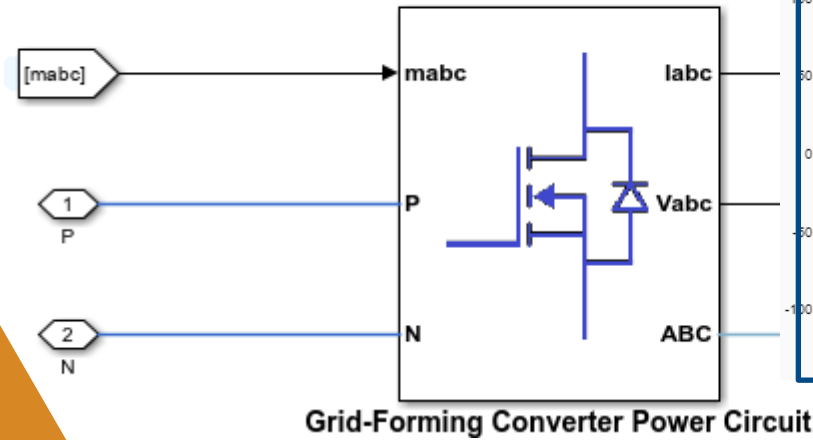
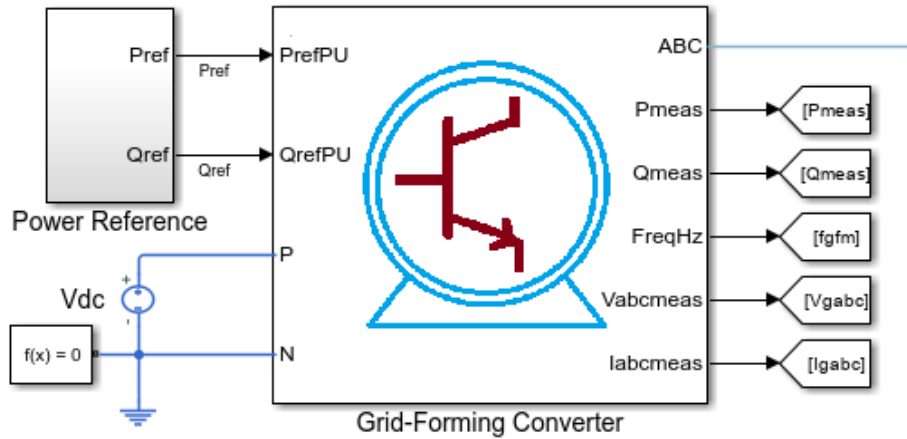
- Objective: Analyze economical aspect of setting up the system
 - Highest and lowest grid cost
 - Highest and lowest solar resources



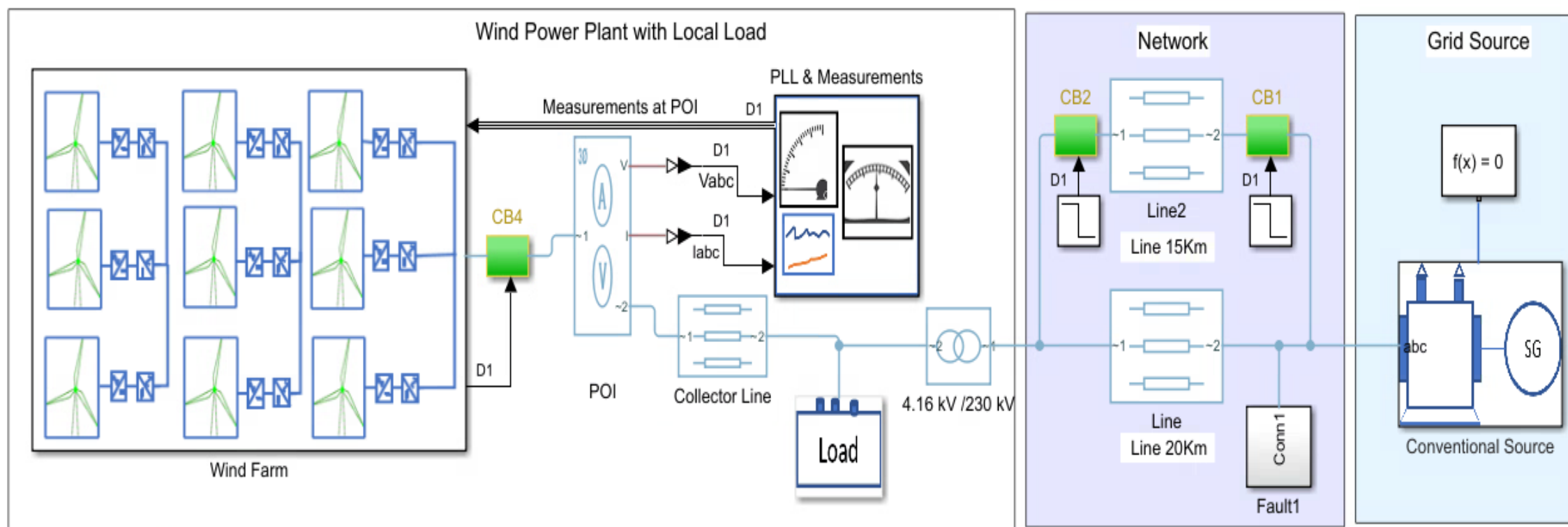
Energy balance model for equipment sizing



EMT models for stability and power quality analysis



Multi-Domain model for integration studies



Hydro-Québec Models Wind Power Plant Performance

Challenge

Plan the integration of new wind farms into the power system, predict power output, and ensure safe, reliable operation

Solution

Use MathWorks products to simulate individual wind turbines and wind farms and to generate C code for multiprocessor simulation of entire power systems

Results

- Simulation speed increased to real time
- Equipment needs accurately predicted
- Dynamic simulations enabled



Turbines on a wind farm.

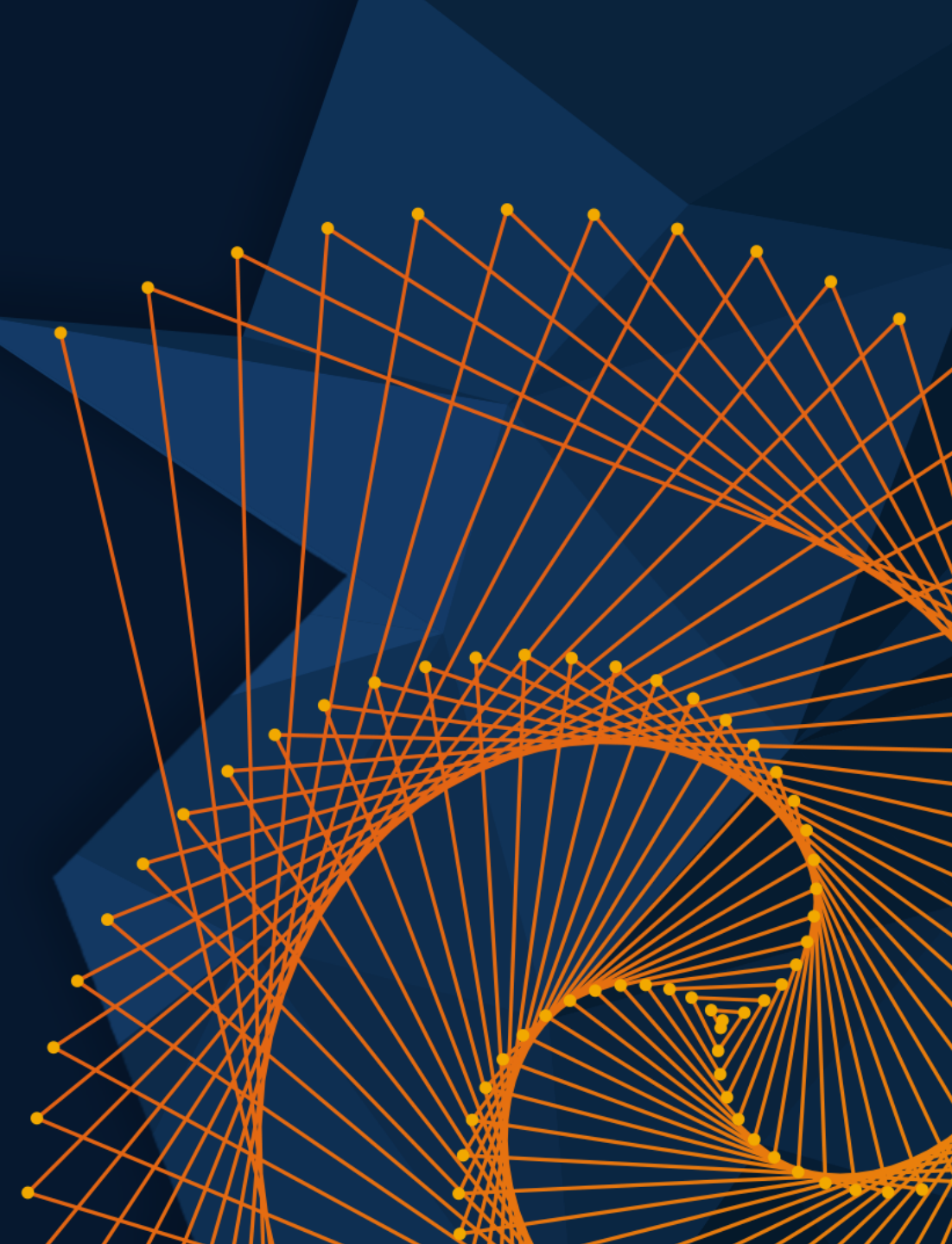
“Accurate modeling is essential not only for planning investments but also to detect situations that can cause an outage. With MathWorks tools, we can simulate power electronics, mechanics, and control systems in one environment, and our models respond like the turbines we have in the field.”

- Richard Gagnon, Hydro-Québec

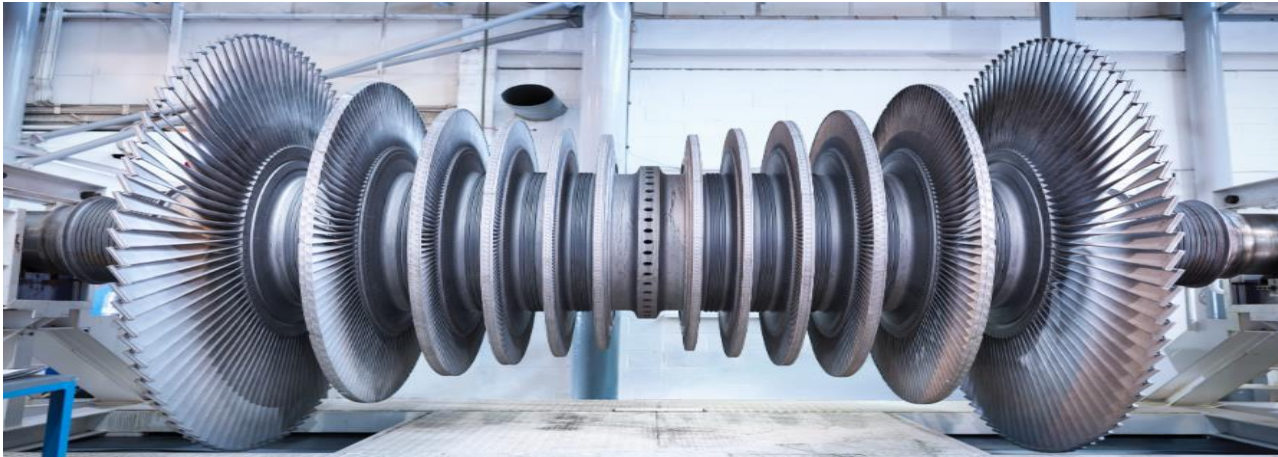
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IBR introduces challenges in power grid

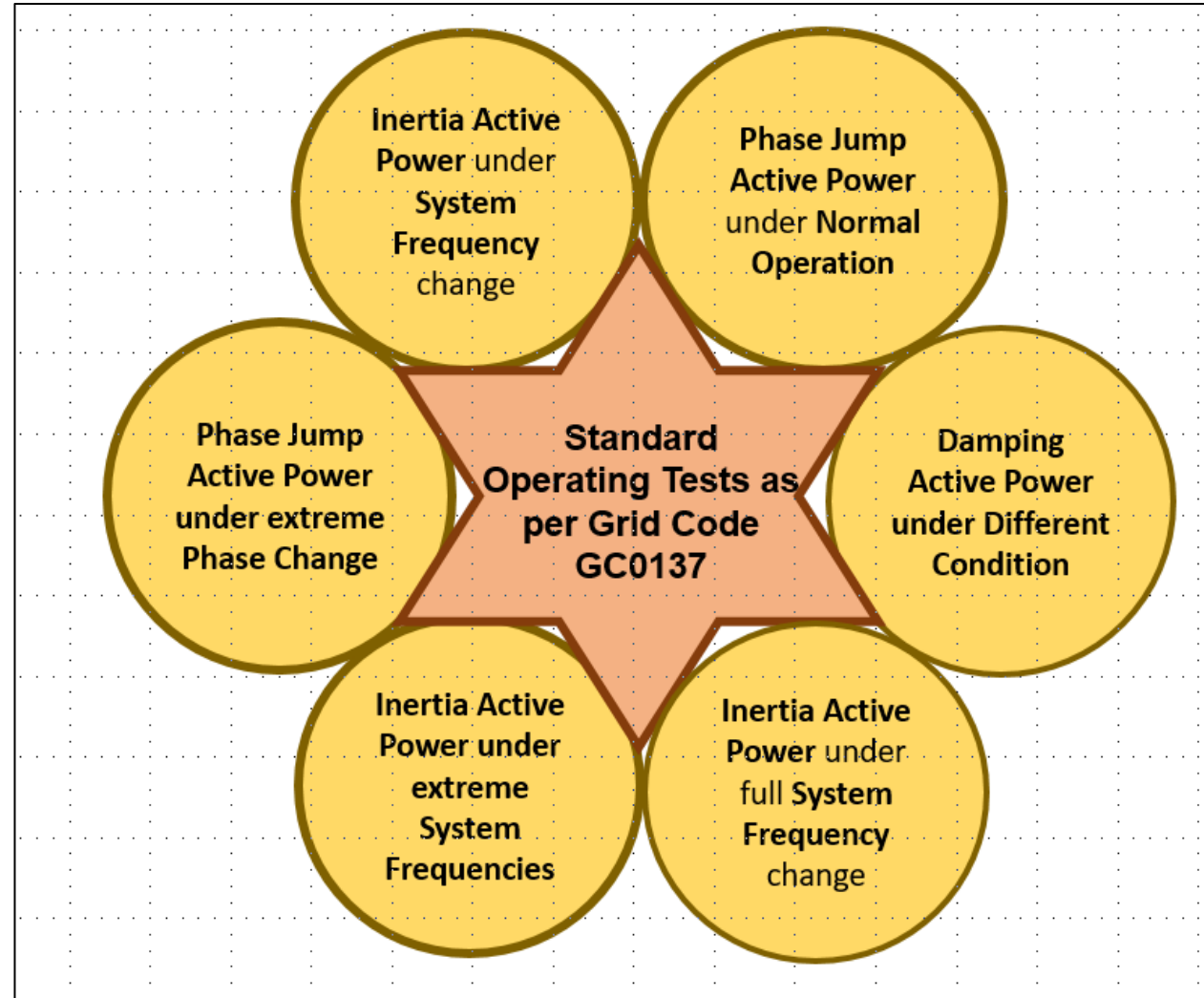


- High inertia spinning turbines
- Ability to ride through faults
- Strong grid

- Low inertia / response to transient
- Control to mimic synchronous machine
- Battery energy storage system (BESS)



Testing as per Grid Code Standard GC0137

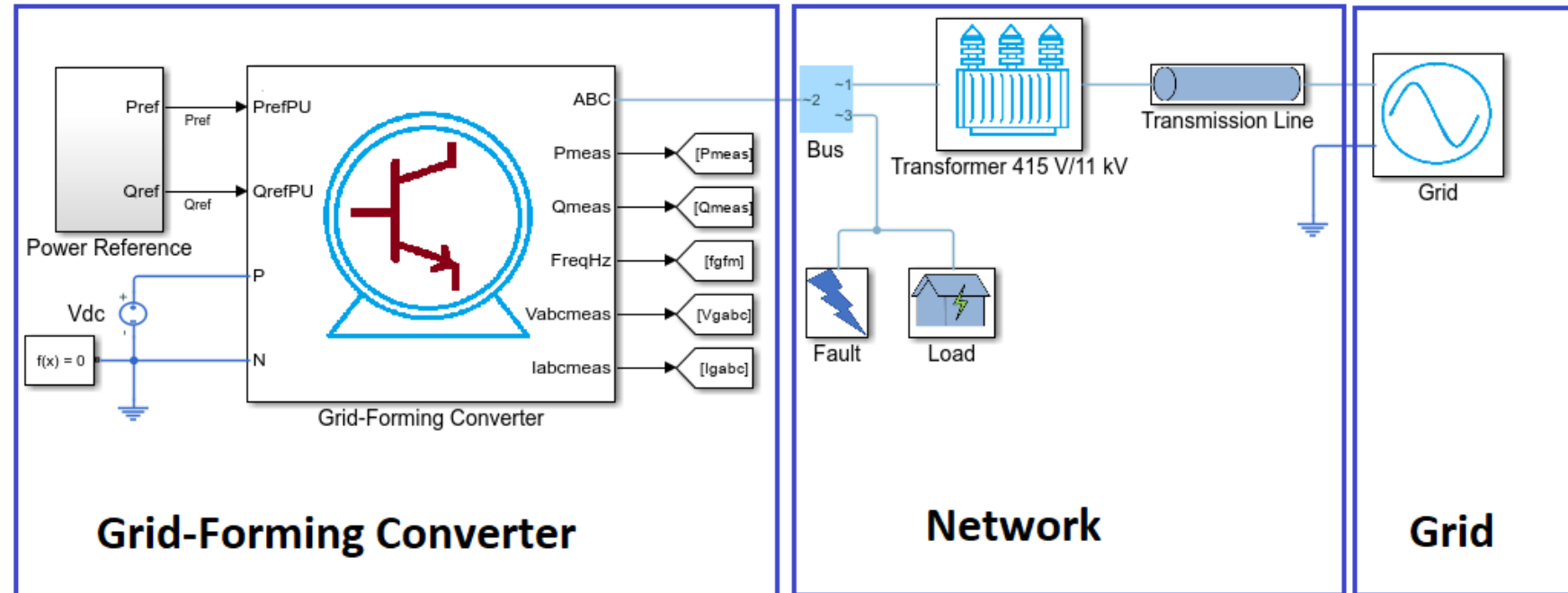


Develop testbench models to test GFM compliance

- Grid-forming converter plant
 - Controller
 - Power circuit

- Power network
 - Short circuit ratio
 - X/R ratio

- Grid
 - Voltage
 - Phase
 - Frequency



Test Automation to verify grid code compliance

Testing other requirements

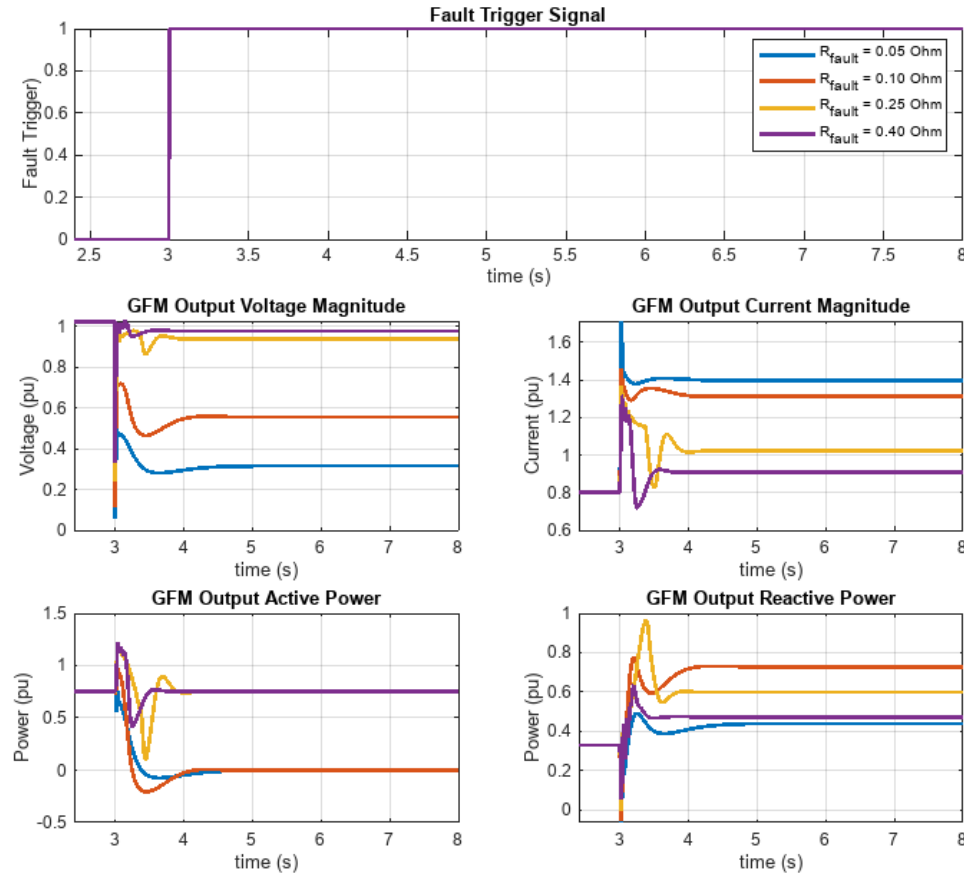
```
methods(Test)
    function testActivePowerTracking(testCase, powerControl) ...
    function testReactivePowerTracking(testCase, powerControl) ...
    function testFrequencyChange(testCase) | ...
    function testPhaseJumps(testCase) ...
    function testIslanding(testCase) ...
    function testCurrentLimitingVariants(testCase, currentLimit) ...
end

methods
    function verifyStability(testCase, LogoutGridFormingConverter, timeWindow, limits, condition) ...
end
```

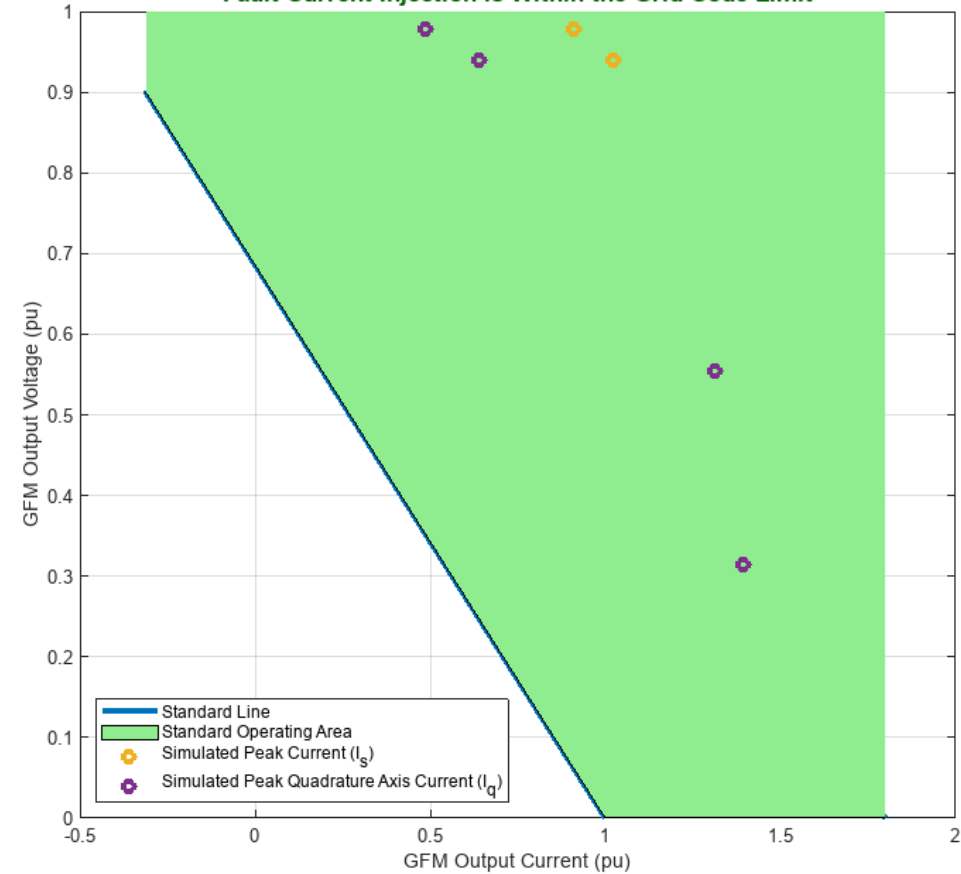
Test Automation to verify grid code compliance

Visualize transient response and compliance to standards

Three-Phase Fault Measurement
Fault Current Injection is Within the Grid Code Limit



GC0137 Reactive Current Injection Standard at Low Voltage
Fault Current Injection is Within the Grid Code Limit



Test Automation to verify grid code compliance

Reporting out test results

```
Running GridFormingConverterUnit/GFMRunPlotFaultCurrentVoltageEffects
Steady State Grid-Forming Converter Output Measurement in pu
```

FaultResistanceInOhm	ActivePower	ReactivePower	Voltage	MinimumStandardCurrent	MeasuredCurrentIs
0.05	-2.8592e-08	0.43993	0.31506	0.54071	1.3945
0.1	1.2063e-09	0.72879	0.55504	0.19086	1.3124
0.25	0.75	0.59973	0.94008	-0.37045	1.0215
0.4	0.75	0.47461	0.97762	-0.42517	0.90787

```
Done GridFormingConverterUnit/GFMRunPlotFaultCurrentVoltageEffects in 171.1726 seconds
```

```
Running GridFormingConverterUnit/GFMRunPlotCompareFaultRideThroughMethod
Steady State Grid-Forming Converter Output to Compare Fault Ride-Through Methods
```

TestName	ActivePower	ReactivePower	Voltage	Current	TestResult
"Virtual Impedance"	1.1027e-10	0.88326	0.7079	1.2476	"Stable"
"Current Limiting"	0.0004716	1.0051	0.56667	1.4002	"Stable"
"Virtual Impedance and Current Limiting"	1.1563e-10	0.88326	0.7079	1.2476	"Stable"

```
Done GridFormingConverterUnit/GFMRunPlotCompareFaultRideThroughMethod in 69.1092 seconds
```

Stem Accelerates Development of Power Electronics Control Systems with Model-Based Design

Challenge

Speed the development and certification of a power electronics control system for a distributed power storage system

Solution

Use Model-Based Design with MATLAB and Simulink to run simulations of power electronics, the electrical grid, and controller; generate production microcontroller code; and achieve certification

Results

- Six months of development time saved
- Thousands of dollars in board spin costs saved
- System fully operational days after hardware becomes available

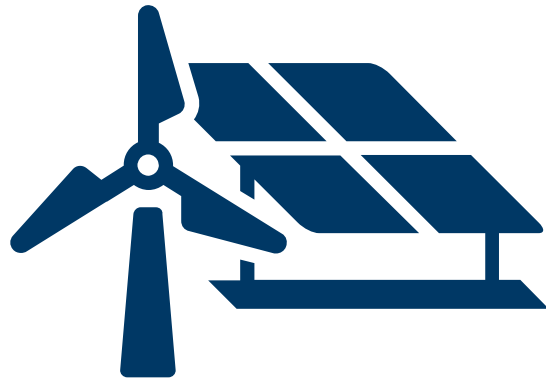


A commercial installation of Stem's PowerStore energy system.

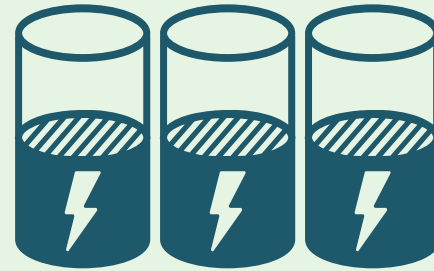
"With Model-Based Design we saw exactly how our controller would work with the hardware even while the hardware was being developed. After we had the hardware, refinements were easy because the simulations matched what we saw on the scope, and that gave us tremendous confidence in the design."

- David Erhart, Stem

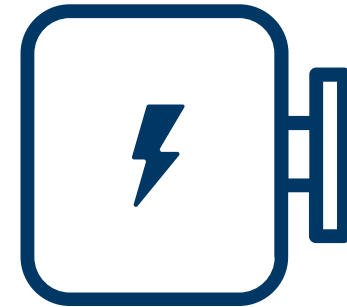
To be decided



Renewable Integration



Energy Storage

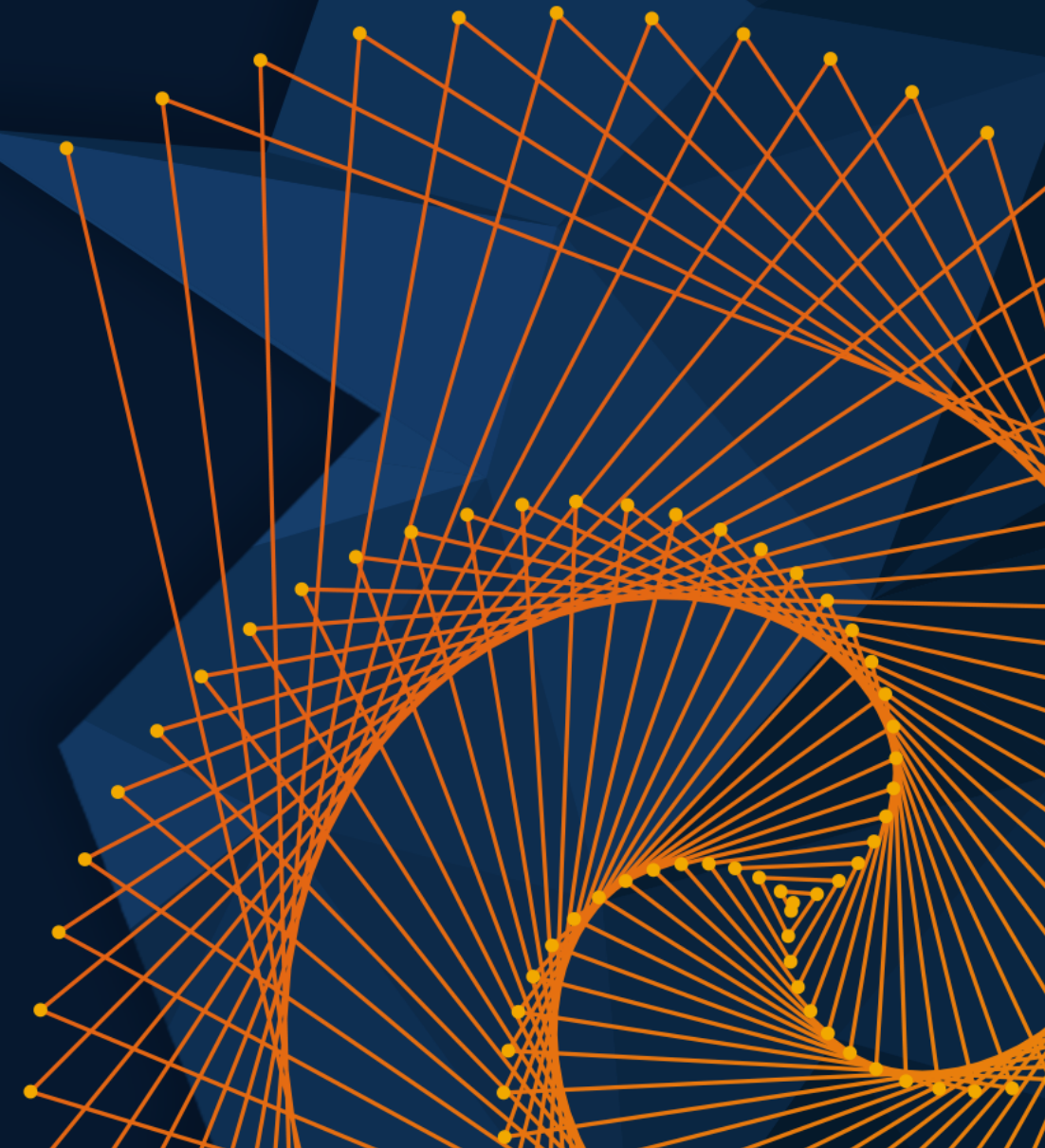


Load

MATLAB EXPO

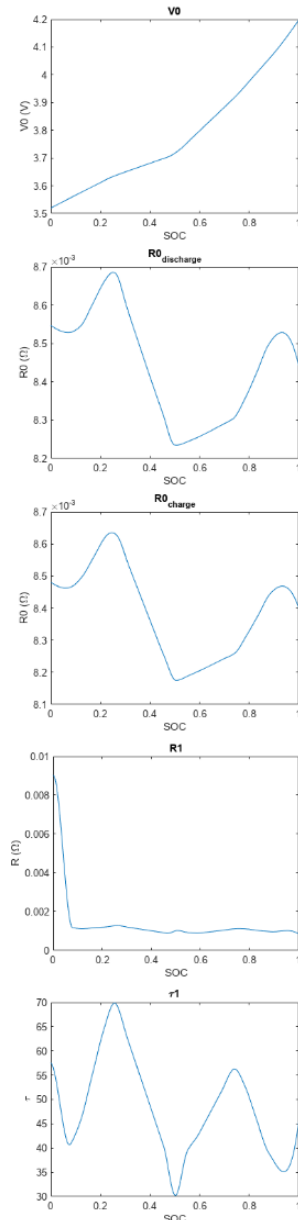
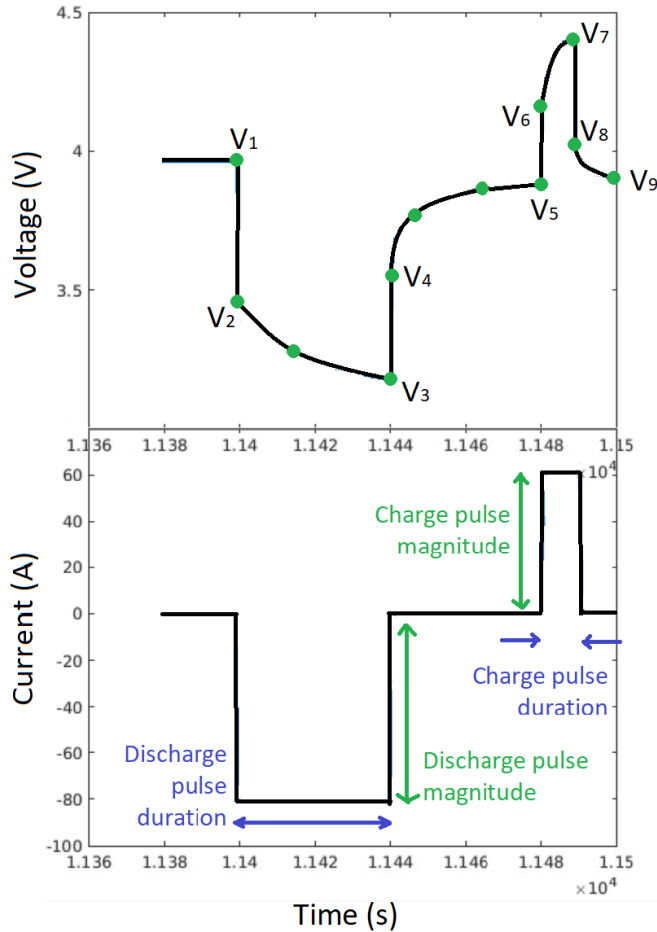
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Addressing Challenges of Meeting Net-Zero Goals with Simulation and Model-Based Design



Start from the Cell Parameters

Fit from Data



Pre-parametrized parts



Battery Equivalent Circuit

Block Parameters: Battery Equivalent Circuit

Battery Equivalent Circuit Auto Apply

Settings Description

NAME	VALUE
Selected part	<click to select>
Main	
Battery capacity	27 A*hr
Thermal model	Constant temperature

Block Parameterization Manager: Battery Equivalent Circuit

SELECT FORMAT

Apply all Reset all Manufacturer: All

Part number	Manufacturer	BatteryType	Geometry	Capacity, mA*hr	Vnominal, V	Weight, g
ALM12V7	A123	Lithium-ion	Prismatic	4600	13.2000	840.0000
AMP20M1HD	A123	Lithium-ion	Pouch	19600	3.3000	496.0000
ANR26650M1	A123	Lithium-ion	Cylindrical	2300	3.3000	72.0000
PD3032	Korea Powercell	Lithium-ion	Cylindrical	180	3.7000	7.2000

Parameter name	Parameterization	Override datasheet value	Part value: ALM12V7	Present block value	Unit
Main>Battery capacity	Datasheet derived	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4.911	27	A*hr
Main>Enable exothermic reactions fault	Parameter not set	<input type="checkbox"/>	false	0	1
Main>Trigger temperature	Parameter not set	<input type="checkbox"/>	350	350	K

Assemble the cells to create the battery pack

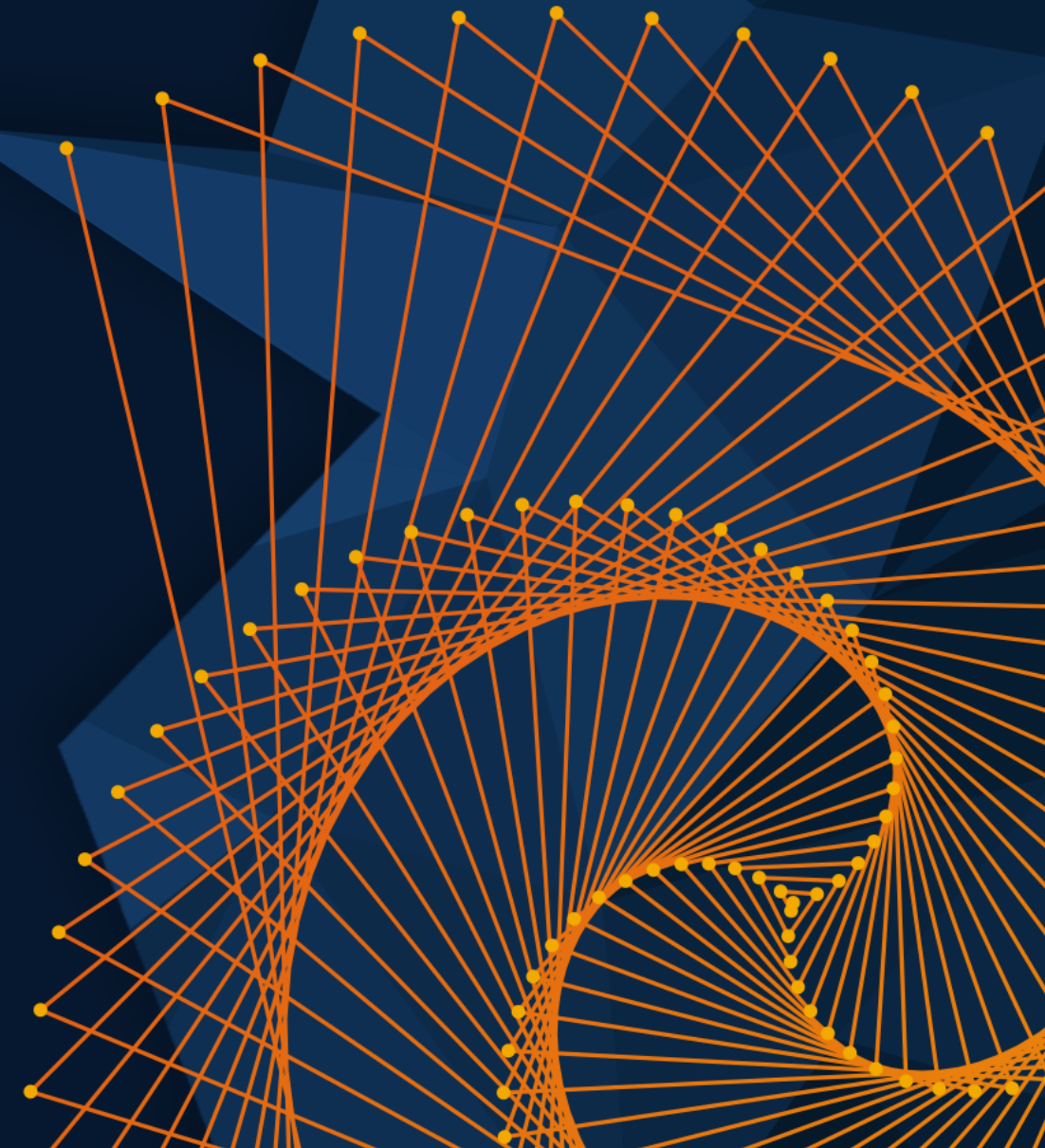
The screenshot displays the MATLAB Battery Builder software interface. The main window is titled "Battery Builder" and contains a "BATTERY CHART" tab. The interface is divided into several sections:

- Toolbar:** Located at the top, it includes icons for "Import", "Cell", "Parallel Assembly", "Module", "Module Assembly", "Pack", "Duplicate", "Delete", "Export", and "Create Library".
- Battery Browser:** A tree view on the left side showing a hierarchy of components: "Cell" (containing "ExampleCell" and "NewCell"), "Parallel Assembly" (containing "ExampleParallelAssembly"), "Module" (containing "ExampleModule"), "Module Assembly" (containing "ExampleModuleAssembly"), and "Pack" (containing "ExamplePack").
- Battery Hierarchy:** A smaller tree view below the Battery Browser, currently showing "Cell (NewCell)".
- 3D Model:** A central 3D plot titled "NewCell (Cell)". The axes are labeled: "z: Vertical direction" (ranging from 0 to 1), "y: Lateral direction" (ranging from 0 to 1), and "x: Forward direction" (ranging from 0 to 1). The model shows a cylindrical cell within a 3D coordinate system.
- Cell Properties:** A panel on the right side of the interface, titled "Cell Properties". It is divided into sections:
 - Read-Only Properties:** Includes "Identifier" (Name: "NewCell").
 - Geometry:** Includes "Position" (x: 0, y: 0, z: 0), "StackingAxis" (set to "Y"), and "Geometry" (set to "Cylindrical").
 - Cell Properties:** Includes "Radius" (0.01) and "Height" (0.07).
 - Parameterization:** Includes "Mass" (0.1), "Capacity" (5), and "Energy" (50).
 - Cell Model Options:** A section with an "Apply" button.

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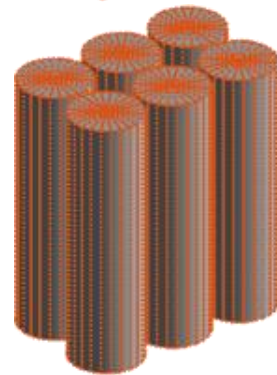
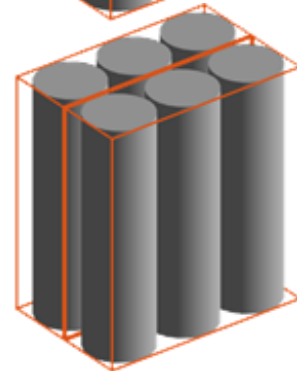
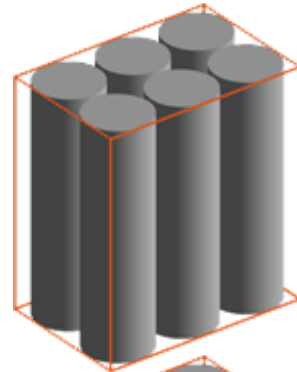
Battery Pack Model Fidelity

- Lumped resolution
 - One electrothermal element

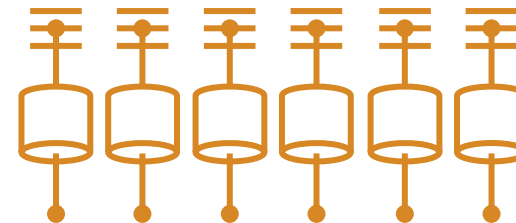
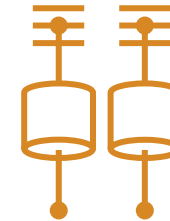
- Grouped resolution
 - Any number of arbitrarily grouped elements

- Detailed resolution
 - Every cell modeled individually

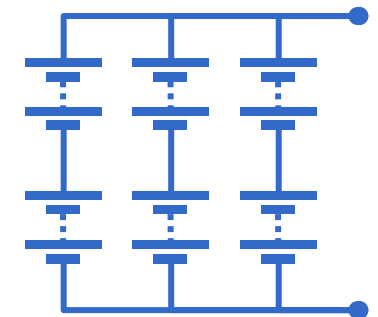
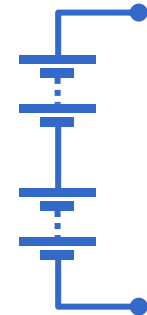
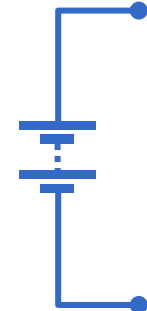
Pack Visualization



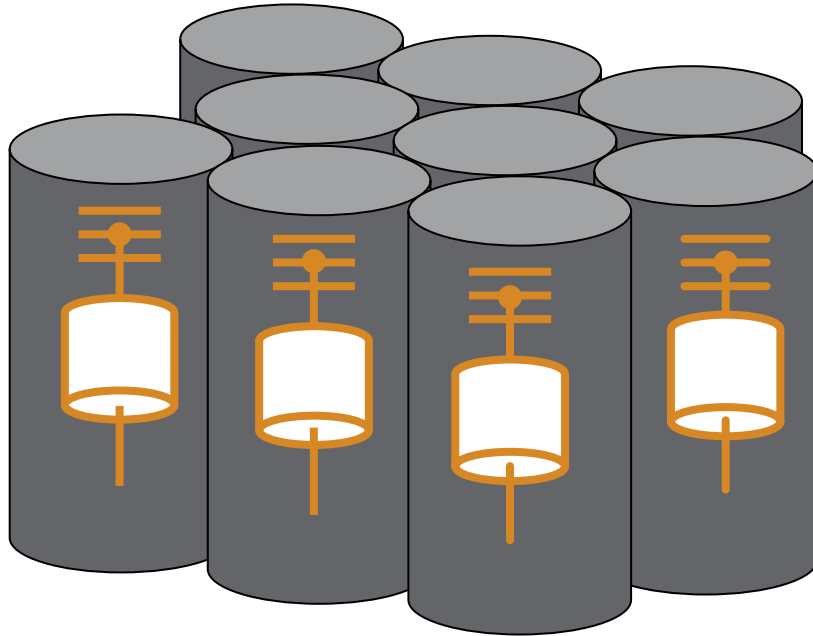
Equivalent Thermal Model



Equivalent Electrical Model

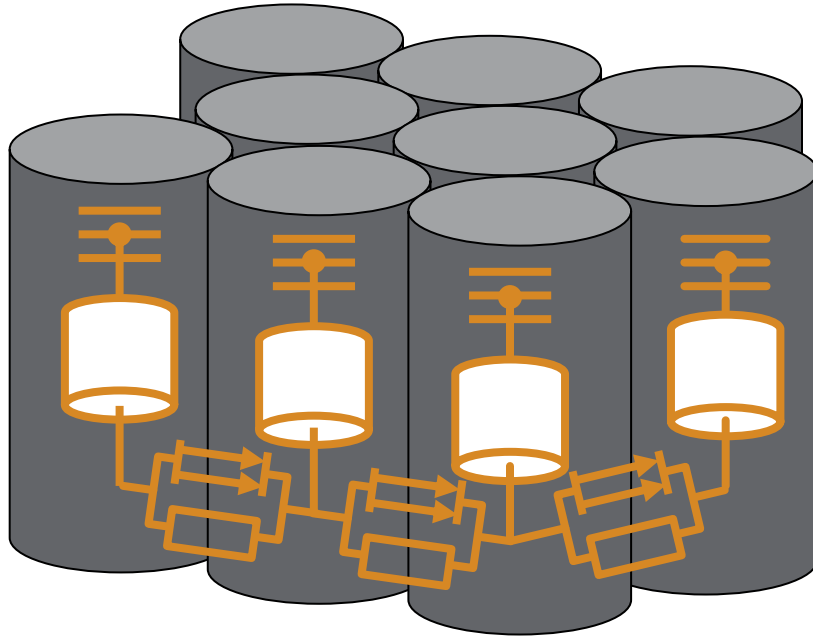


How are the Thermal Connections set up?



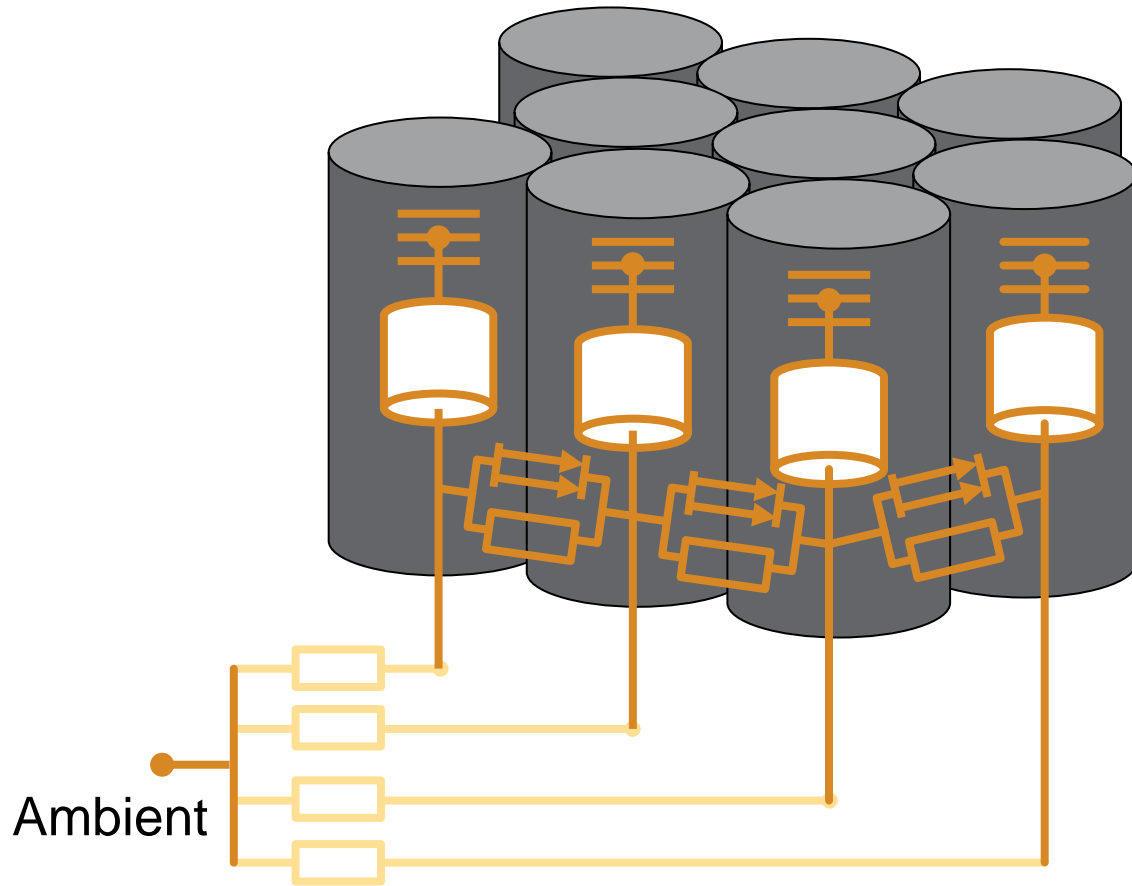
```
batteryModule = Simscape.Battery.Builder.Module(...  
    ParallelAssembly = pAssembly,...  
    NumSeriesAssemblies = 3,...  
    ModelResolution = "Detailed");
```

How are the Thermal Connections set up?



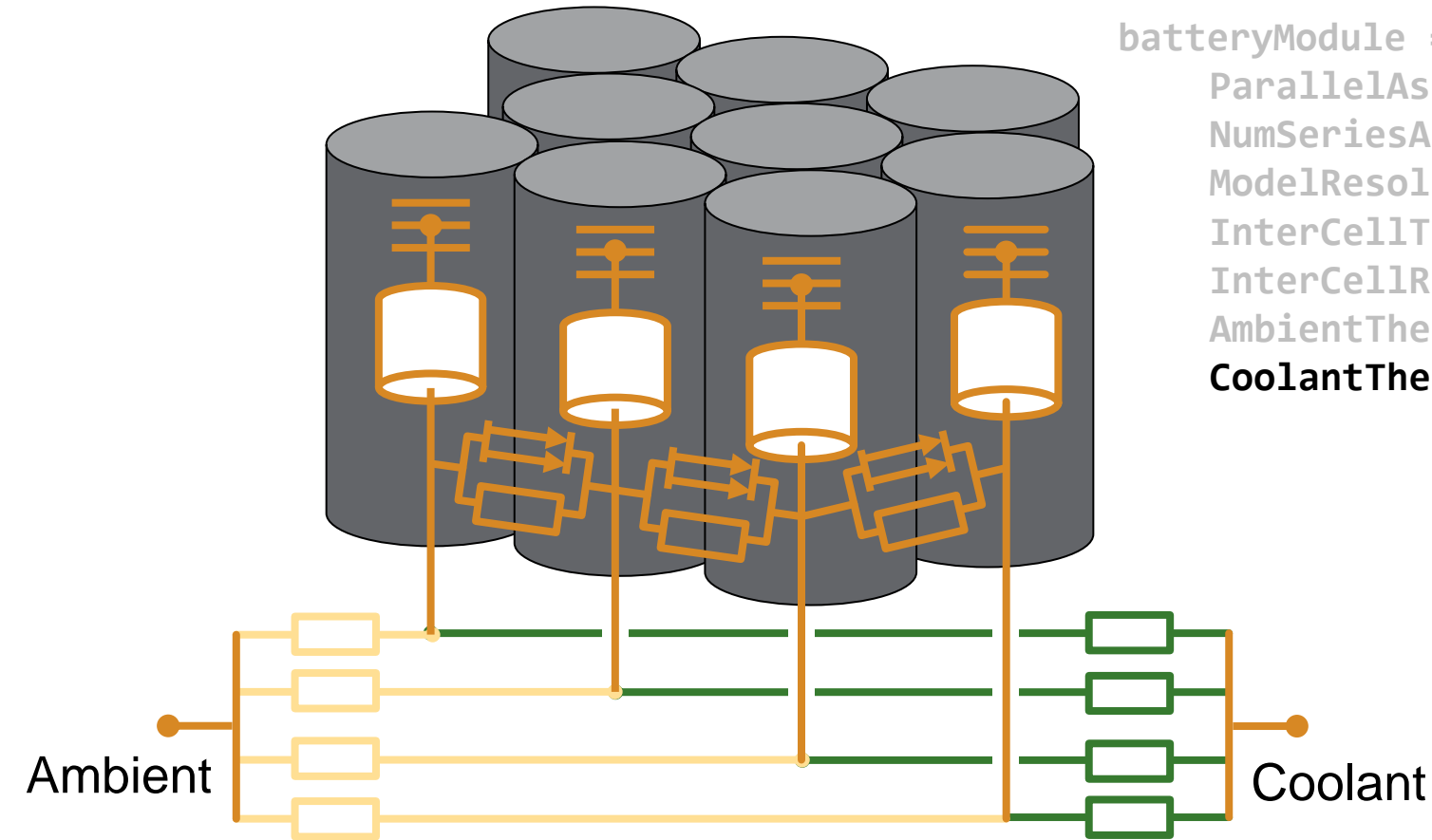
```
batteryModule = simscape.battery.builder.Module(...  
    ParallelAssembly = pAssembly,...  
    NumSeriesAssemblies = 3,...  
    ModelResolution = "Detailed",...  
    InterCellThermalPath = "on",...  
    InterCellRadiativeThermalPath = "on");
```


How are the Thermal Connections set up?



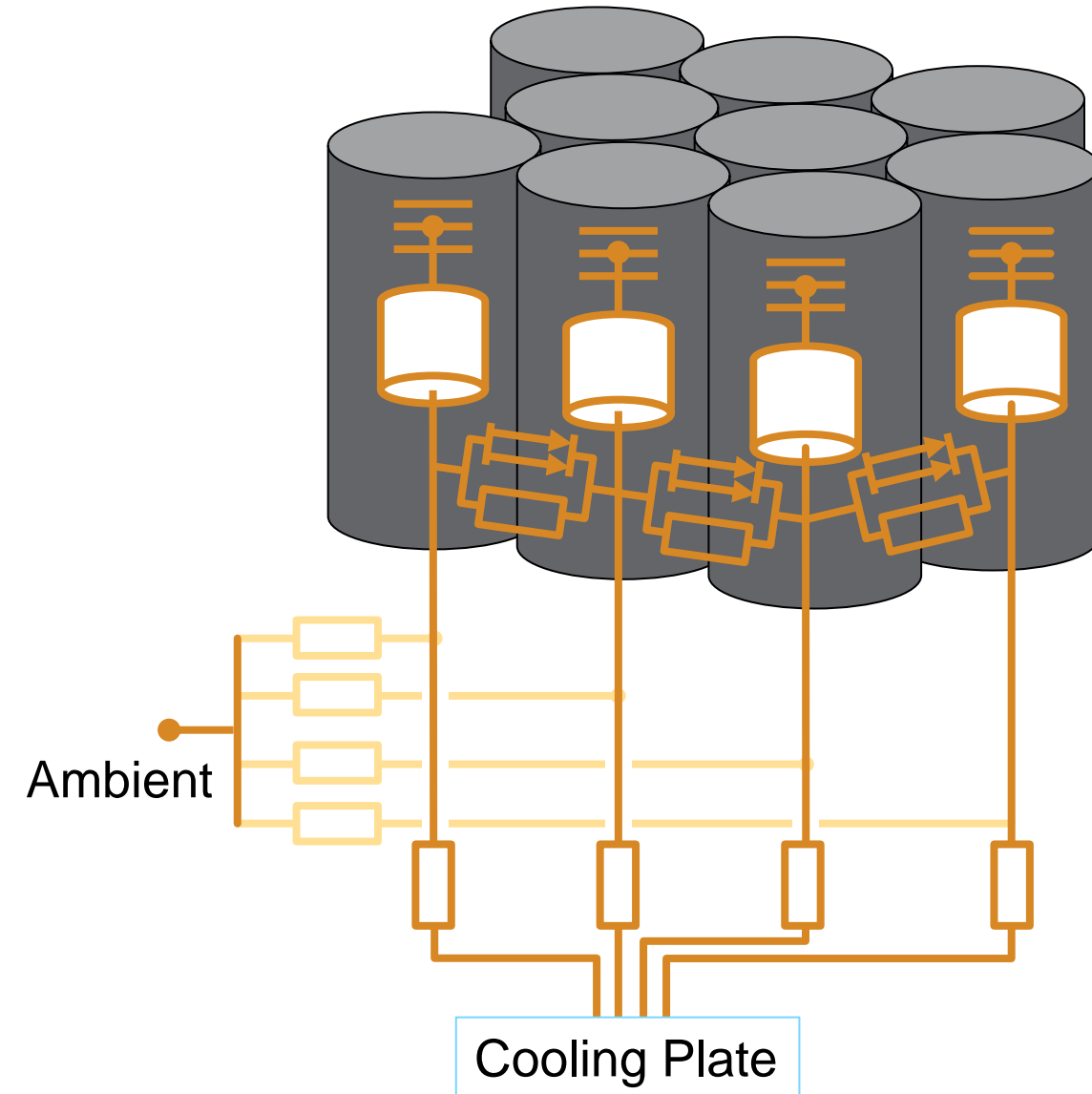
```
batteryModule = simscape.battery.builder.Module(...  
    ParallelAssembly = pAssembly,...  
    NumSeriesAssemblies = 3,...  
    ModelResolution = "Detailed",...  
    InterCellThermalPath = "on",...  
    InterCellRadiativeThermalPath = "on",...  
    AmbientThermalPath = "CellBasedThermalResistance");
```

How are the Thermal Connections set up?



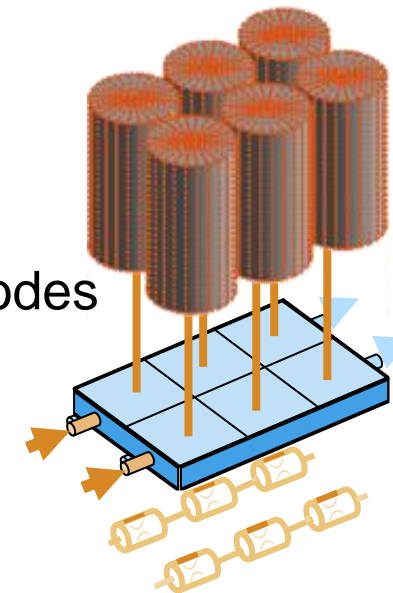
```
batteryModule = Simscape.Battery.Builder.Module(...  
    ParallelAssembly = pAssembly,...  
    NumSeriesAssemblies = 3,...  
    ModelResolution = "Detailed",...  
    InterCellThermalPath = "on",...  
    InterCellRadiativeThermalPath = "on",...  
    AmbientThermalPath = "CellBasedThermalResistance",...  
    CoolantThermalPath = "CellBasedThermalResistance");
```

And the Cooling Plates?



```
batteryModule = Simscape.Battery.Builder.Module(...
    ParallelAssembly = pAssembly,...
    NumSeriesAssemblies = 3,...
    ModelResolution = "Detailed",...
    InterCellThermalPath = "on",...
    InterCellRadiativeThermalPath = "on",...
    AmbientThermalPath = "CellBasedThermalResistance",...
    CoolantThermalPath = "CellBasedThermalResistance",...
    CoolingPlate = "Bottom",...
    CoolingPlateBlockPath = ...
    "batt_lib/Thermal/Parallel Channels");
```

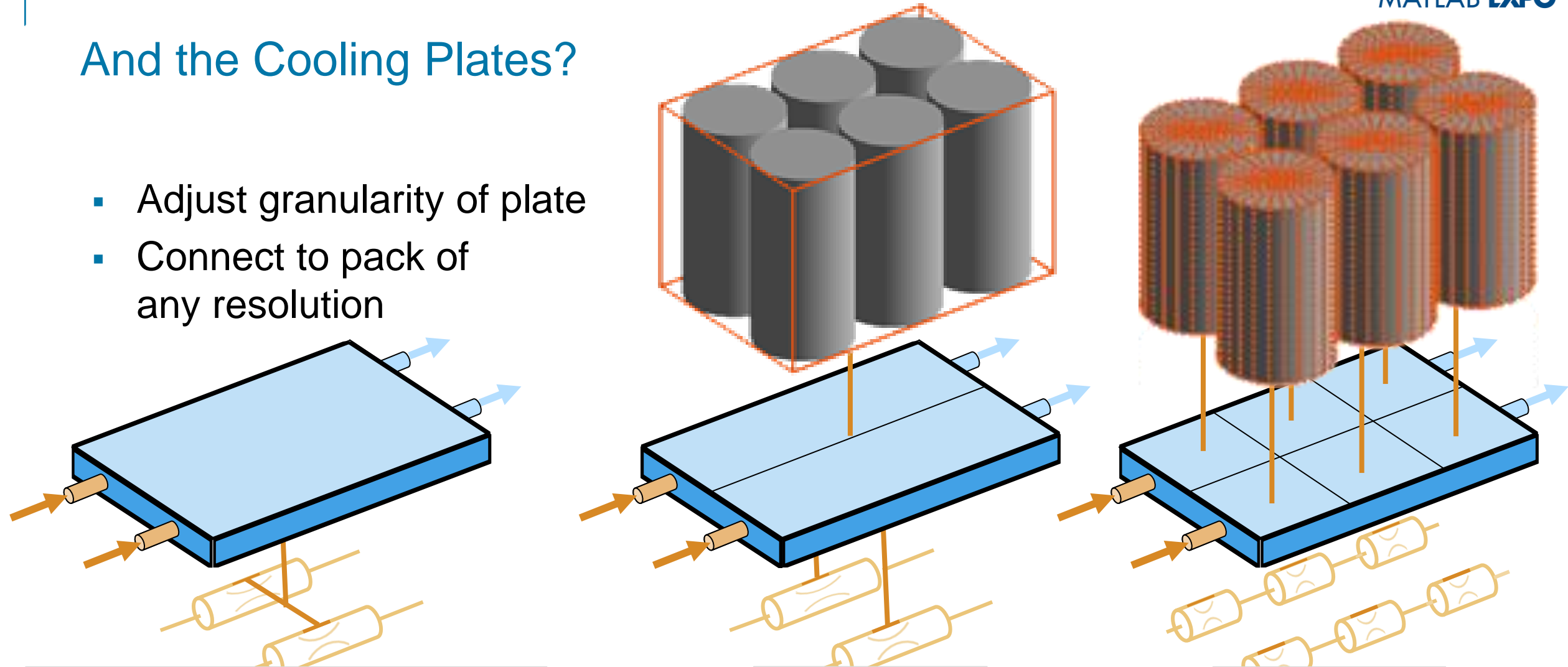
Array of
thermal nodes



Discretized plate and
cooling channels

And the Cooling Plates?

- Adjust granularity of plate
- Connect to pack of any resolution



Block Parameters: Parallel Channels	
Interface	
Number of partitions in X dimension ...	1
Number of partitions in Y dimension ...	1
Plate Material	

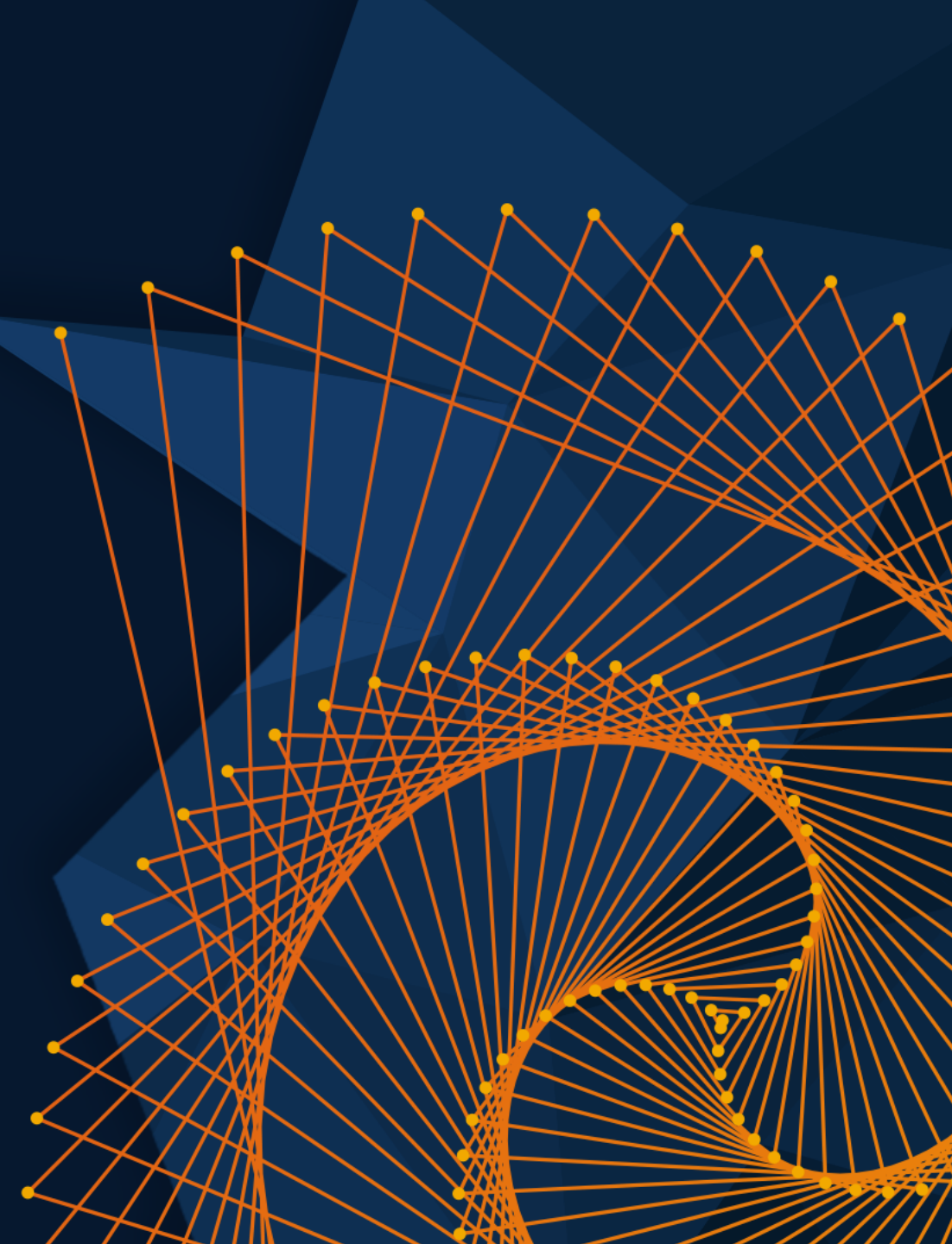
X dimension ...	2
Y dimension ...	1

X dimension ...	2
Y dimension ...	3

MATLAB EXPO

July 11th, 2024, Bangalore

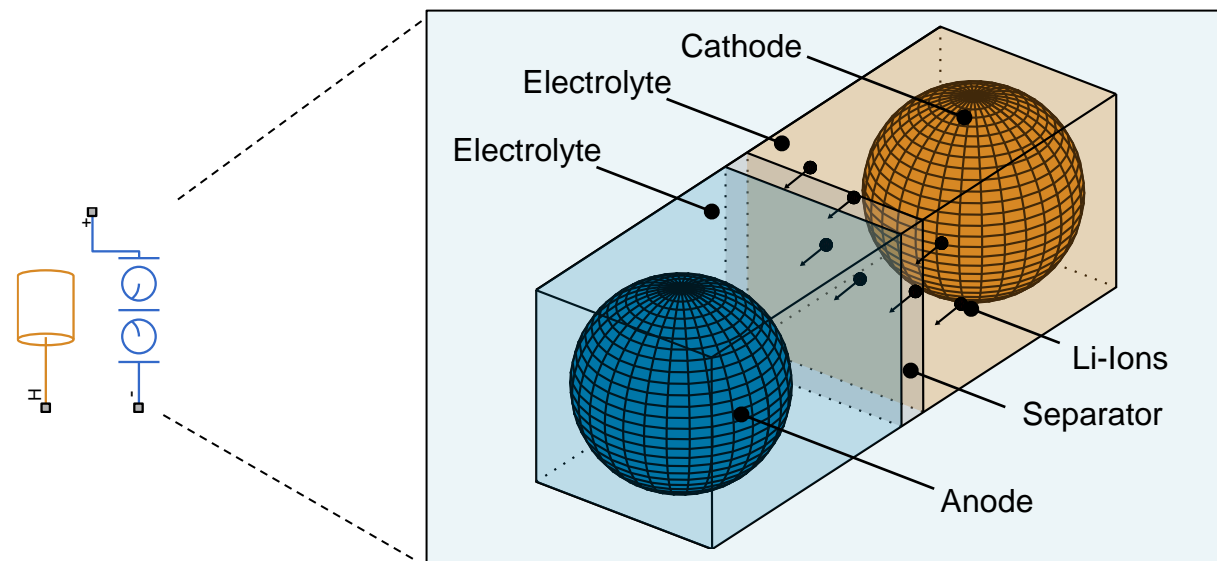
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Electrochemical Cell Model for higher accuracy

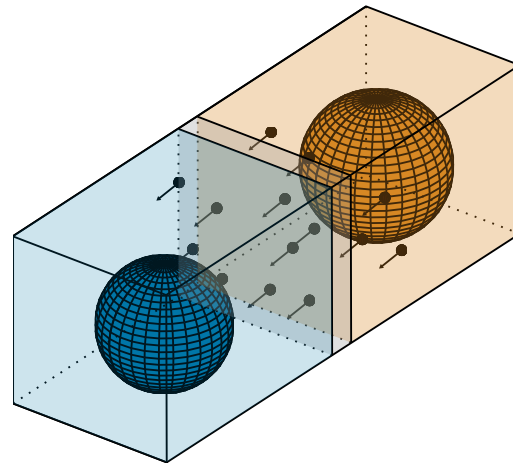
Electrochemical Model

- [Single Particle Model \(SPM\)](#)
- Improved accuracy & balanced complexity
- Requires detailed parameters



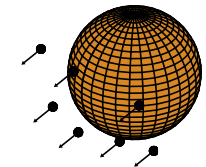
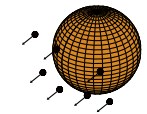
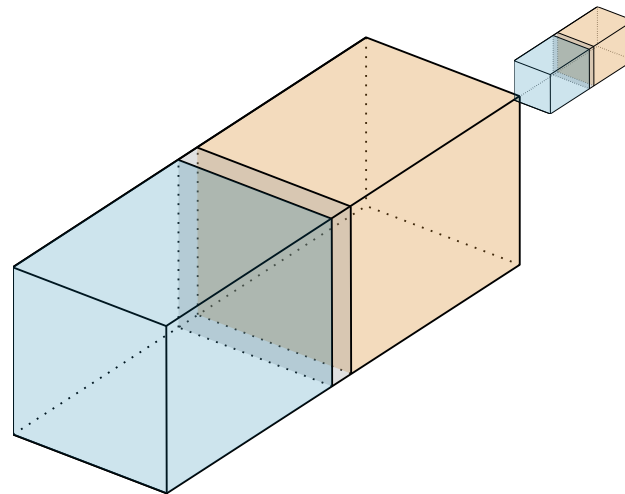
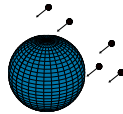
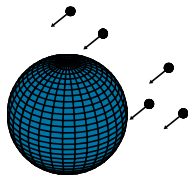
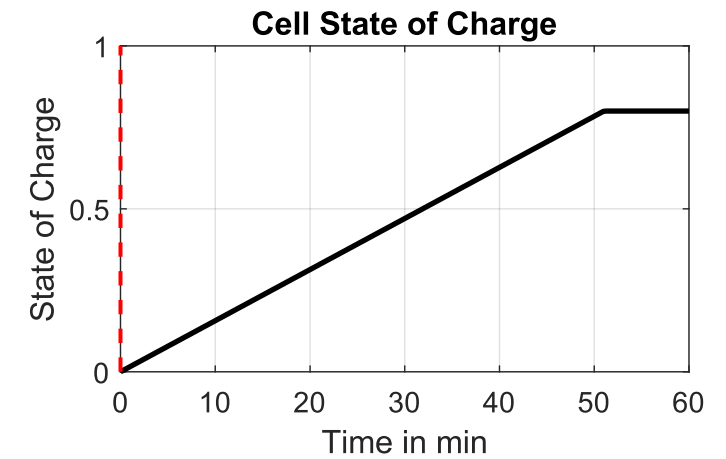
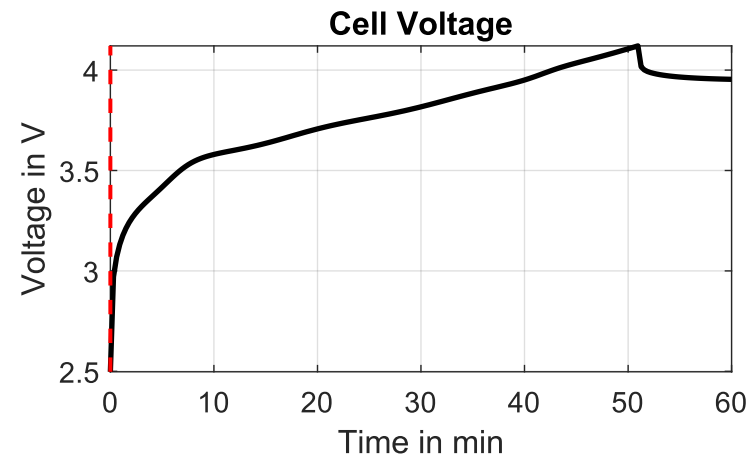
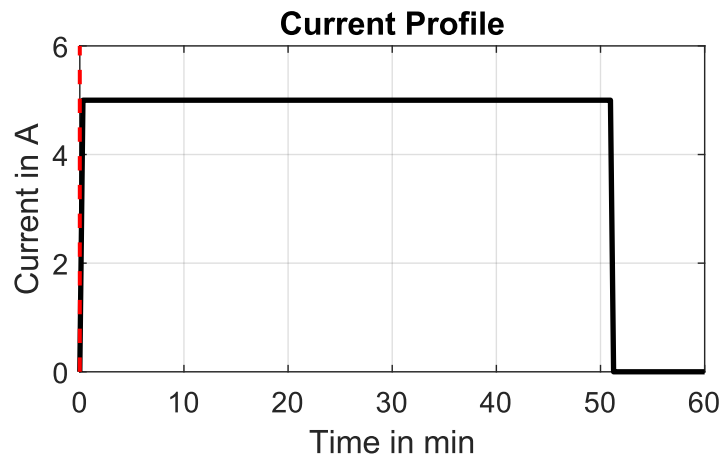
Understanding the Electrochemical Model (SPM)

Charging procedure (from 0% to 80% SOC)



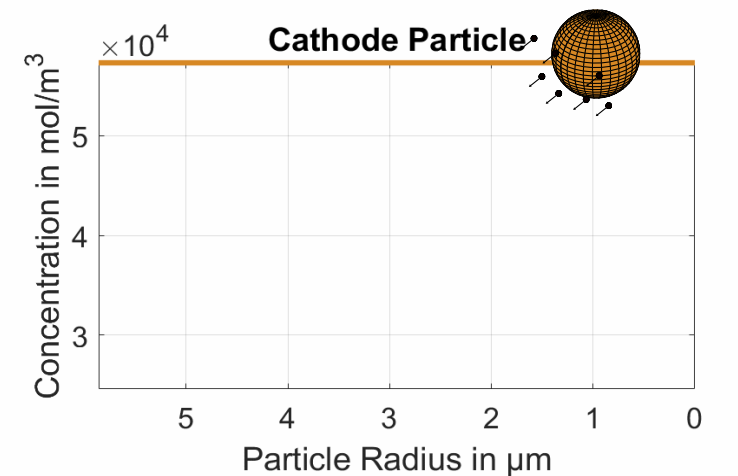
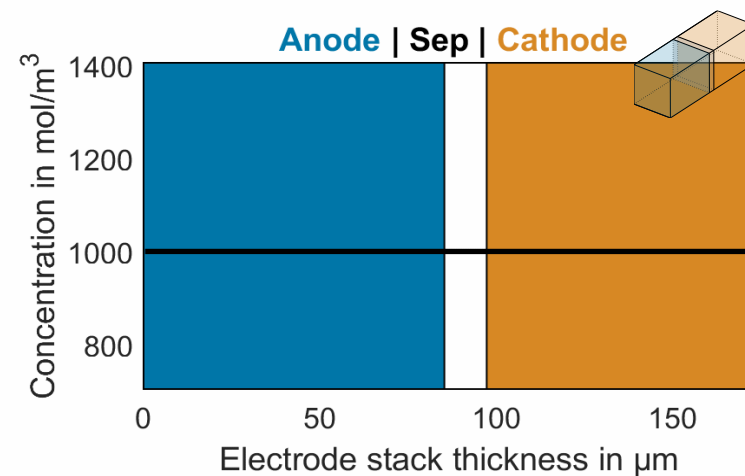
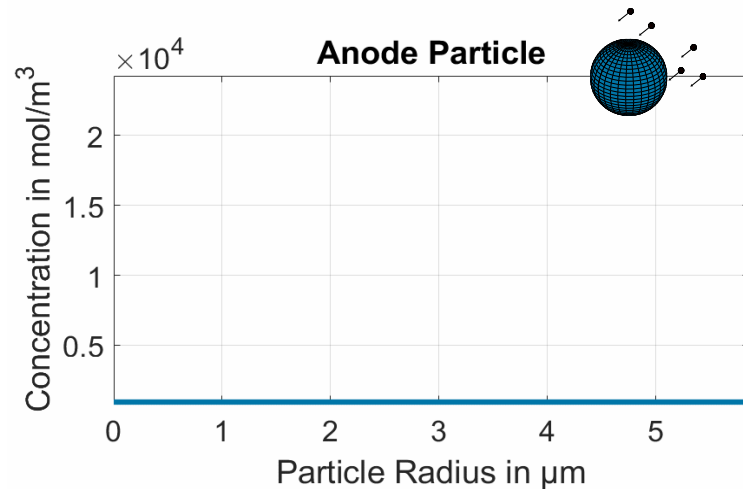
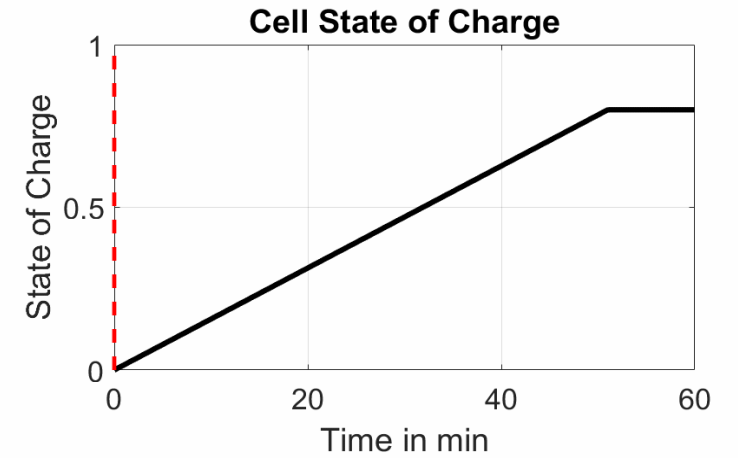
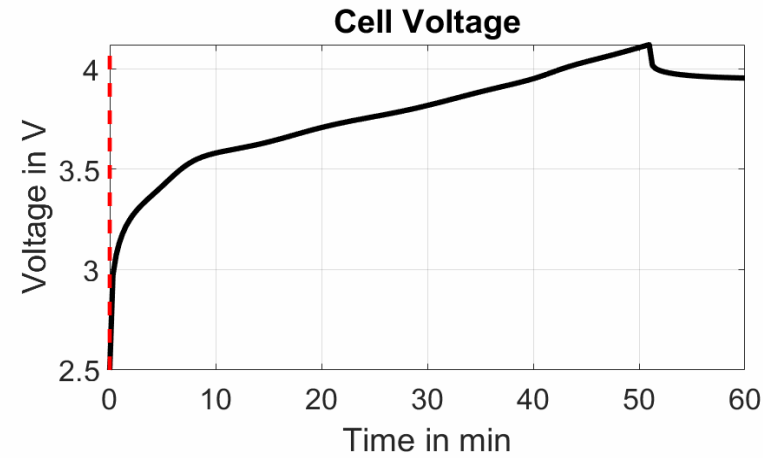
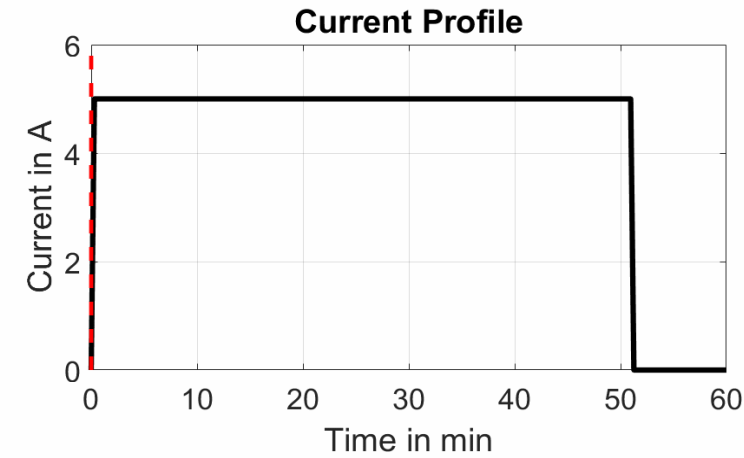
Understanding the Electrochemical Model (SPM)

Charging procedure (from 0% to 80% SOC)



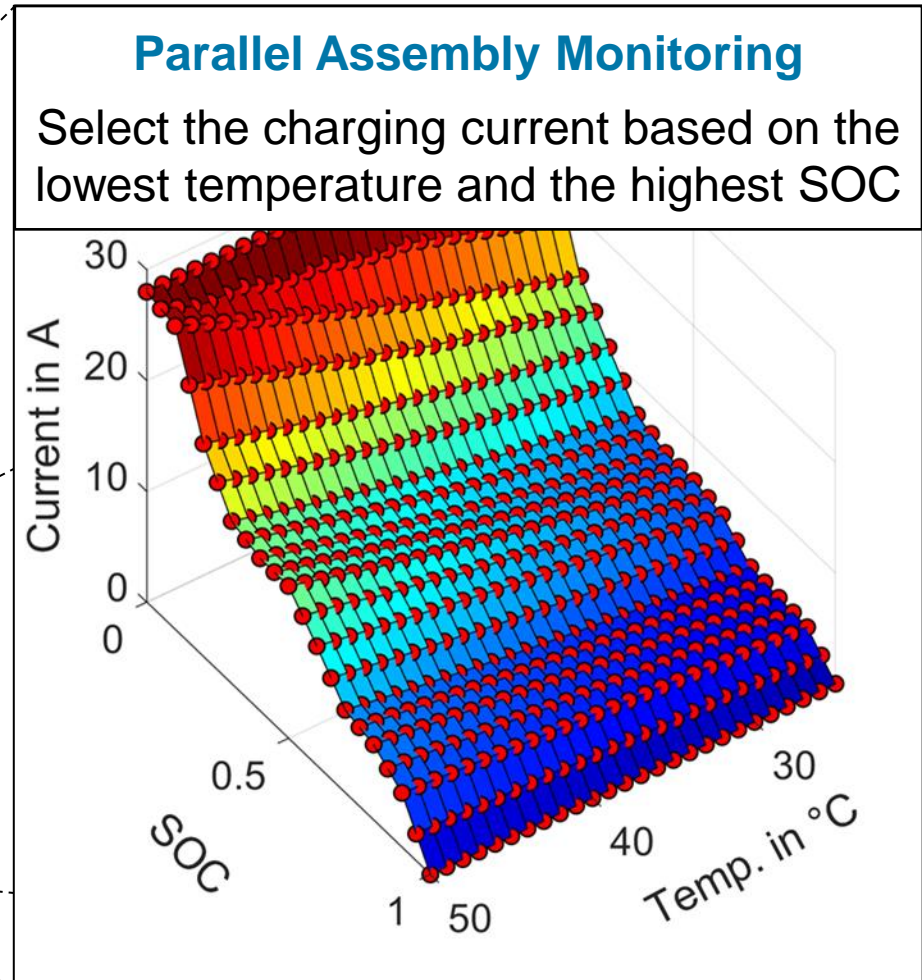
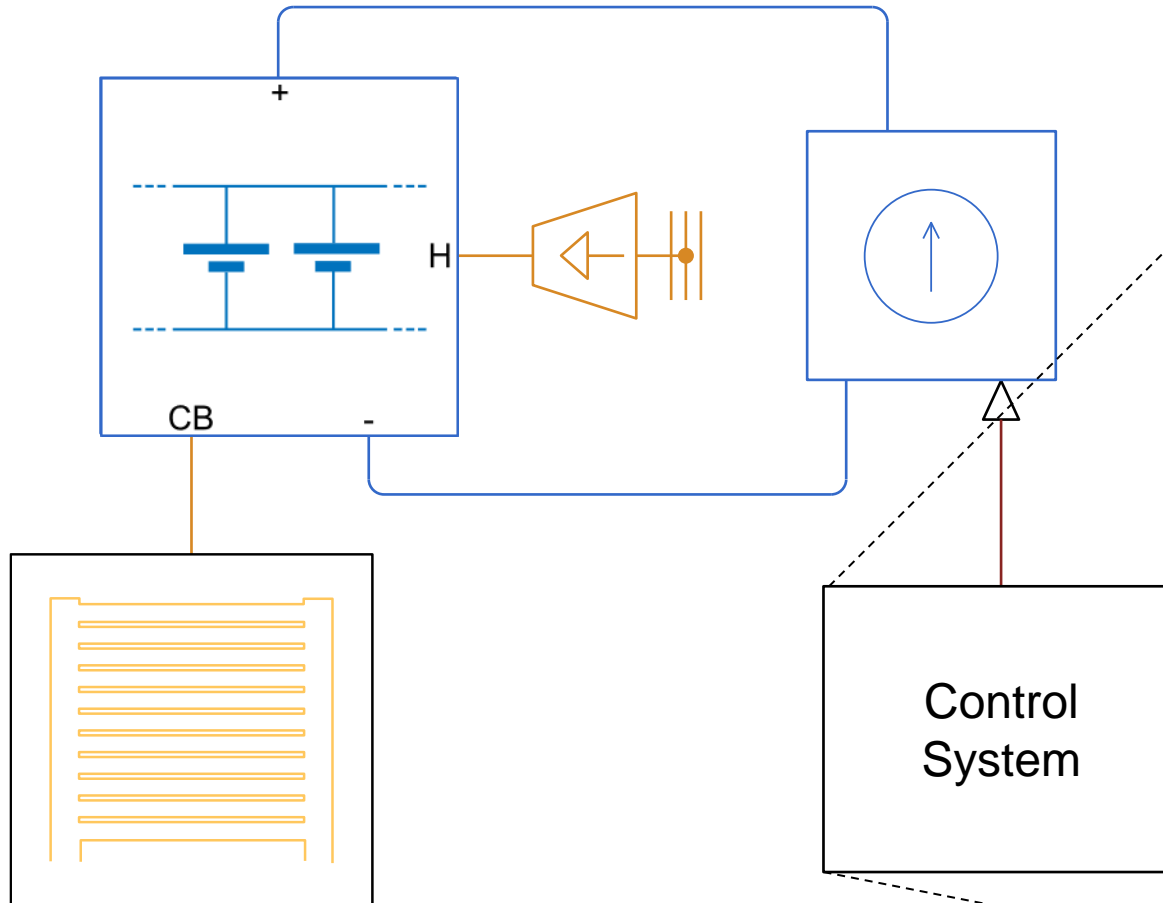
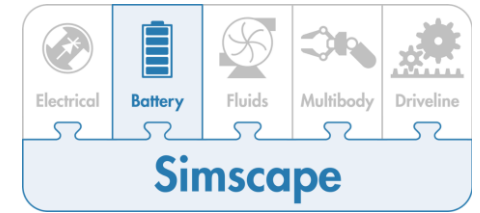
Understanding the Electrochemical Model (SPM)

Charging procedure (from 0% to 80% SOC)

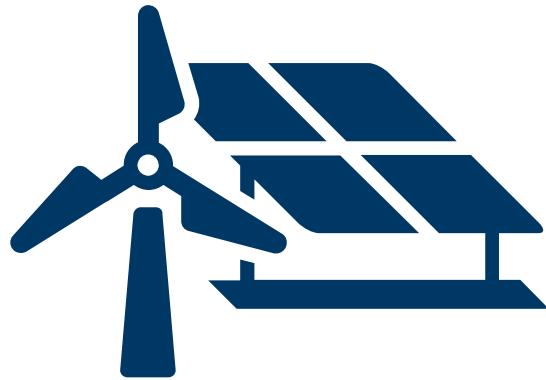


Use SPM model to identify safe operating range

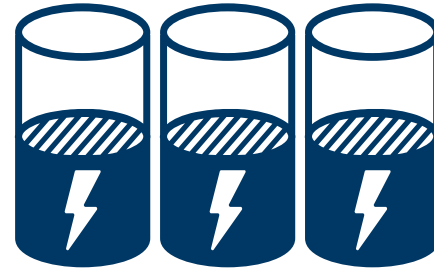
Parallel assembly fast charge



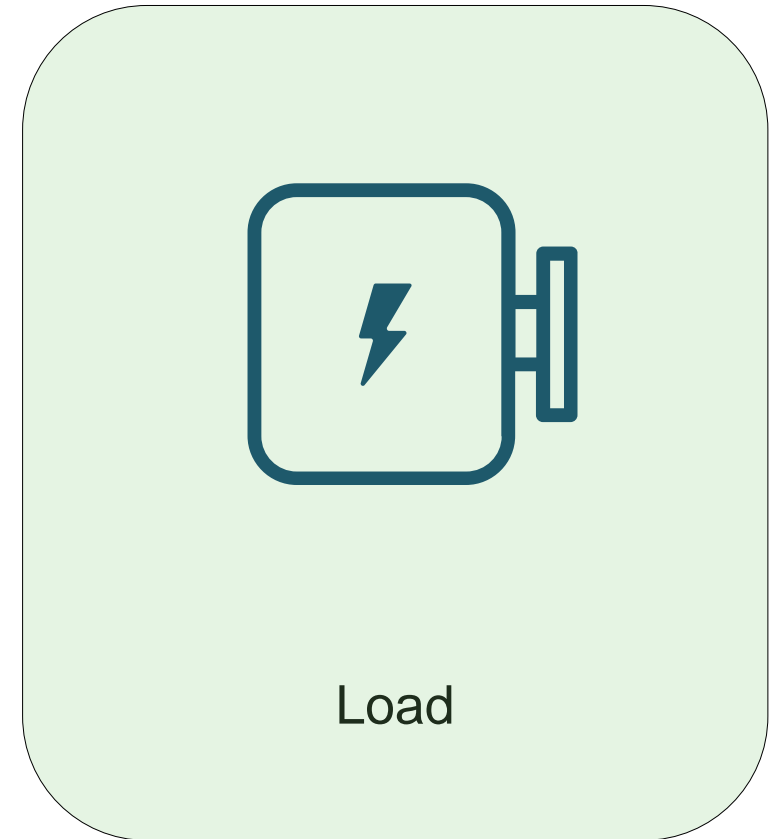
To be decided



Renewable Integration



Energy Storage

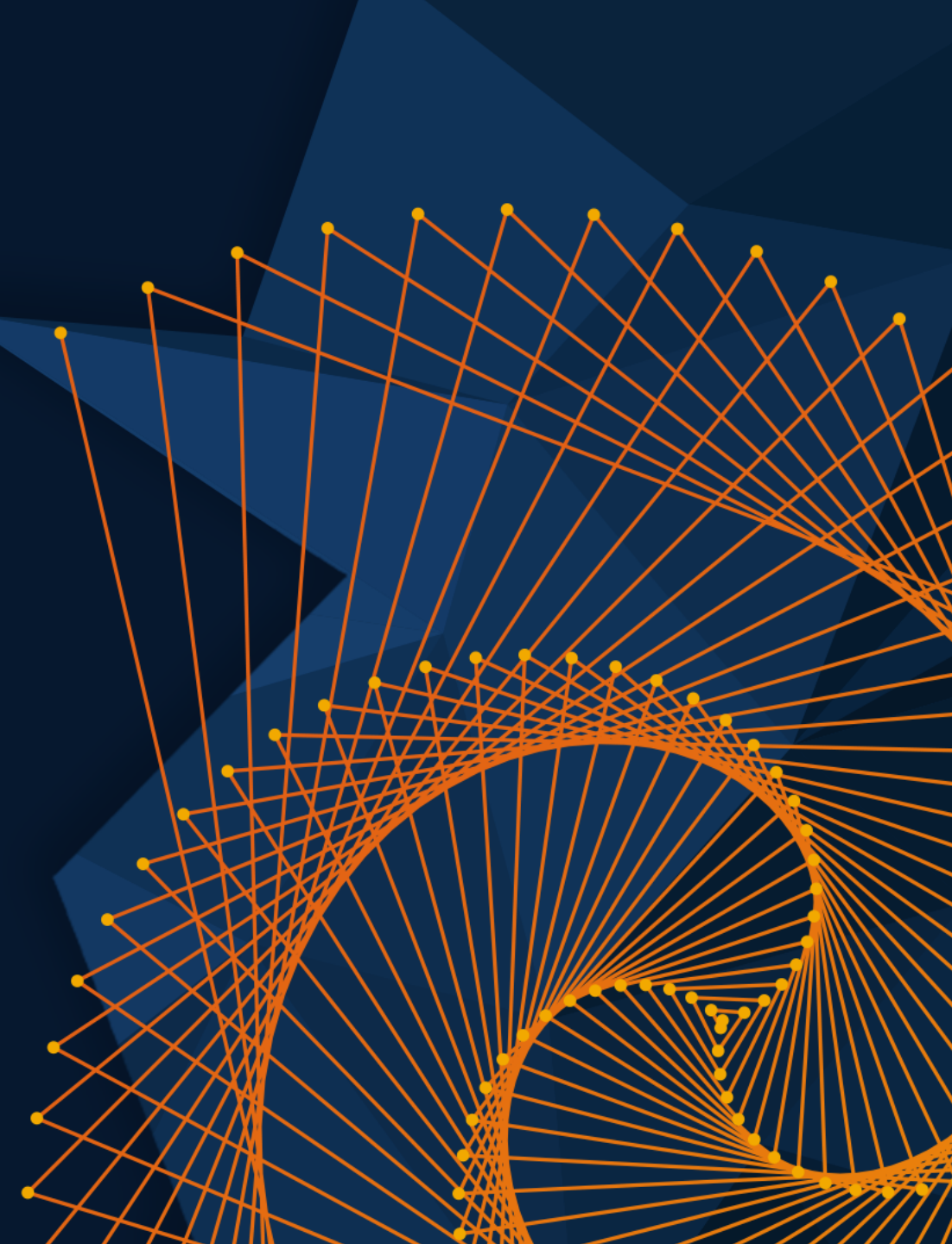


Load

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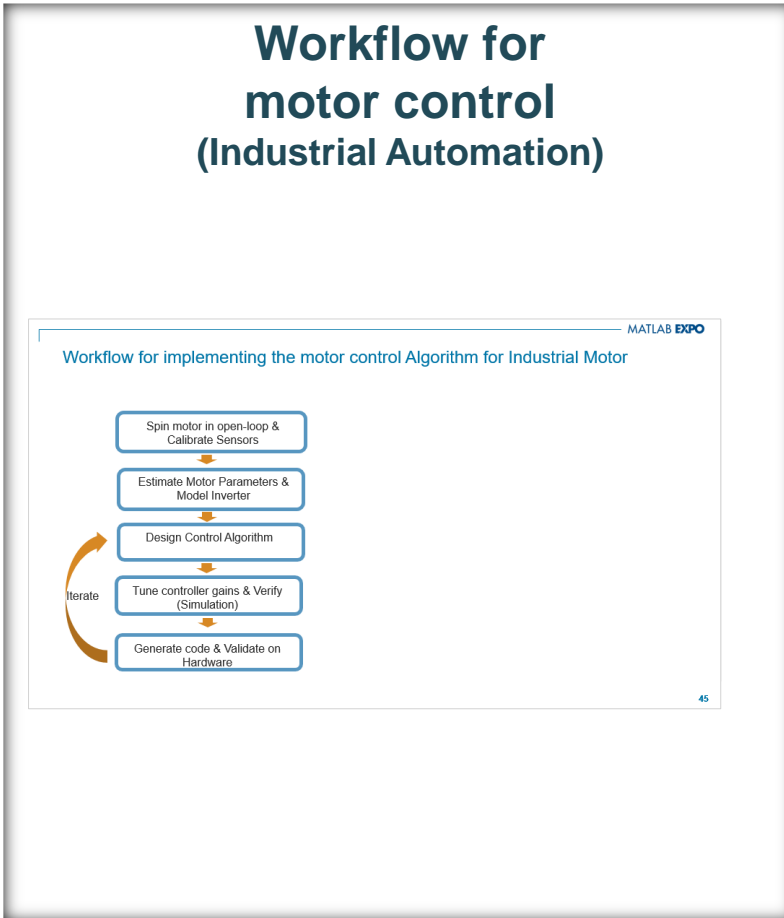
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Addressing Challenges of Meeting Net-Zero Goals with Simulation and Model-Based Design

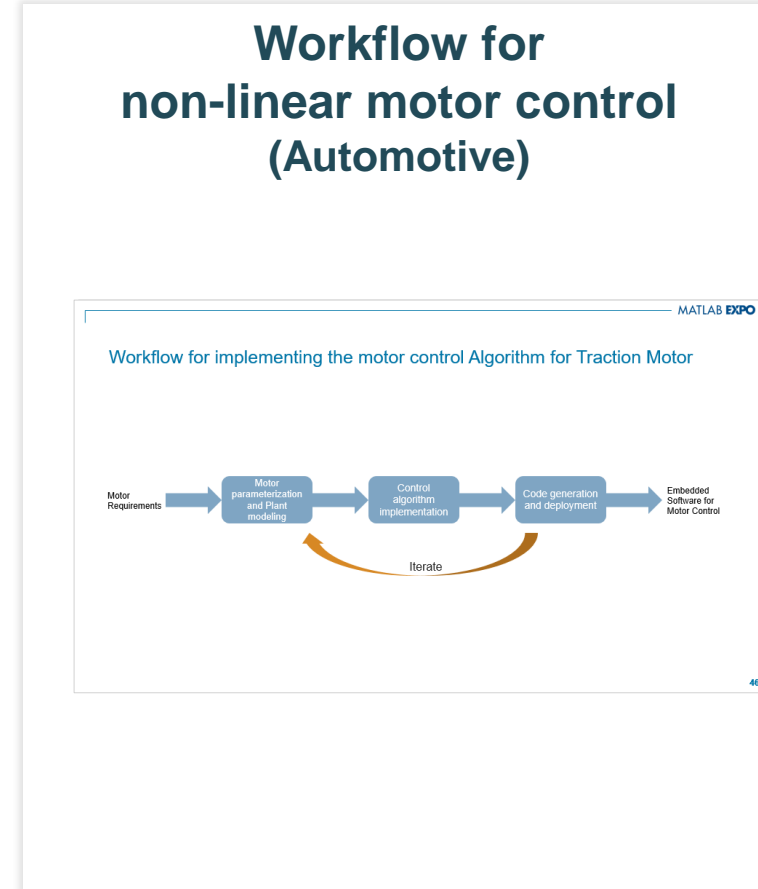


Two major workflows for motor control implementation

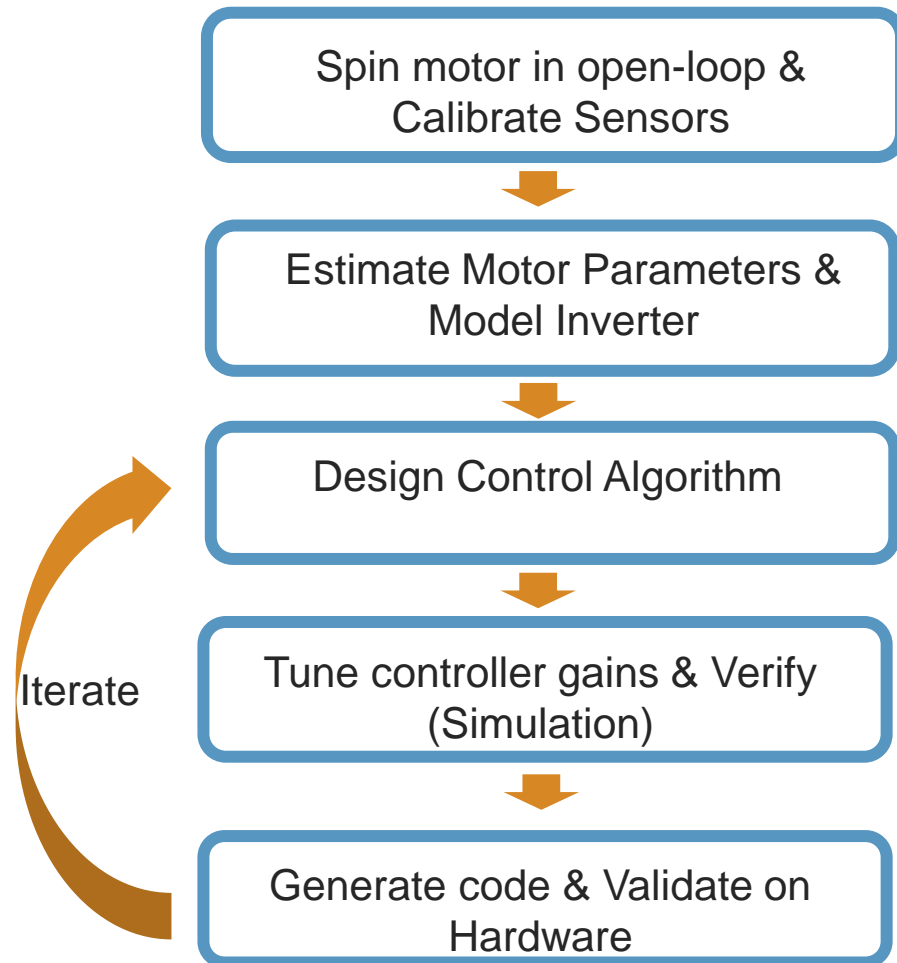
Workflow for motor control (Industrial Automation)



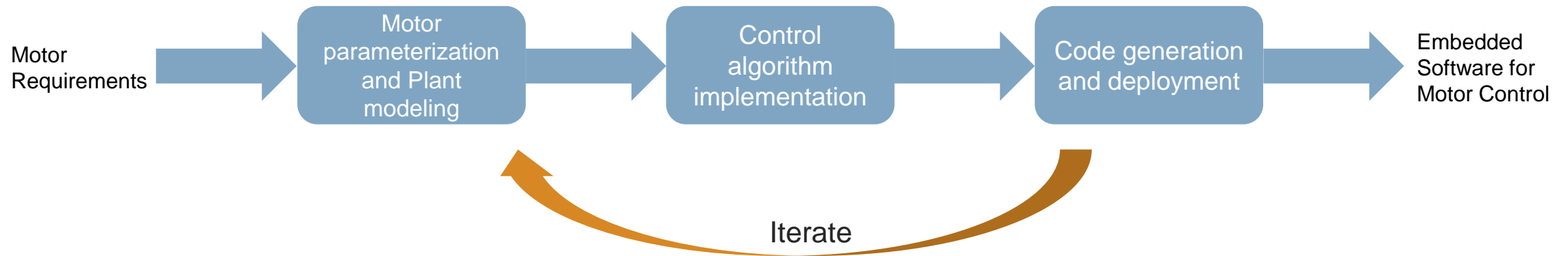
Workflow for non-linear motor control (Automotive)



Workflow for implementing the motor control Algorithm for Industrial Motor



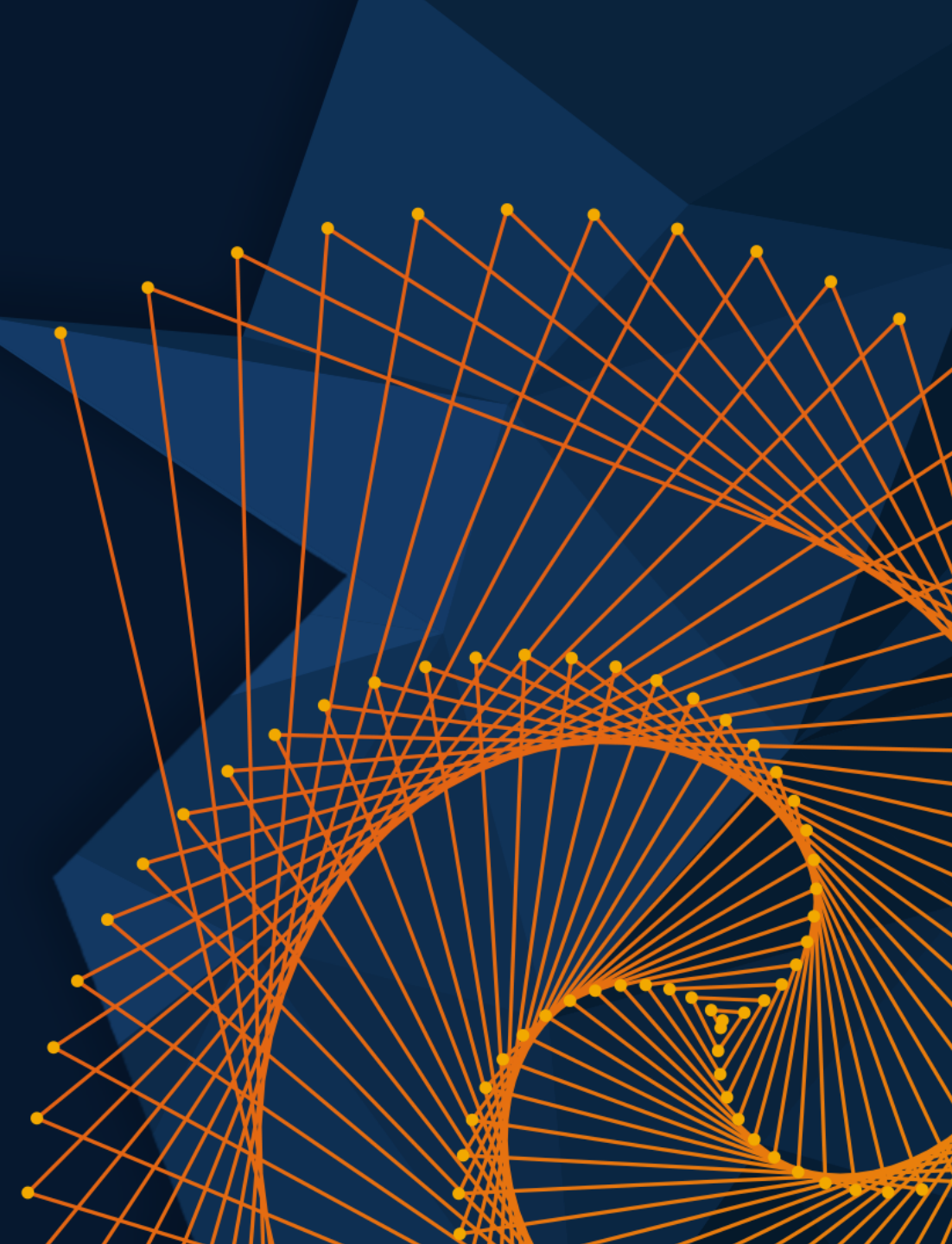
Workflow for implementing the motor control Algorithm for Traction Motor



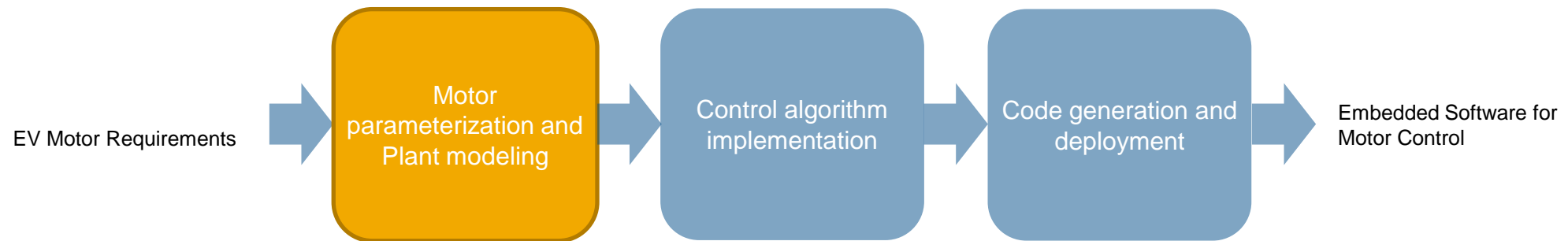
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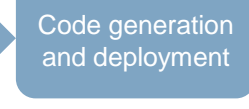
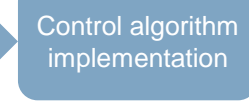
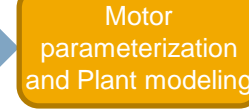


Parameterize IPMSM (non-linear motor model) using dyno test

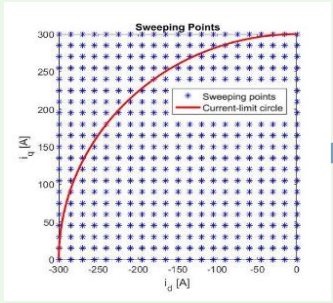


Parameterize motor using dyno test

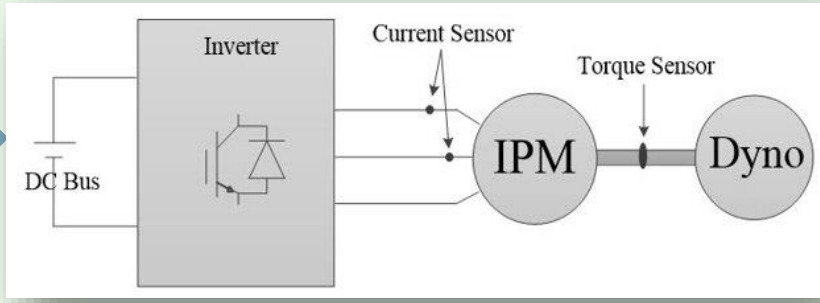
EV Motor Requirements



Embedded Software for Motor Control



Sweep Idq ref



Motor load setup (Dyno)

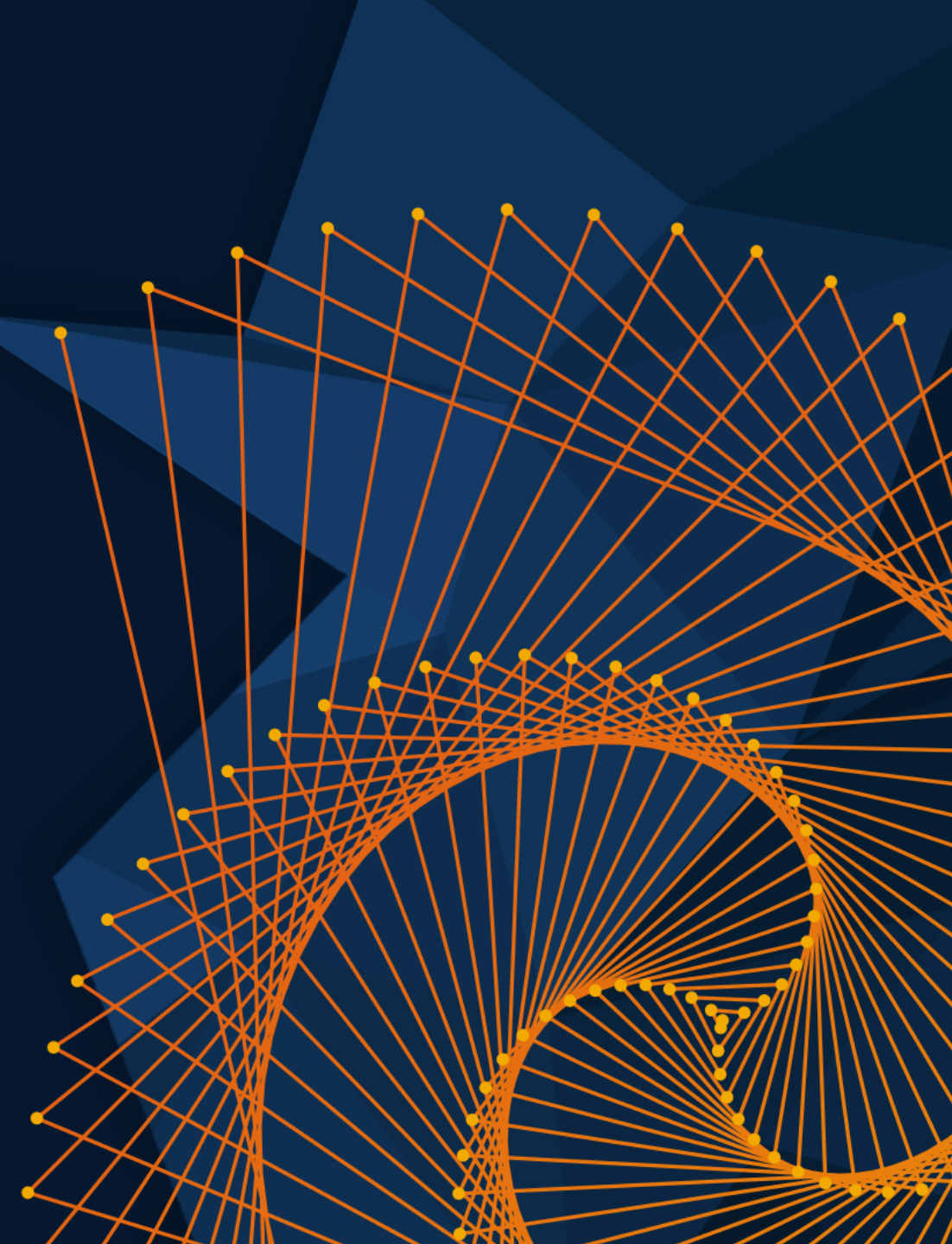
NAME	VALUE
Modeling option	3-D flux linkage data No thermal port
Electrical	
Flux linkage data format	A-phase flux linkage as a function of peak current mag
Winding type	Wye-wound
Expose neutral port	Yes
Number of pole pairs	numPoles/2
Peak current magnitude vector, I	Vector_CurrentAmplitude A
Current advance angle vector, B	Vector_AdvanceAngle deg
Rotor angle vector, theta	Vector_RotorAngle deg
A-phase flux linkage, F(I,B,theta)	Table_Flux Wb
Torque matrix, T(I,B,theta)	Table_Torque Nm
Interpolation method	Linear
Stator resistance per phase, Rs	pmsm.Rs Ohm
Stator zero-sequence inductance, L0	0.00016 H
Iron Losses	

Update measured value in motor model

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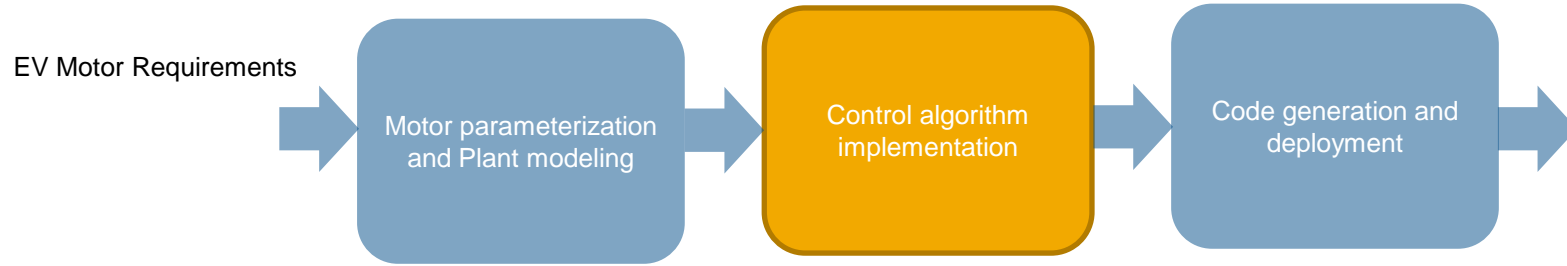
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Addressing Challenges of Meeting Net-Zero Goals with Simulation and Model-Based Design

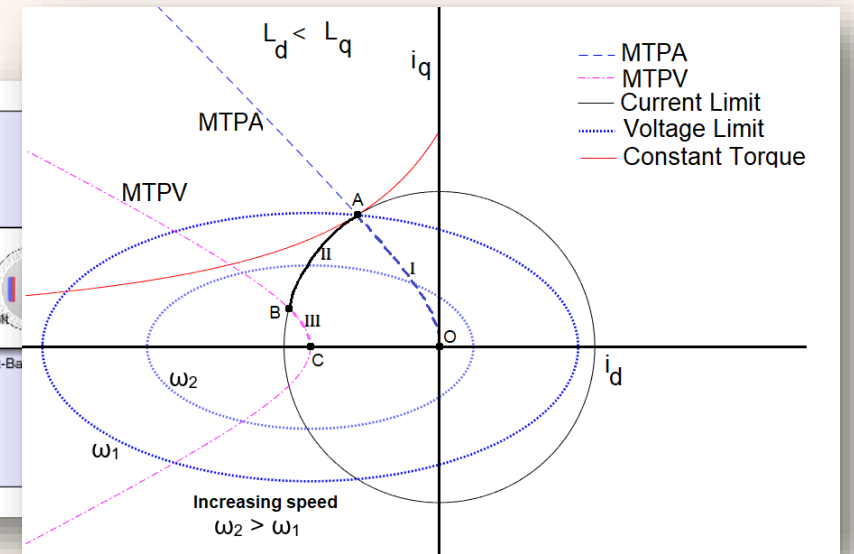
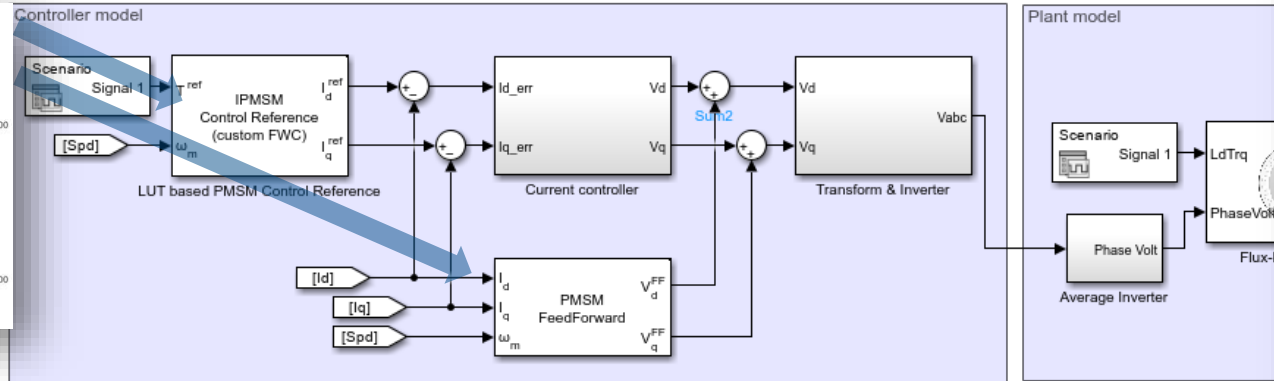
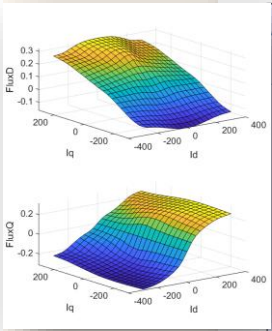


Compute reference current to achieve MTPA, field-weakening control and MTPV

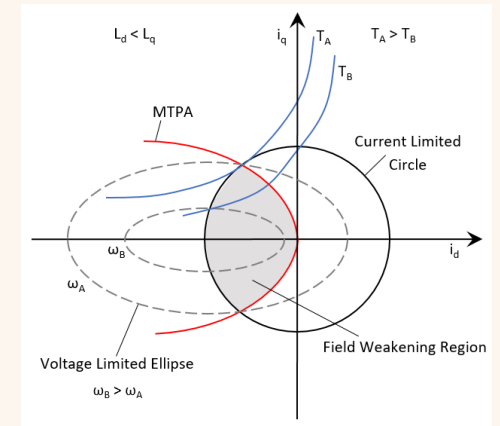
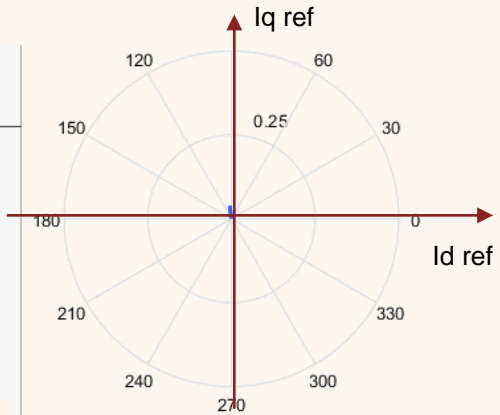
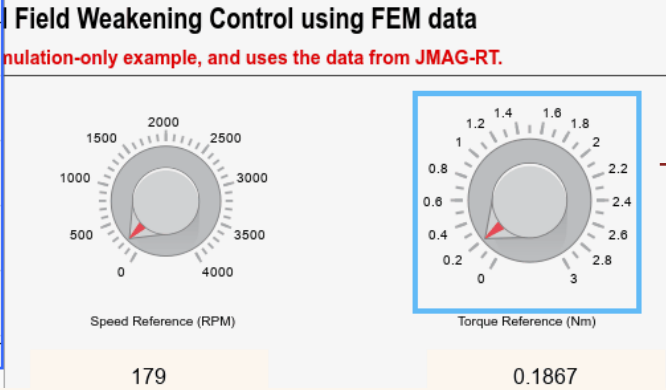
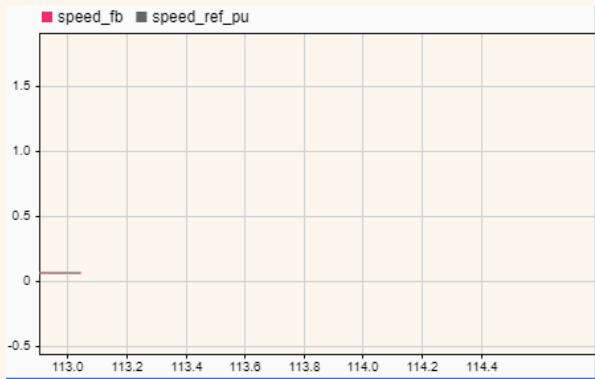
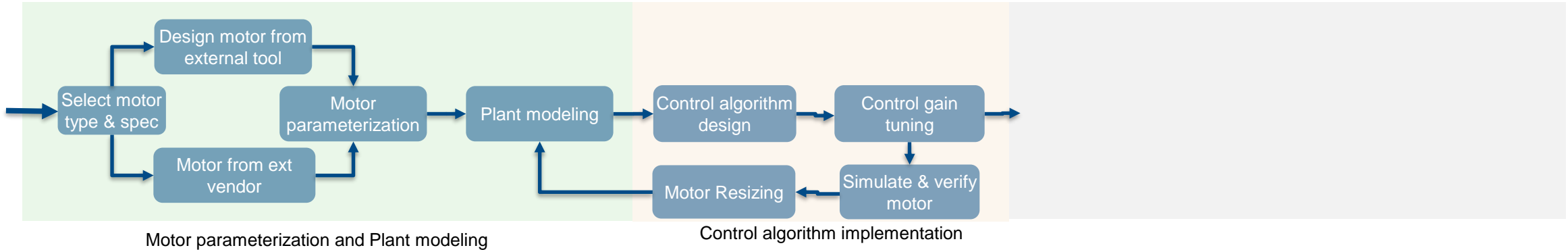
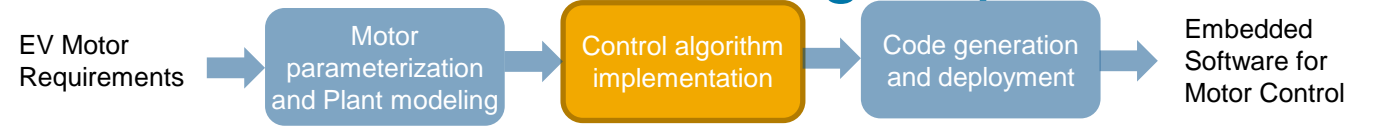
Embedded Software for Motor Control



Test data from motor load test



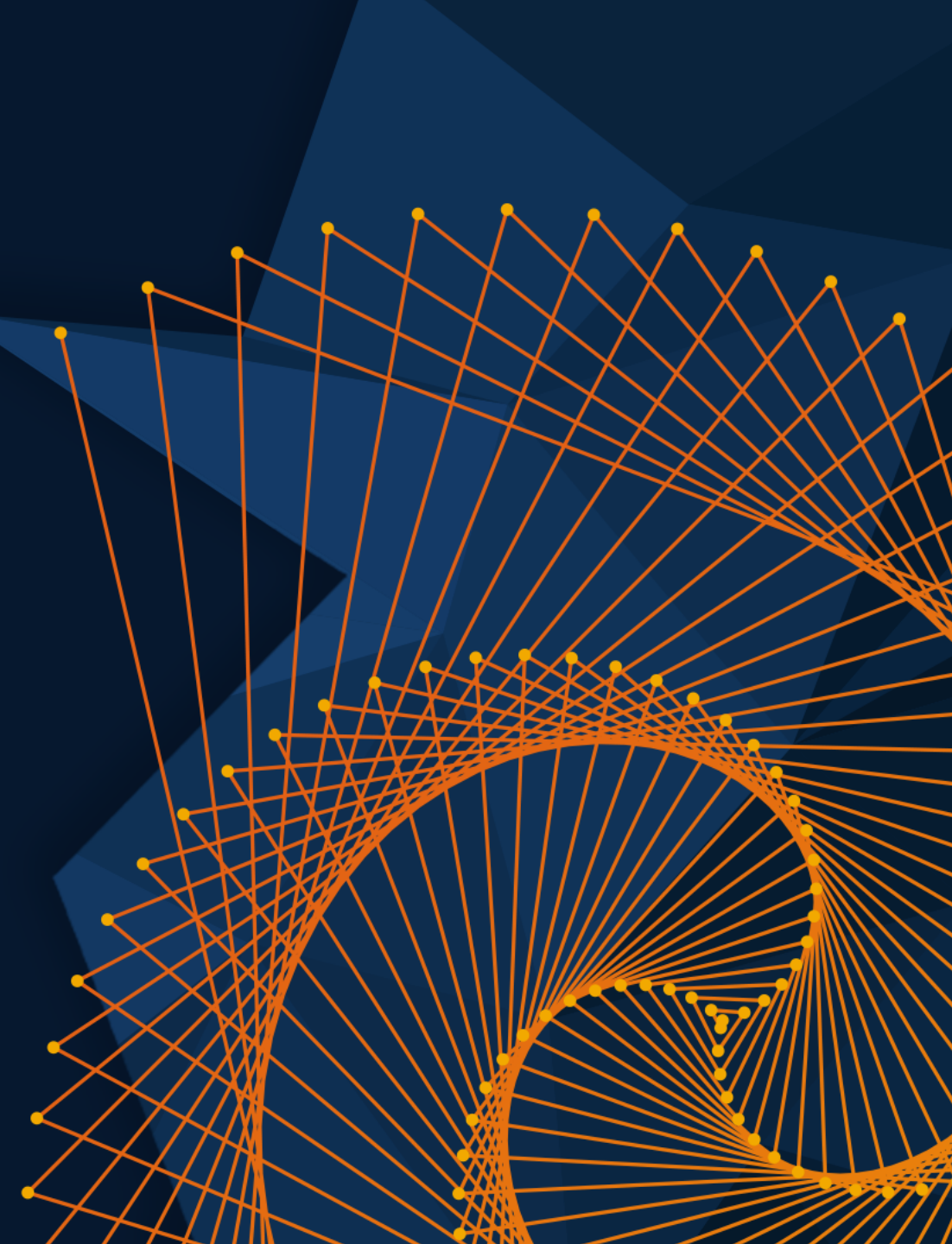
Simulate field-weakening control and validate motor sizing requirement



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Addressing Challenges of Meeting Net-Zero Goals with Simulation and Model-Based Design



Increasing use of electric vehicles requires addressing many questions to ensure infrastructure is ready

Will the grid support the additional load from increasing EVs?

Where should new charging stations be placed?



Primary concerns:
Reducing risk, building confidence

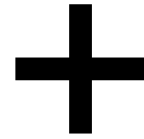


How to adapt for renewable energy sources?

What size storage and solar units do we need?

Techno-economic analysis and optimization are needed to address these challenges

Technical



Economic

Example Considerations



- Storage sizing
- Equipment degradation
- Contingency planning
- Safety limits
- System efficiency

Example Considerations



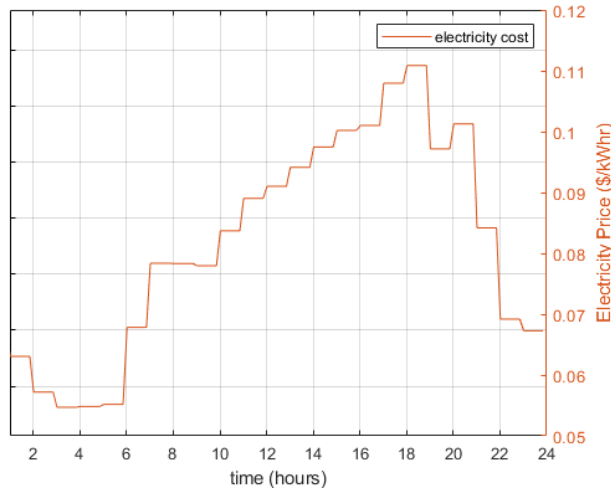
- Energy prices
- Equipment costs
- Maintenance costs
- Business commitments
- Energy trading

Benefits

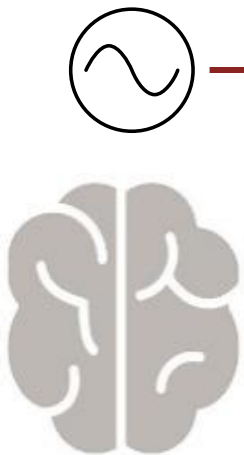
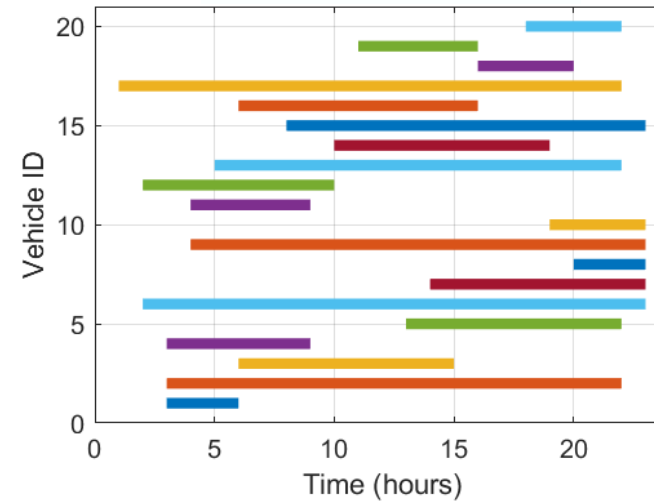
- Reduce risk, increase profitability, build confidence
- Understand system performance over time
- Identify problematic factors and optimize design and operation
- Automate decision-making and design for complex scenarios

Minimize total cost of electricity in an EV charging hub

Grid Cost

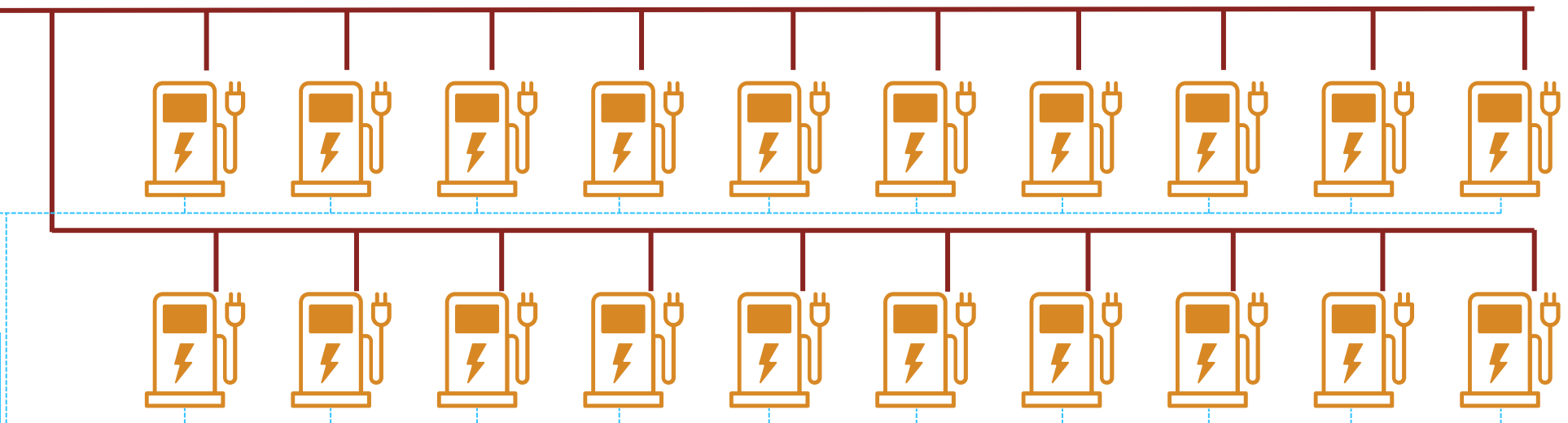


Plug-In Time



Algorithms

1. Constant Charge
2. Smart Charge



Describe the components of the optimization problem

Input Data:

1. Grid Cost
2. Plug-in time

Design Variables:

1. Power flow
2. Power cost / revenue

Constraints:

1. $\min \leq \text{gridPower} \leq \max$
2. $\sum \text{storagePower} + \text{loadPower} = \text{gridPower}$
3. $\min \leq \text{SOC} \leq \max$
4. $\text{SOC}_{\text{final}} = 1$

Optimization Objective

Minimize total cost of electricity

Implement the optimization problem

- Variable example:

```
gridPower = optimvar("gridPower",no_steps,1,"LowerBound",-0.2*no_units,"UpperBound",2*no_units);
```

- Constraint example:

```
prob.Constraints.powerBalance = sum(storagePower,2) + loadPower' == gridPower;
```

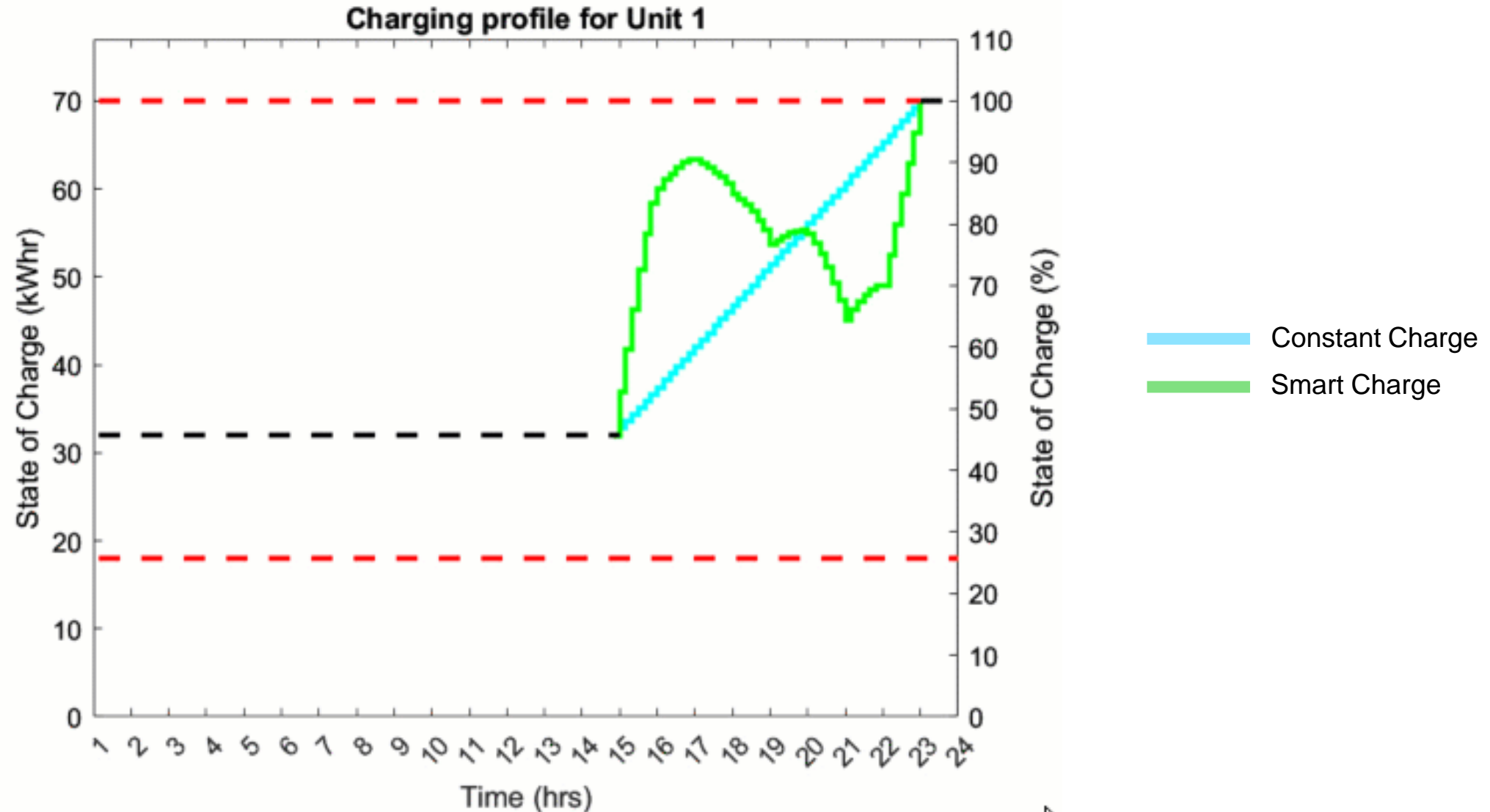
- Objective example:

```
prob.Objective = gridPower'*price;
```

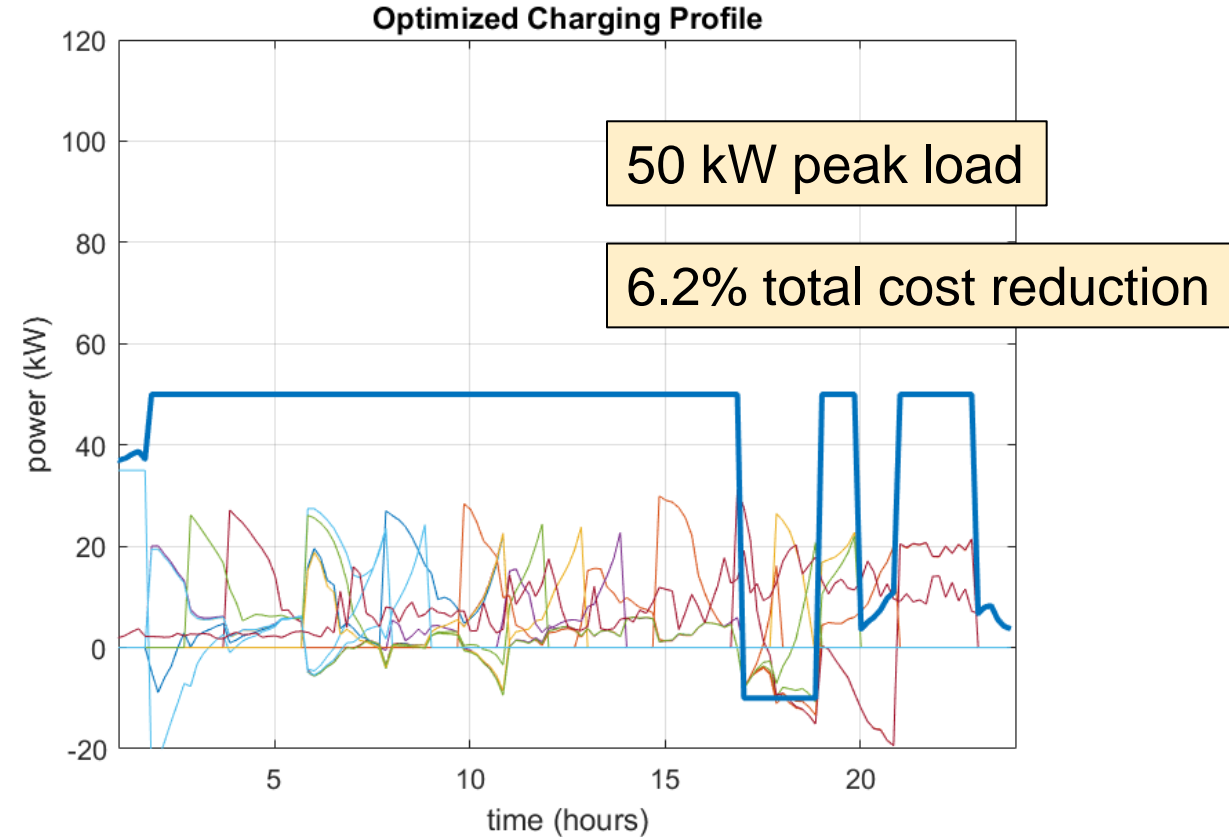
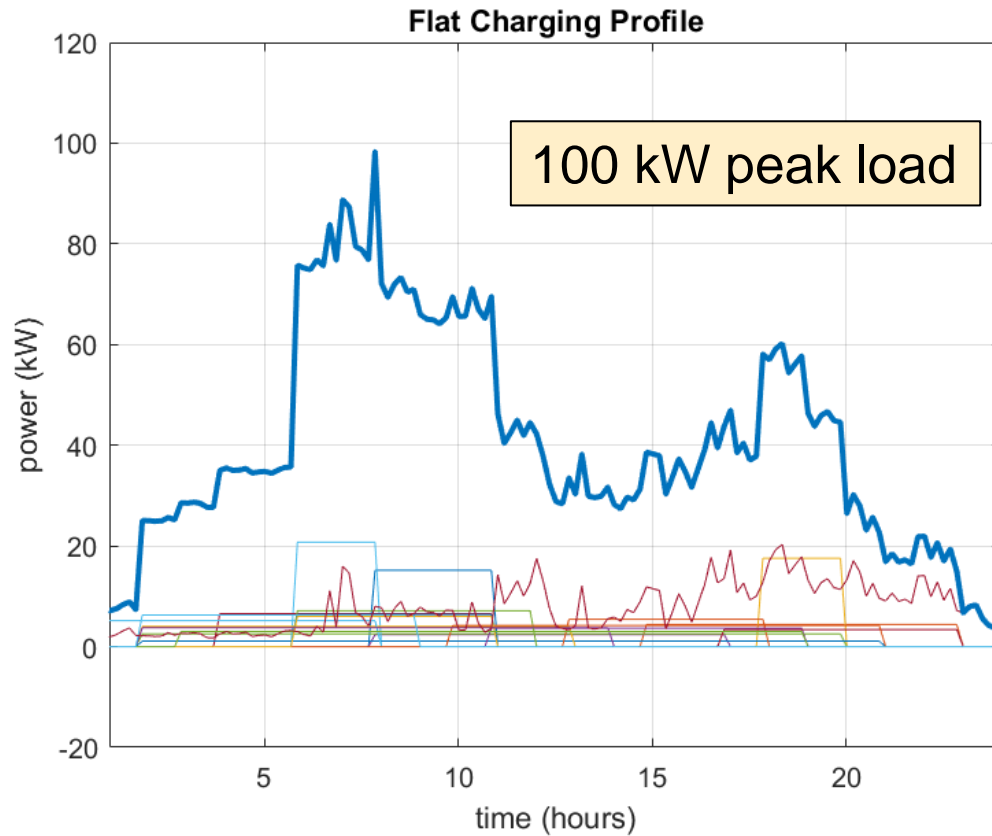
- Solve problem

```
[sol,fval,exitflag,output] = solve(prob,"Options",optlin)
```

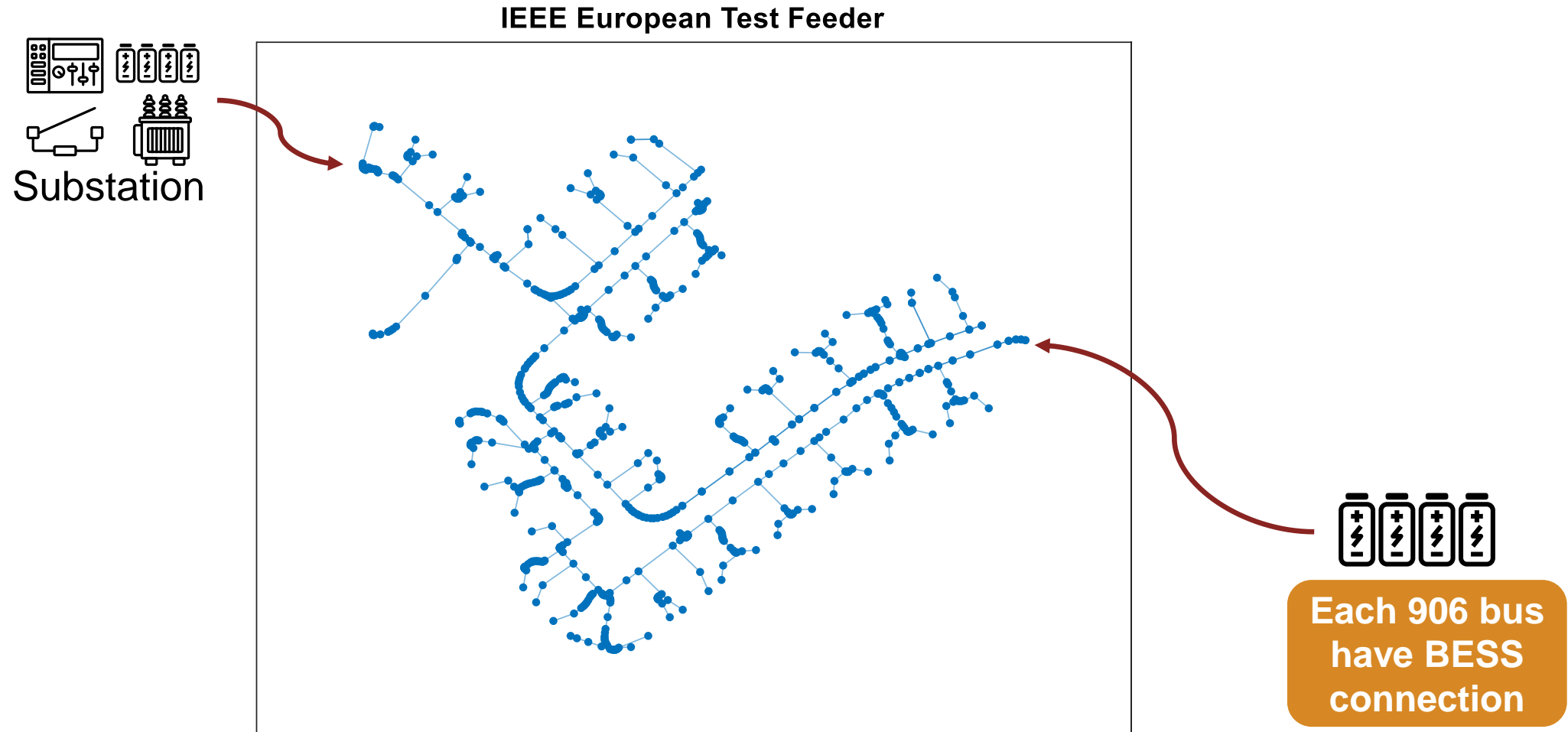
Optimized charging profile developed for each charger unit



Optimized charging profile minimizes overall cost and limits peak load



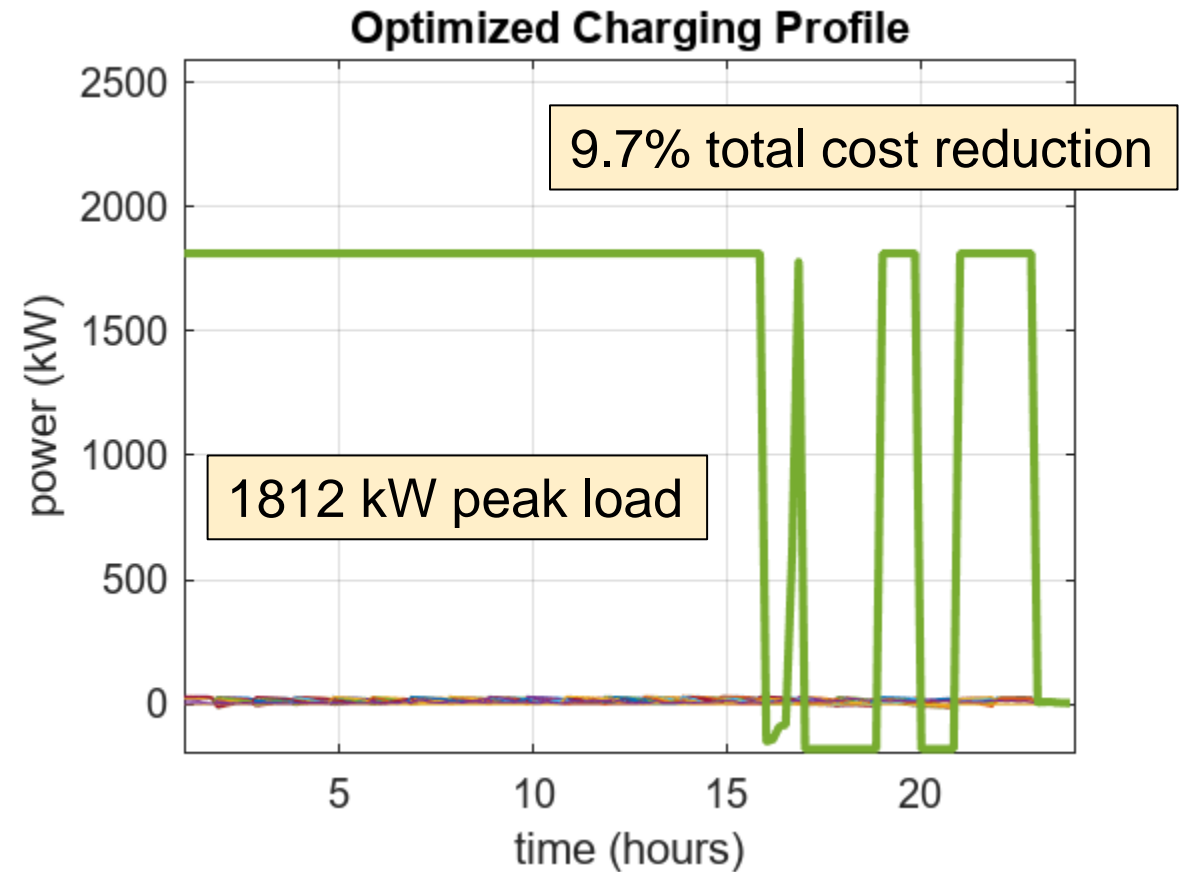
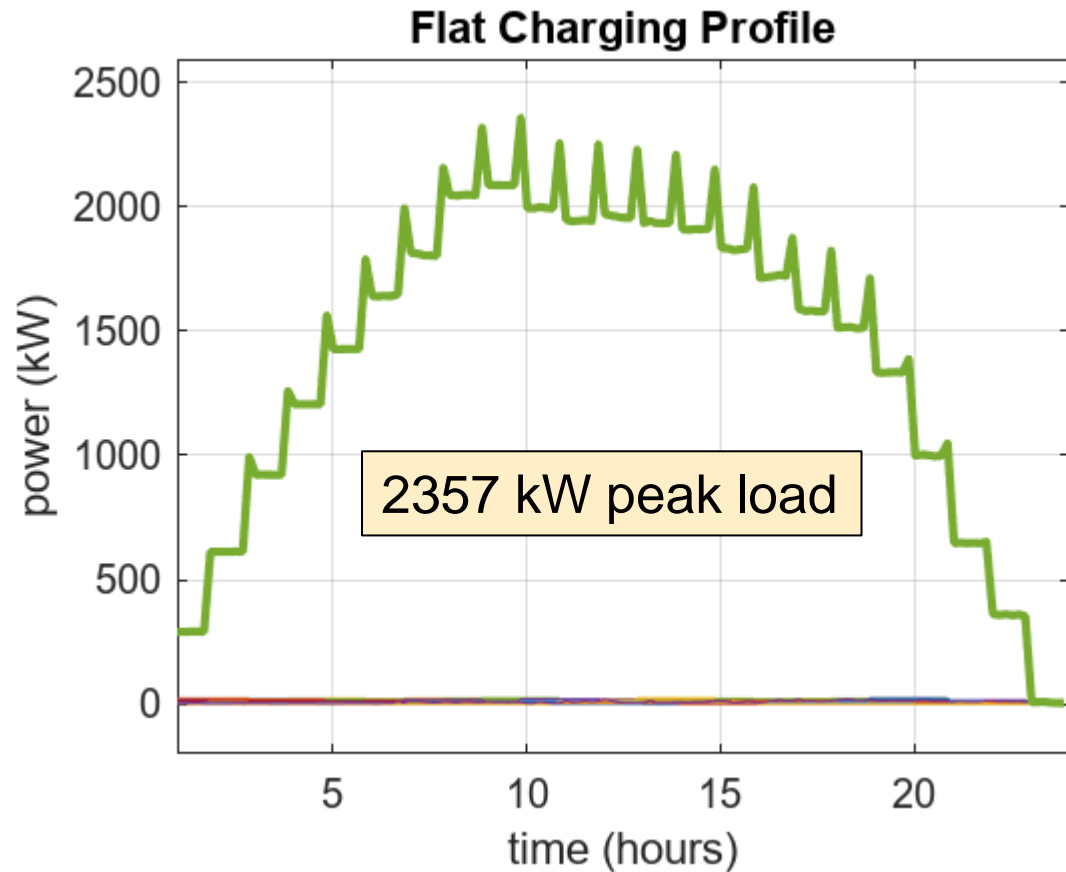
Evaluate the charging profiles on the IEEE European Test Feeder



906 bus three-phase distribution system published by the IEEE AMPS Distribution System Analysis Subcommittee

https://cmte.ieee.org/pes-testfeeders/wp-content/uploads/sites/167/2017/08/European_LV_Test_Feeder_v2.zip

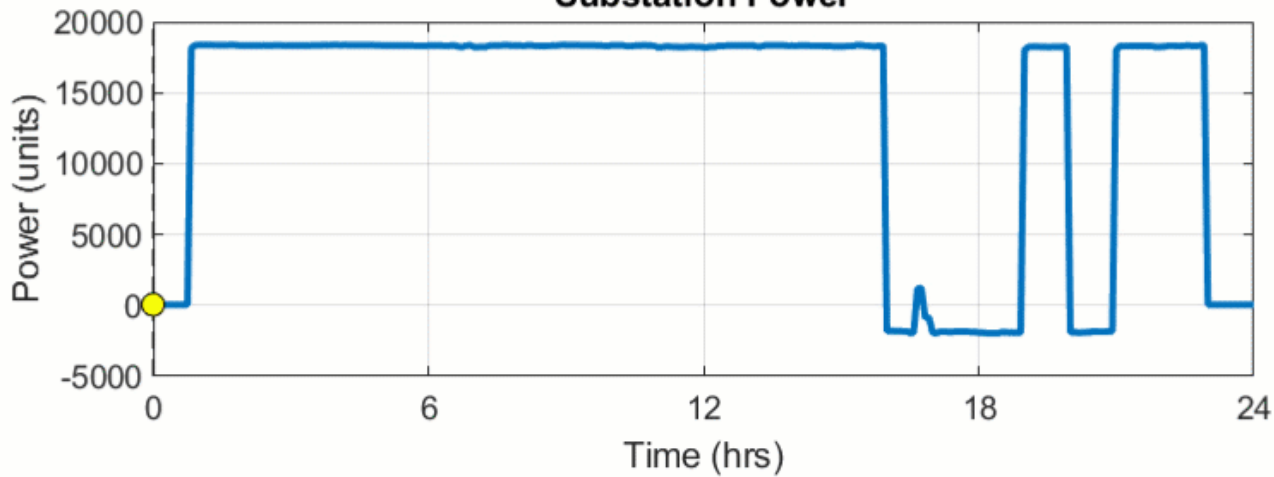
Scaled up study (906 units) continues to show cost and peak load benefits



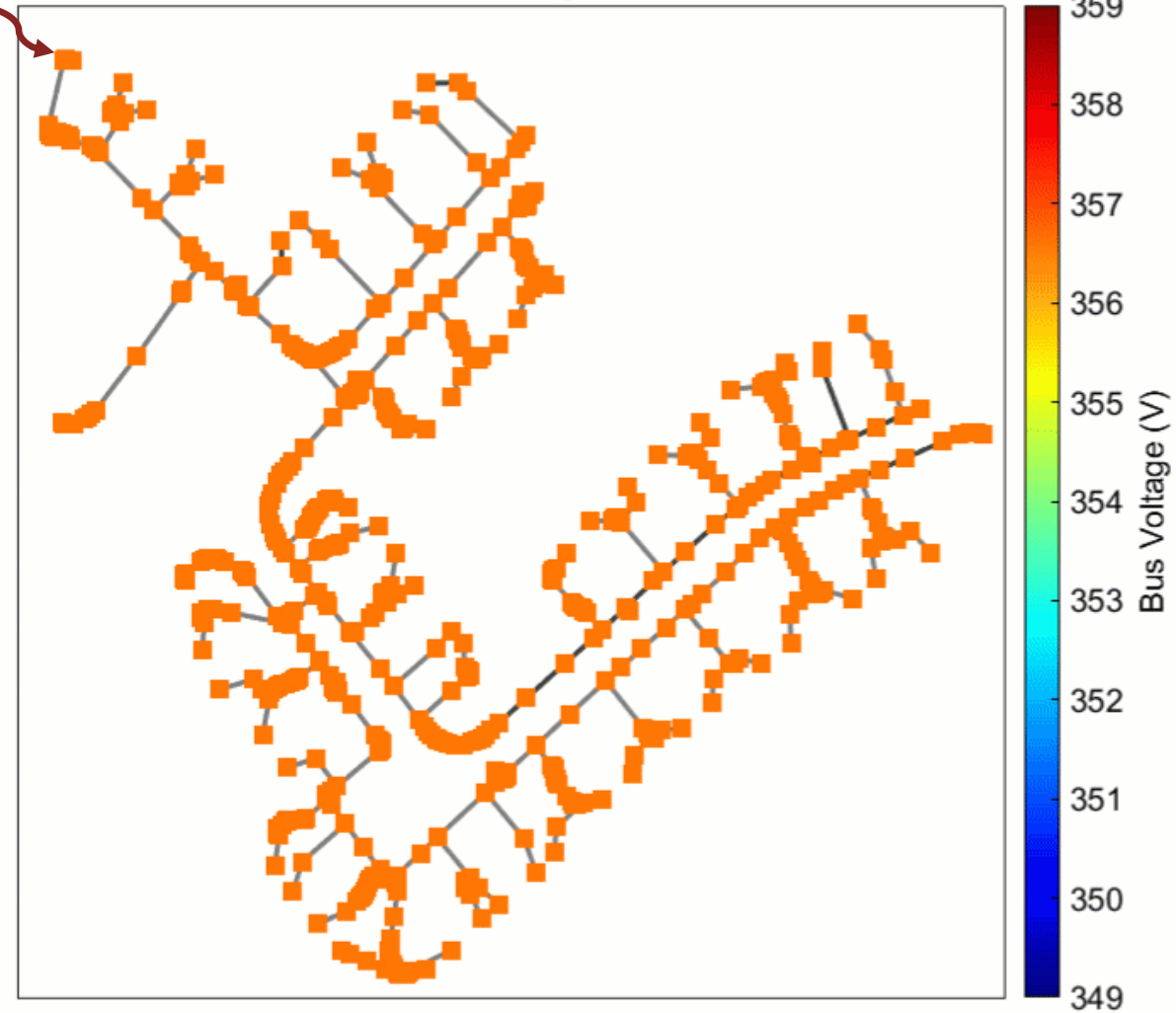
Enhanced visualization - voltage levels across 24 hours



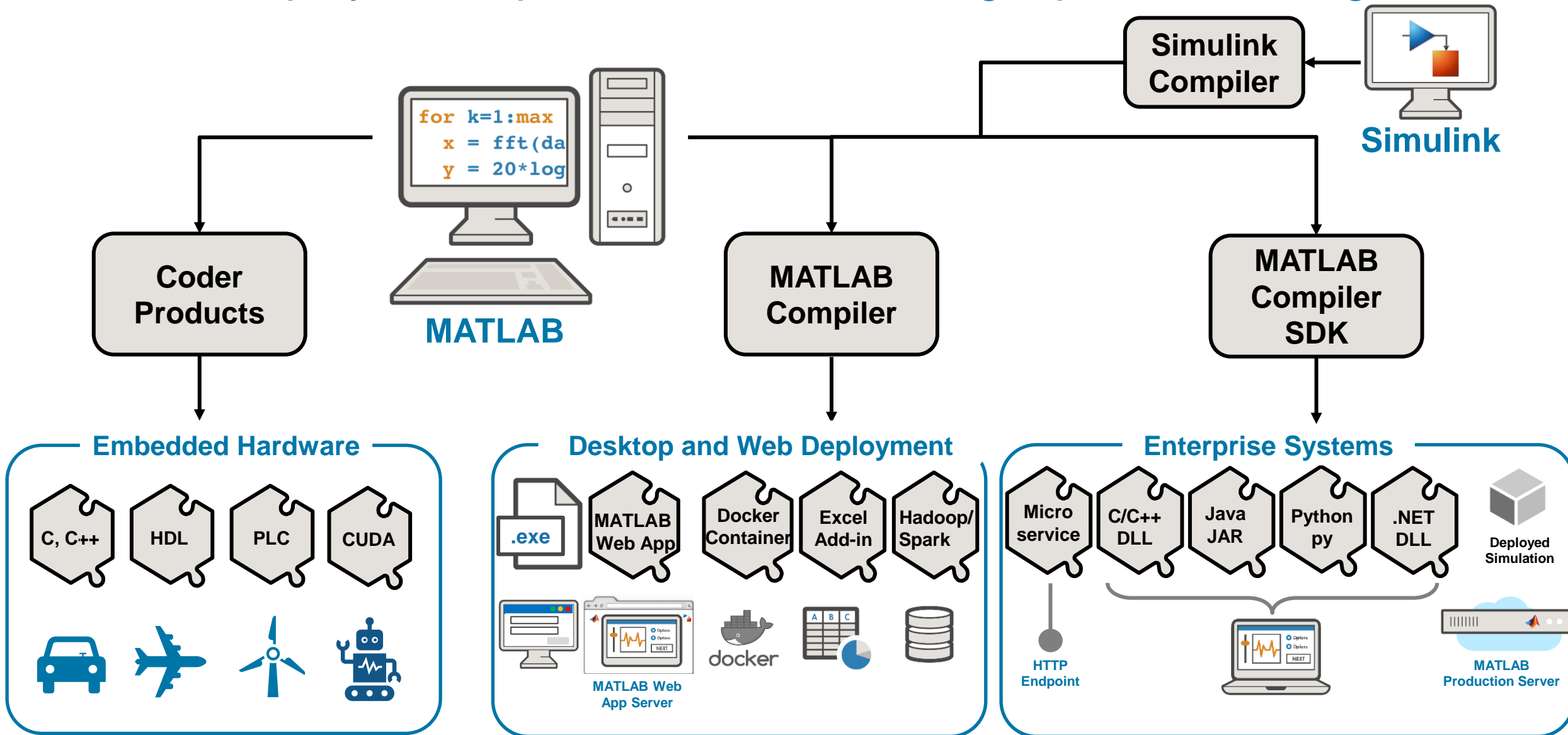
Substation Power



Bus Voltages



Flexible deployment options to choose the right production target



TIWAG-Tiroler Wasserkraft AG Meets Stringent Environmental Regulations with MATLAB

Working with MathWorks Consulting Services, TIWAG developed an optimization solution for its power plant network while simultaneously complying with strict environmental regulations.

Key Outcomes

- Using MATLAB enables TIWAG to solve a scheduling optimization problem and incorporate it into its existing SCADA system, ensuring regulatory compliance
- The customized optimization solution helps TIWAG respond to frequently varying river water flow conditions in real time
- A centralized workflow through one platform enables the integration and processing of data from multiple sources



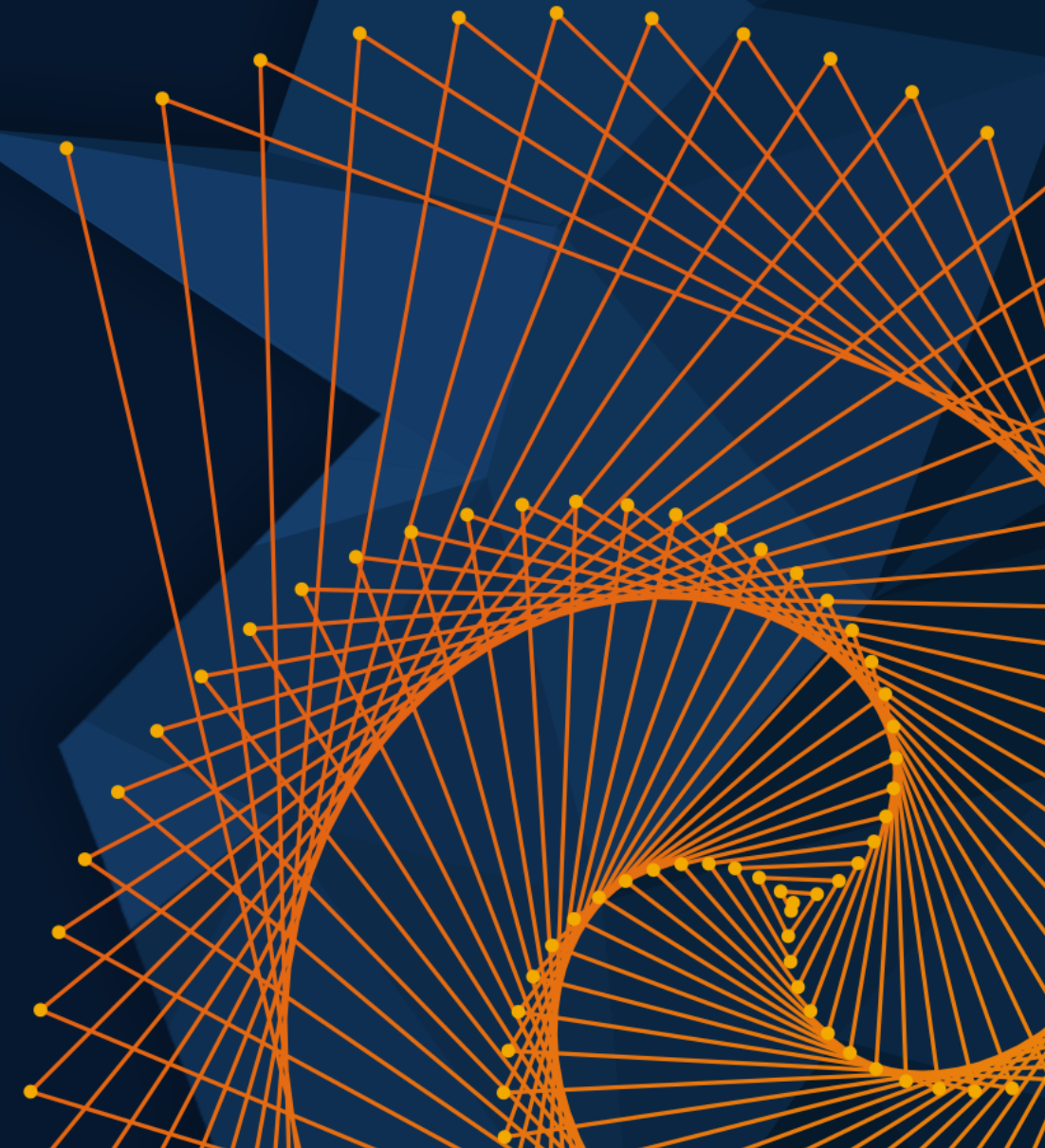
The recently constructed dam of the new Gemeinschaftskraftwerk Inn (GKI) power plant, situated on the Upper Inn River in the border region between Austria and Switzerland. The GKI must comply with strict environmental regulations.

The test phase has already shown that our optimization solution has significant economic potential thanks to its predictive control.

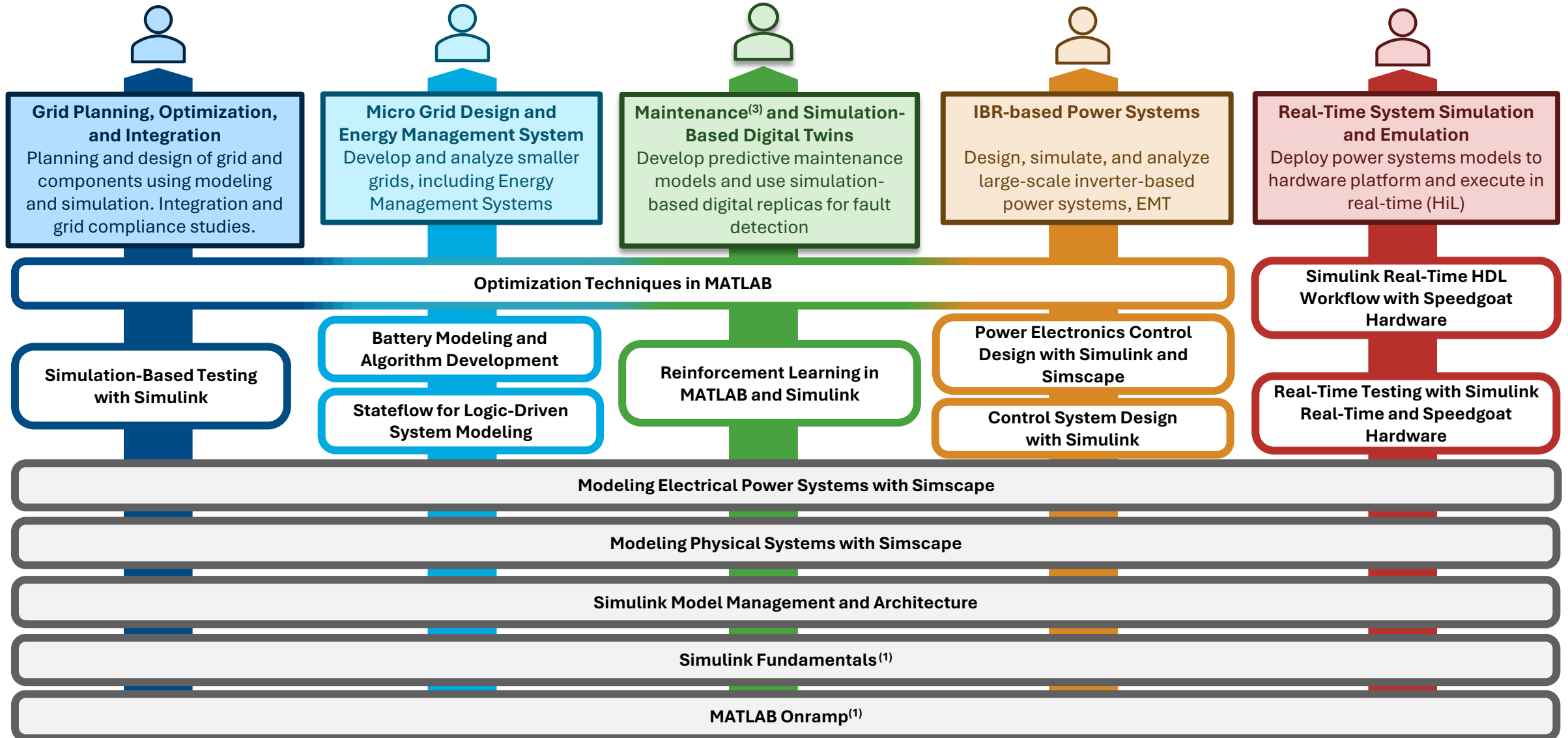
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Addressing Challenges of Meeting Net-Zero Goals with Simulation and Model-Based Design



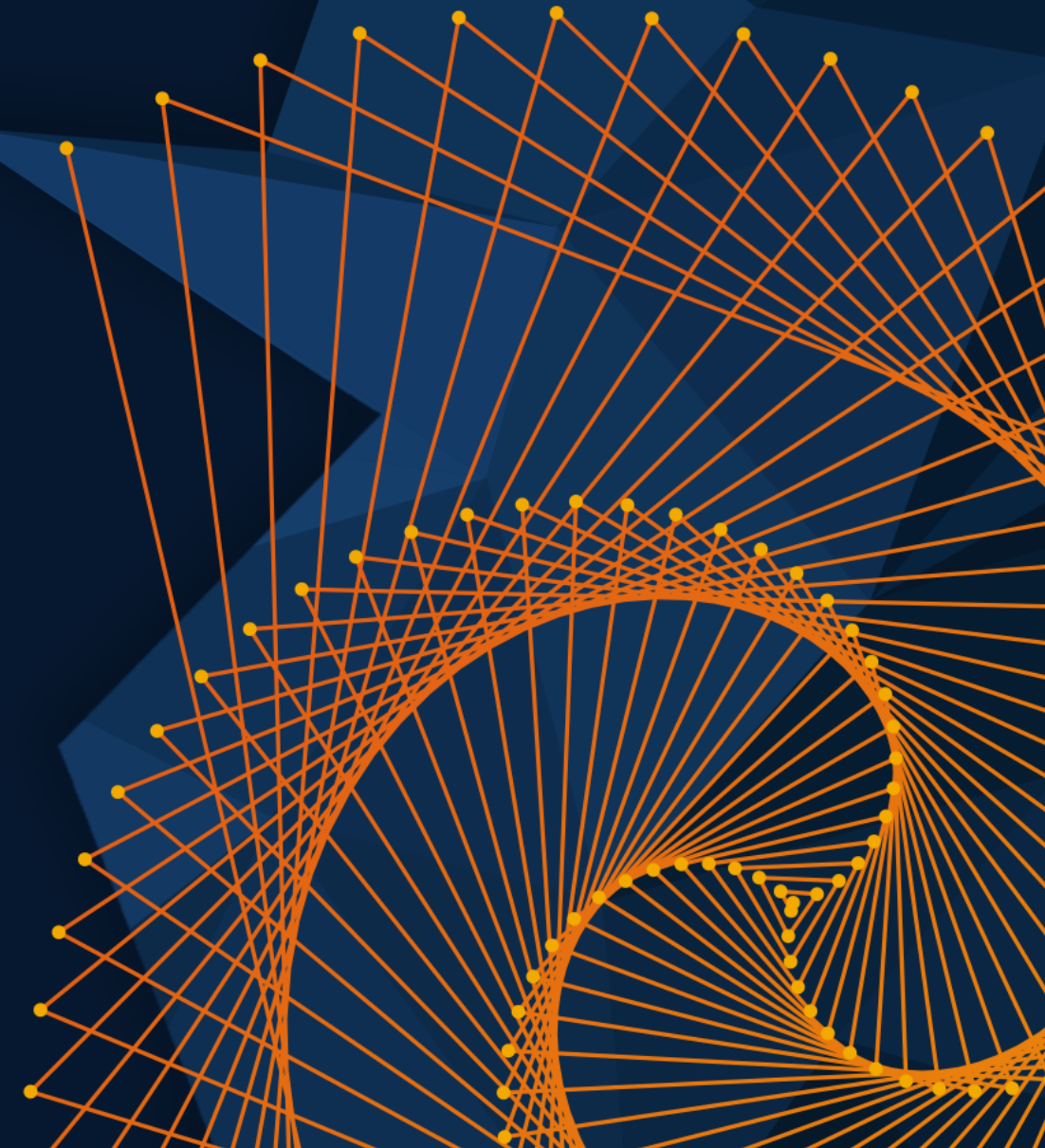
Curriculum Path - Production, Transmission, Distribution, Renewable



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Addressing Challenges of Meeting Net-Zero Goals with Simulation and Model-Based Design



EV Curriculum for Educators

Module-1	Module-2	Module-3	Module-4	Module-5
Overview of EV Course	Introduction to Model-Based Design	Power Electronics Simulation	Battery Modelling	Vehicle Dynamics Simulation
Introduction to Programming	Solving ODEs using Block-Diagrams	Hardware Integration & Code Generation	Battery Management Systems	System-Level Electric Vehicle Design
Solving ODEs using Numerical Methods	Multi-domain Physical Modelling	BLDC Motor Simulation & Control	Thermal Modeling of Vehicle Components	Design Project: Electric Vehicle System Configuration
Simplified Vehicle Model	Control System Design (PID)	Field-Oriented Control (FOC) for PMSM Motor	Vehicle Powertrain Simulation	
Hands-On Practice	Hands-On Practice	Hands-On Practice	Hands-On Practice	Hands-On Practice

Key Takeaways

- **Iterate on New Ideas faster with Simulation**
 - Speeding up journey from an idea to implementation
 - Design Battery Packs using App Based Workflows
 - Prototype on real-time hardware
- **Assessing technology readiness**
 - Renewables Integration Studies and Energy Storage
 - Control Design for Efficient Load Management
 - Optimization Based Energy Management Systems

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Thank you



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