

# MATLAB EXPO

2024.06.11 | 그랜드 인터컨티넨탈 서울 파르나스

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## Prediction of Work and Driving Performance of Electric Excavator using System Simulation

*Mincheol Kim, HD HYUNDAI XITESOLUTION*



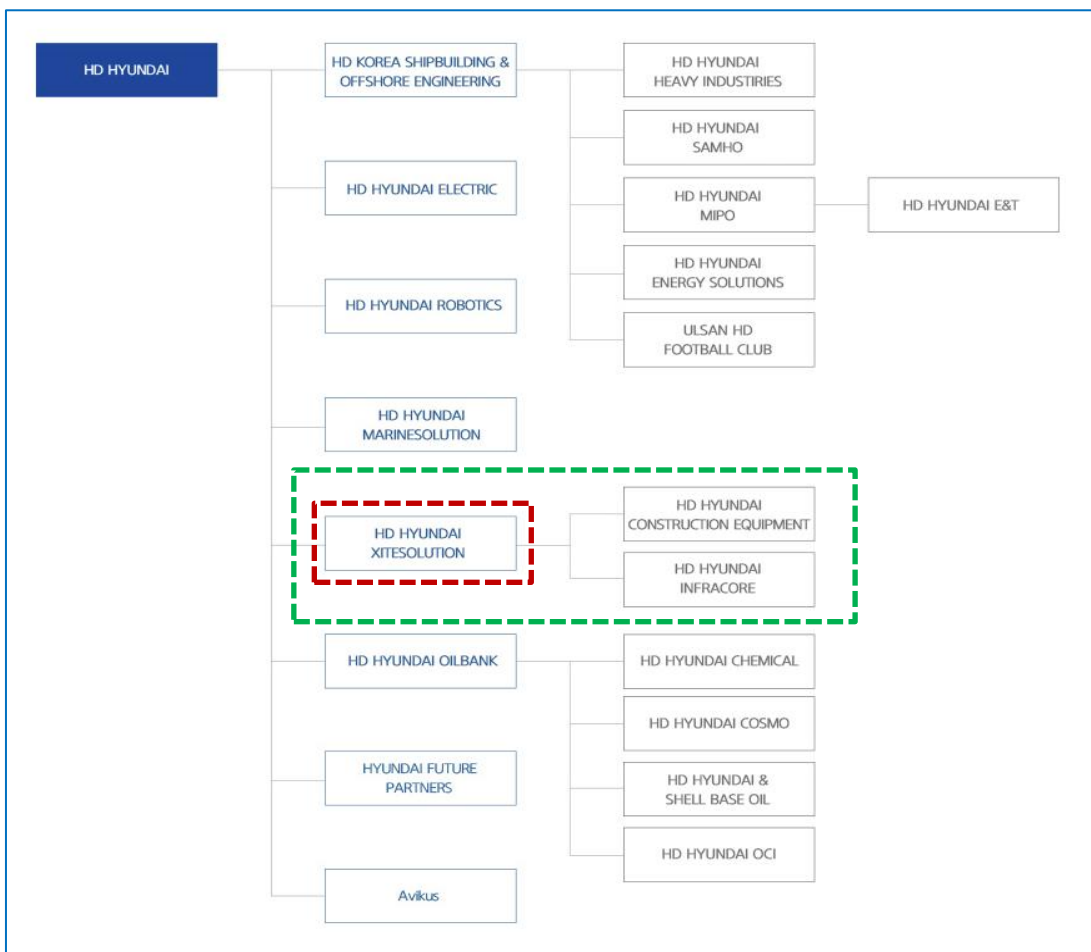
# Contents

- Introduction to Organization and Business
- Project Overview (Goals, Challenges, and MathWorks Solutions)
- Modeling Electric Excavator for Power Performance of using System Simulation
- Achievements and Outlook
- Current Works and Next Plan

# Introduction to Organization and Business



## Building a Better Future with the Most Innovative Industrial Solutions

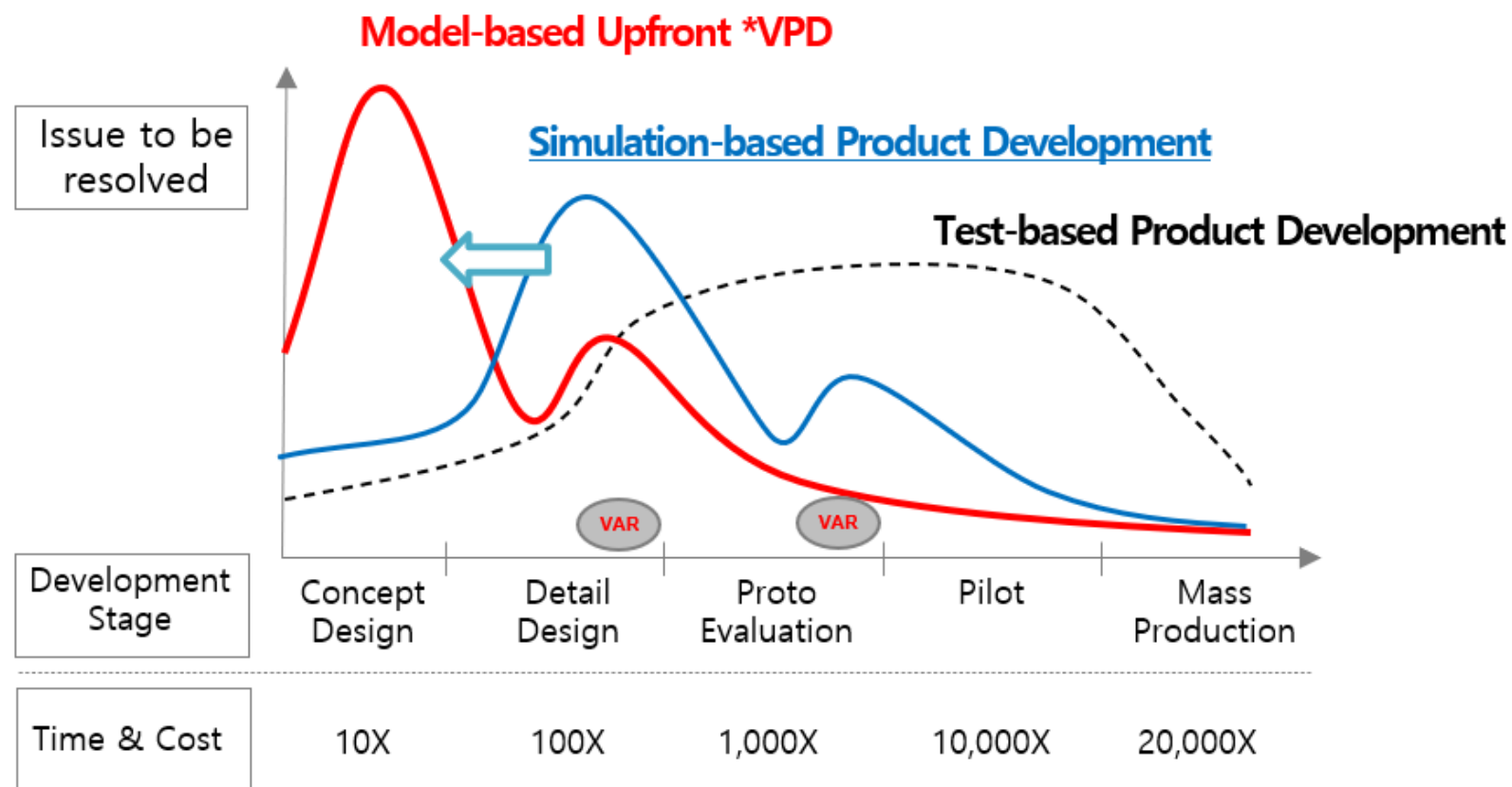


- Growing into a global top-tier company that represents Korea's construction machinery industry.
- HD Hyundai XiteSolution is intermediate holding company in the construction machinery sector, with \*HDI & \*HCE as subsidiaries.
- Our own business area: \*MCVs, Transmissions, Cylinders, and other hydraulic parts.
- Providing optimized solutions to HDI & HCE for synergy in development, sales, purchasing, and international business.
- Creating blueprint for the future of the construction machinery industry in Korea by growing together with our partners.

HEAVY		COMPACT	
Crawler Excavator		Crawler Dozer	
Wheel Excavator		Rigid Dump Truck (RDT)	
Wheel Loader		Grader	
Articulated Dump Truck (ADT)		Telescopic Handler	
		Mini Excavator	
		Skid-Steer Loader(SSL)	
		Compact Tracked Loader(CTL)	
		Backhoe Loader	

\*HDI: Hyundai Infracore, HCE: Hyundai Construction Equipment, MCV: Main Control Valve

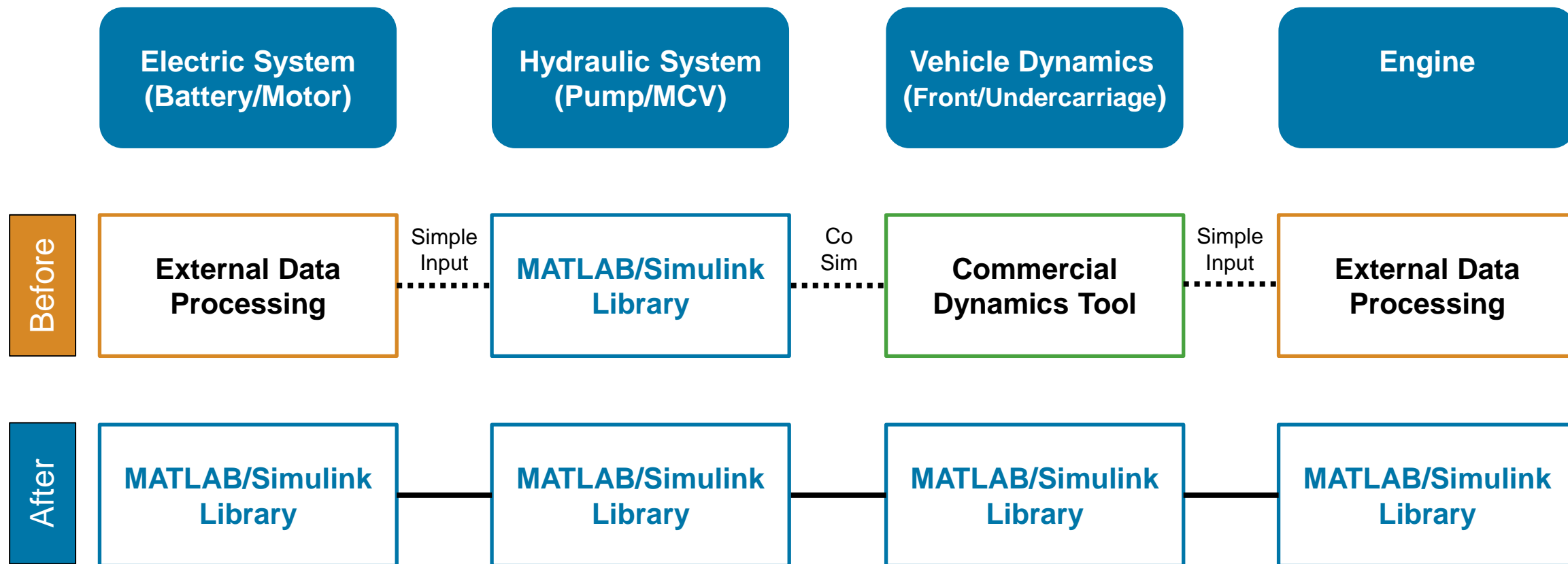
Model-based system simulation is very effective for achieving design goals through optimization while considering multi-physics at the product planning and concept stage.



Target equipment for system simulation is a 14-ton wheel \*PHEV excavator manufactured by HD HYUNDAI. (Especially energy consumption is a key factor for all type of electric vehicles)



It is not easy to ensure the reliability of calculation results, and calculation times are so lengthy due to the limitations of using pre-calculated data inputs and Co-simulations. However, these limitations have been overcome by utilizing system simulation with MATLAB/Simulink solutions.



System simulation model including batteries, motors, hydraulics, engine, front structure, and undercarriage structure, is built in MATLAB/Simulink to predict the power performance of an electric excavator in driving and excavation modes.

### System Simulation Model for Performance Prediction of Electric Excavator using MATLAB/Simulink

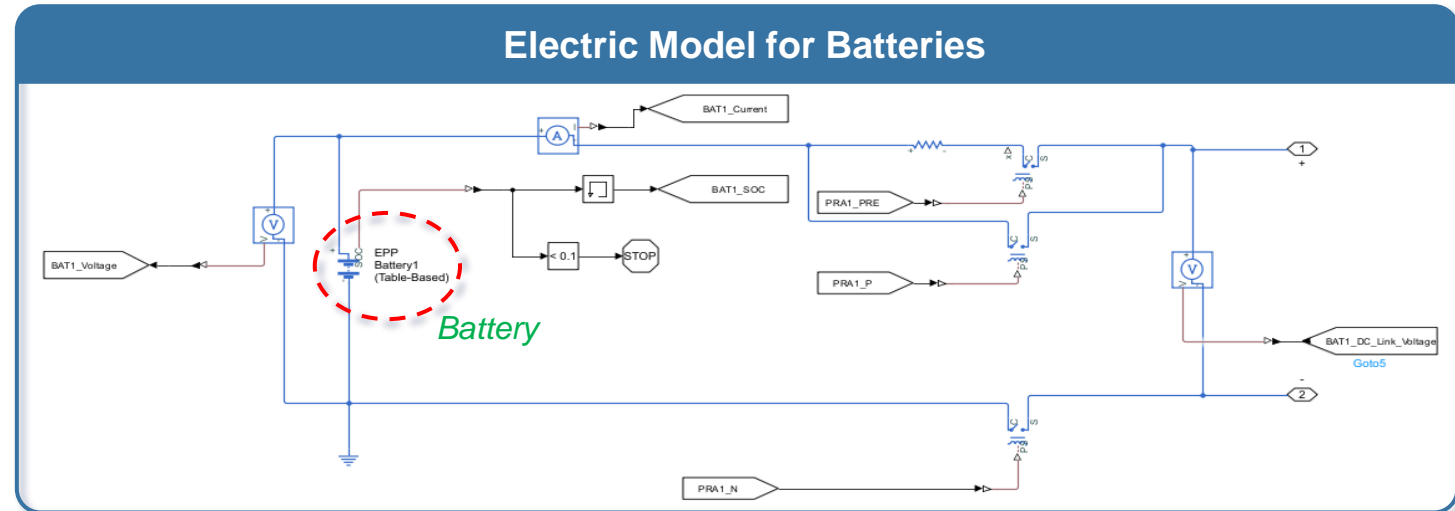


Electric model can consider practical energy efficiency. Energy capacity over time(Ampere-hour rating) for the batteries / Speed-torque map and energy efficiency for the motors.

Block Parameters: EPP Battery1 (Table-Based)

Battery (Table-Based)  Auto Apply

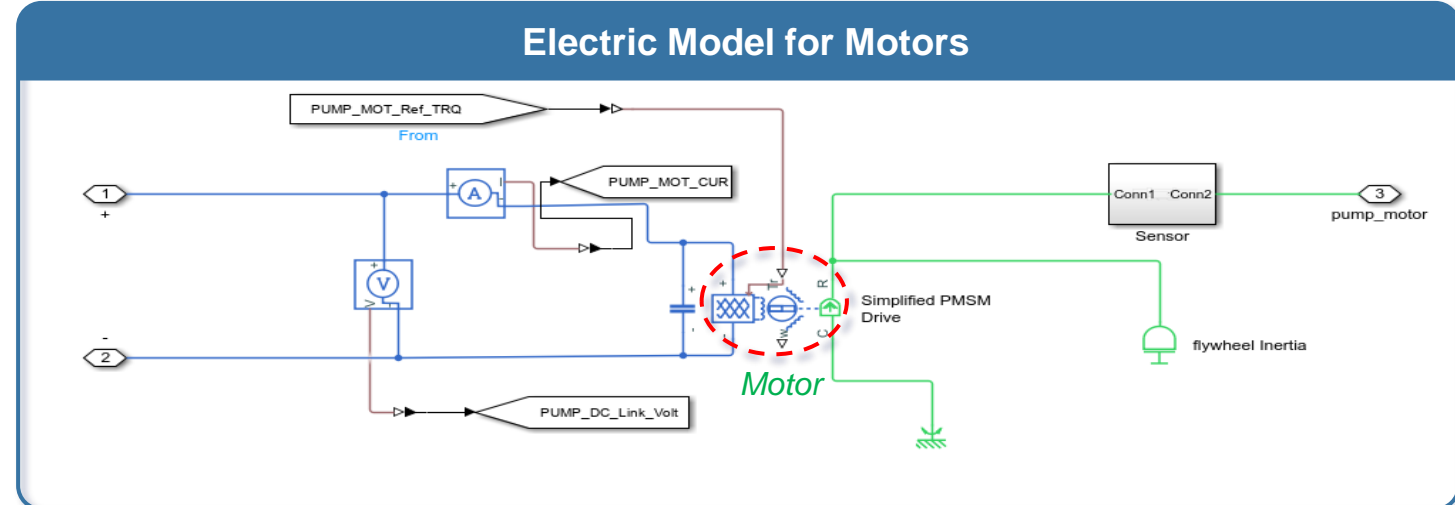
Settings	Description	VALUE
NAME		
Selected part		<click to select>
<b>Main</b>		
>	Vector of state-of-charge values, S...	
>	Tabulate parameters over temperat...	
>	Current directionality	
>	Vector of temperatures, T	
>	Open-circuit voltage, VO(SOC,T)	
>	Terminal voltage operating range L...	
>	Terminal resistance, R0(SOC,T)	
>	Cell capacity, AH	
>	Self-discharge	
>	Extrapolation method for all tables	
>	Expose SOC measurement port	
<b>Dynamics</b>		
>	<b>Fade</b>	
>	<b>Calendar Aging</b>	
>	<b>Thermal</b>	
>	<b>Initial Targets</b>	
>	<b>Nominal Values</b>	



Block Parameters: Simplified PMSM Drive

Motor & Drive (System Level)  Auto Apply

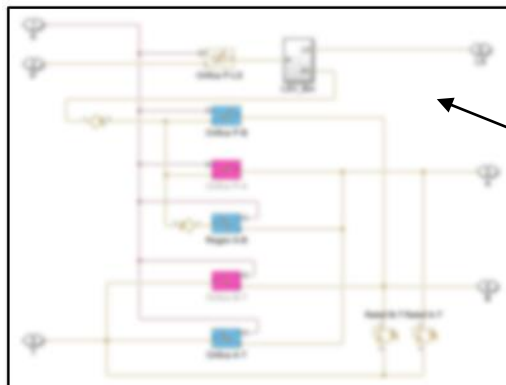
Settings	Description	VALUE
NAME		
Modeling option		
<b>Electrical Torque</b>		
>	Parameterize by	
>	Allow intermittent over-torque	
>	Continuous operation maximum to...	
>	Corresponding rotational speeds, w	
>	Torque control time constant, Tc	
>	Enable supply switch	
<b>Electrical Losses</b>		
>	Parameterize losses by	
>	Vector of speeds (w) for tabulated I...	
>	Vector of torques (T) for tabulated I...	
>	Corresponding efficiency (percent),	
>	External supply series resistance	
<b>Mechanical</b>		
>	Rotor inertia	
>	Rotor damping	
>	Initial rotor speed	
<b>Faults</b>		



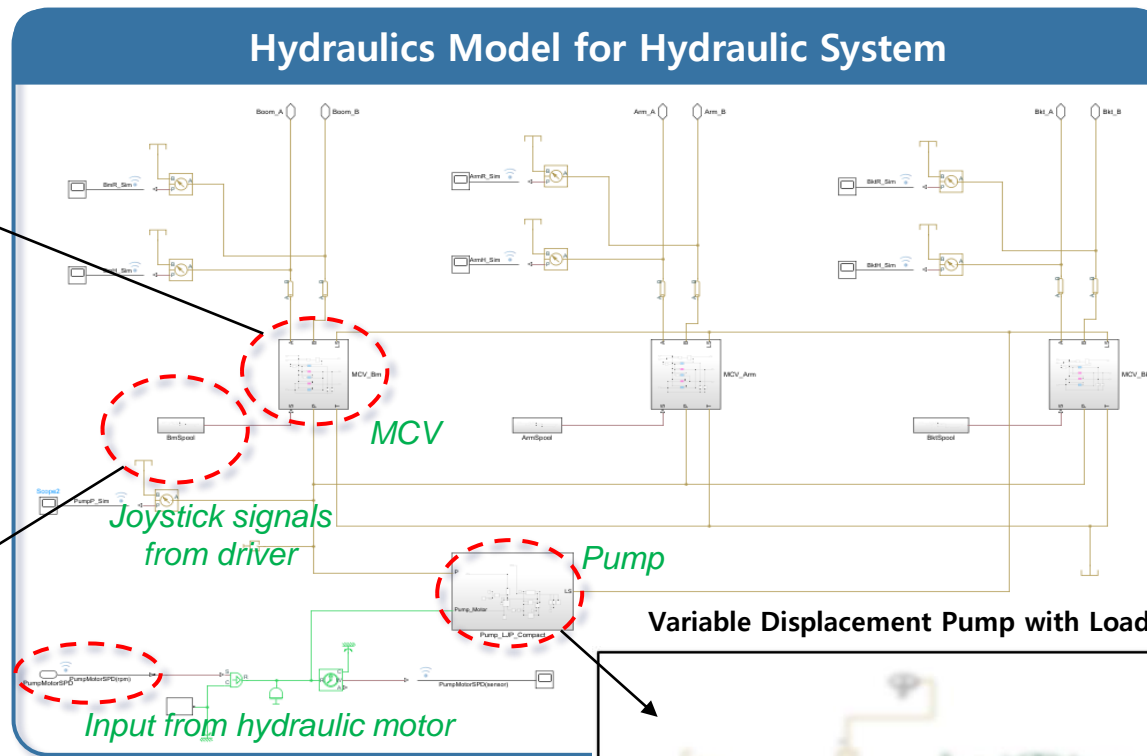


Hydraulics model is built to move boom/arm/bucket by using load-sensing control system with variable displacement pump controlled by \*MCV based on the joystick signals from the driver.

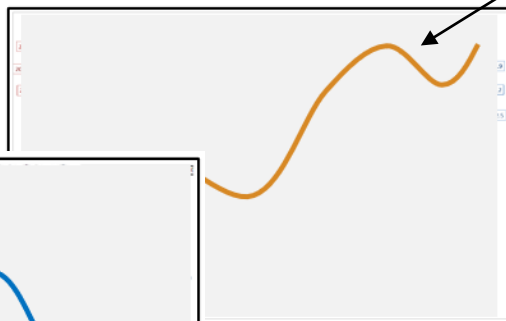
MCV Circuit with Regen



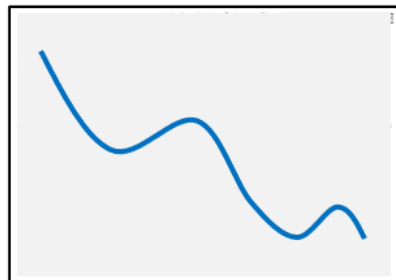
Hydraulics Model for Hydraulic System



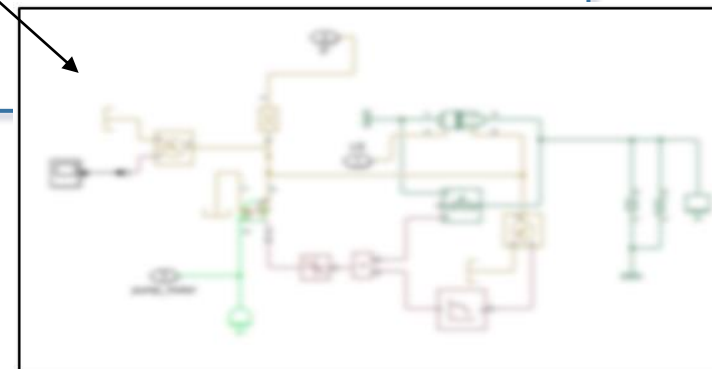
Pilot Control Pressure & Spool Position



Current Sign & Pilot Control Pressure

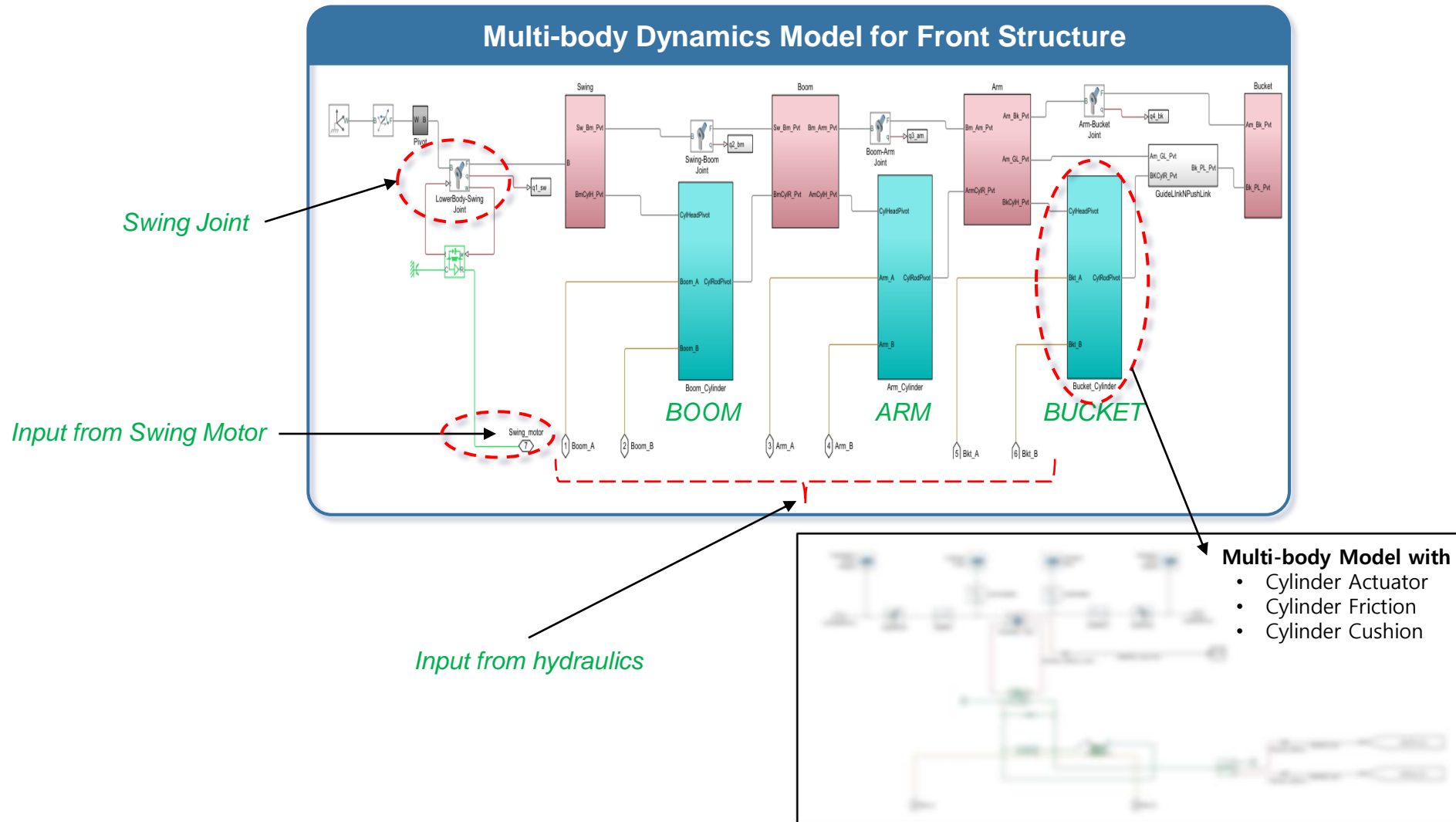


Variable Displacement Pump with Load Sensing



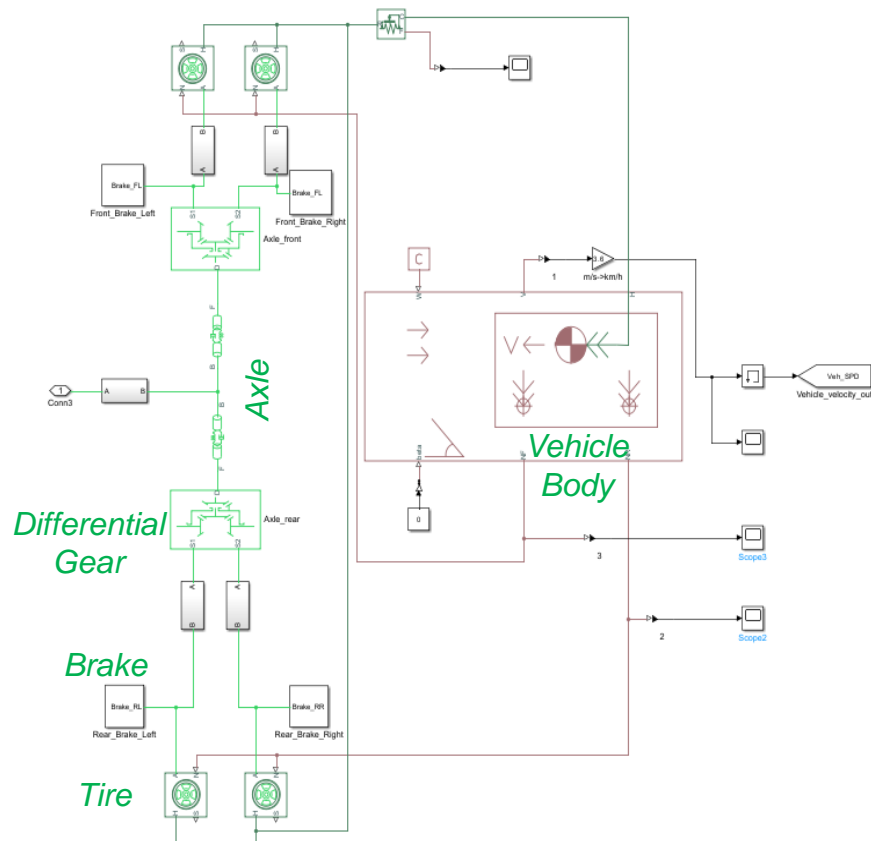
\*MCV: Main Control Valve

Multi-body dynamics model for the front structure is built for working mode. Bodies for the boom/arm/bucket, based on cylinders driven by hydraulics, are interconnected through joints to cooperate. Entire front assembly can be rotated by the dedicated swing motor.

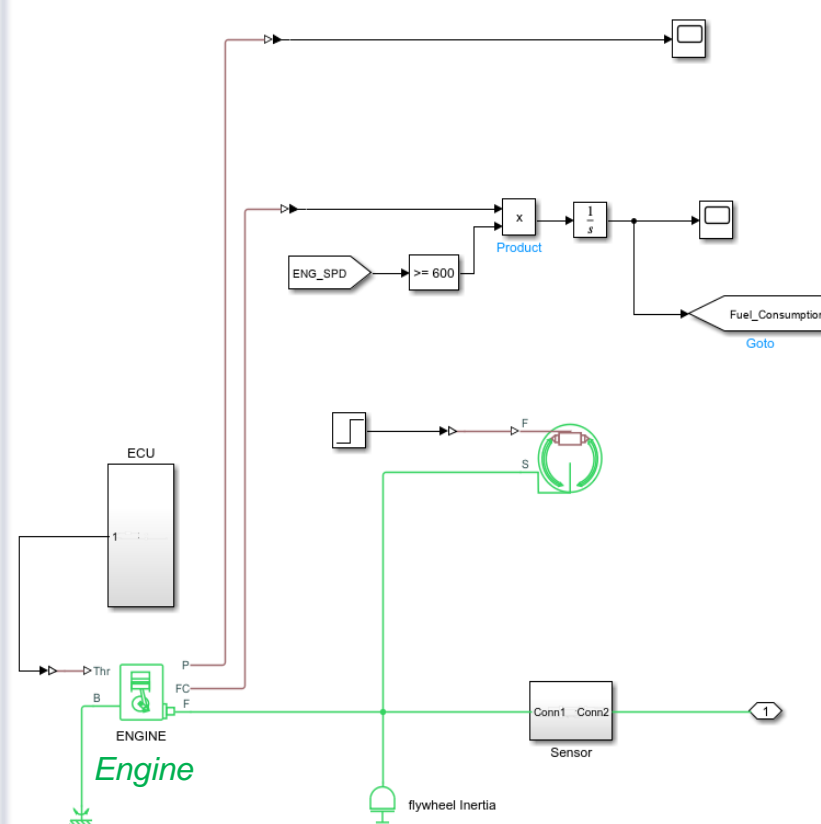


Vehicle dynamics model for the undercarriage structure is built for driving mode. Driveline model consists of axles, differential gears, brakes, tires, and vehicle body. As an auxiliary component, engine model is built to operate generator considering the speed-torque map for the engine.

### Vehicle Dynamic Model for Undercarriage Structure



### Auxiliary Engine Model for Generator

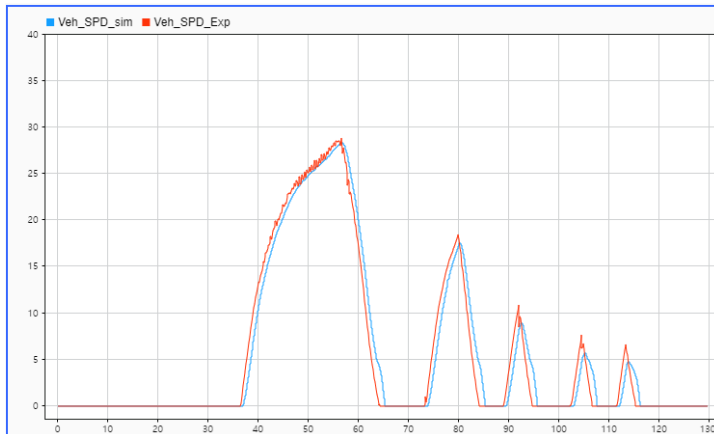


System simulation results are validated based on measurement results for both working and driving mode.

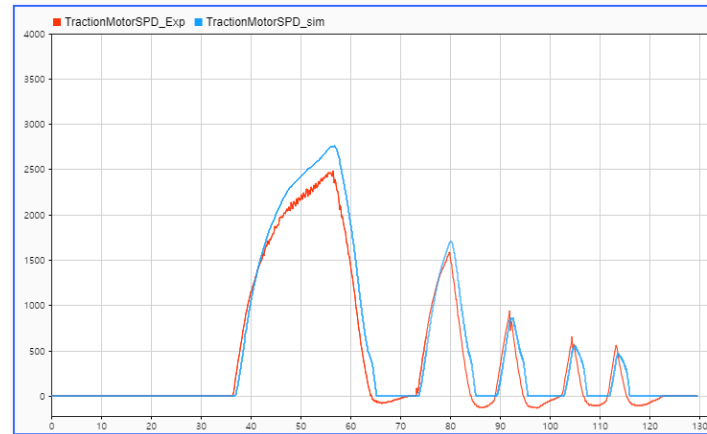
### Performance Results for Driving Mode

— Measurement  
— Simulation

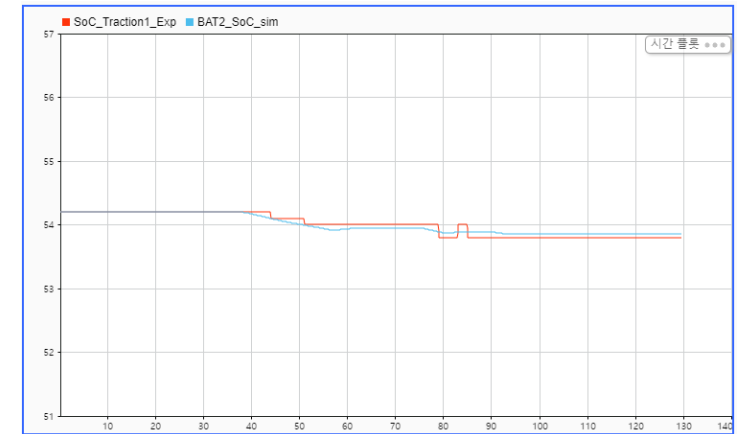
#### Vehicle Speed



#### Travel Motor Speed



#### Battery SoC



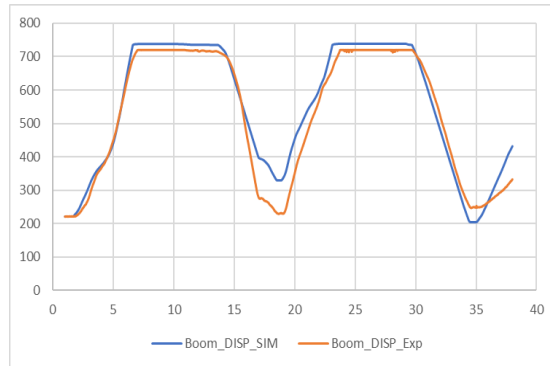
System simulation results are validated based on measurement results for both working and driving mode.

Performance Results for Working Mode

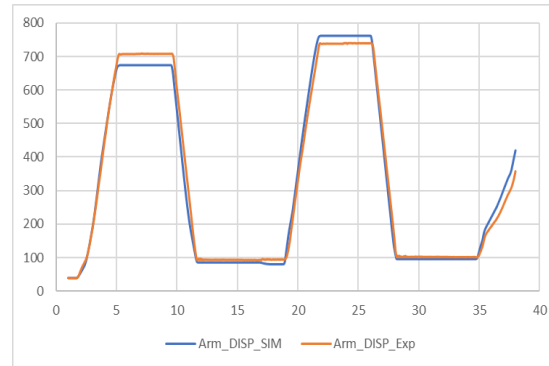
— Measurement  
— Simulation

Cylinder Disp.(mm)

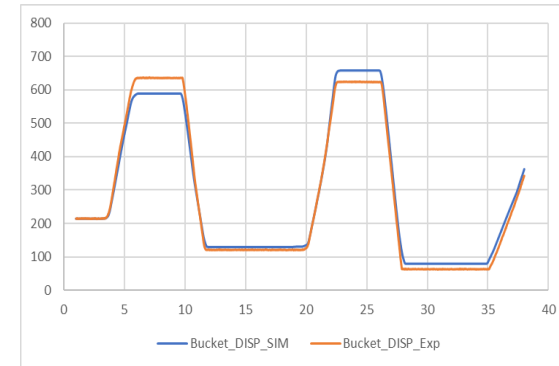
BOOM



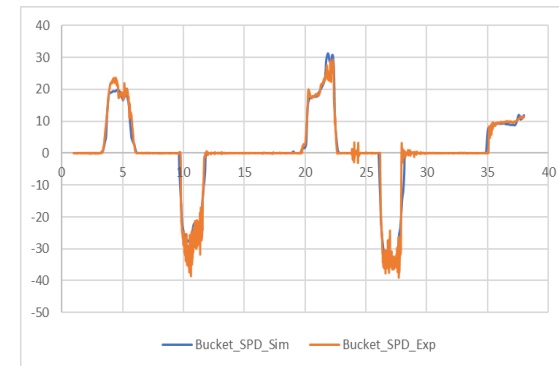
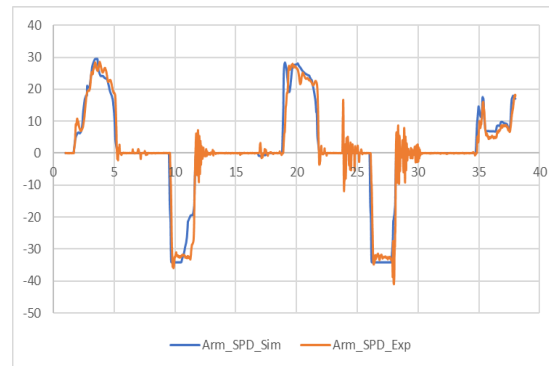
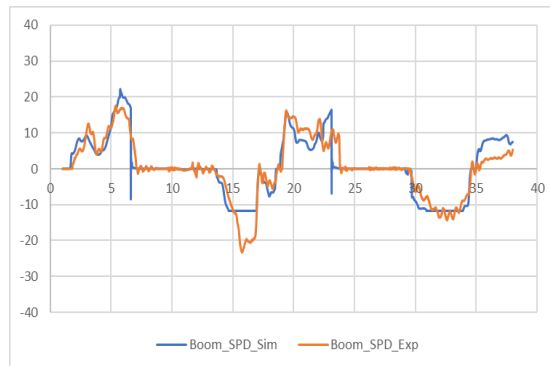
ARM



BUCKET



Cylinder Speed(cm/s)

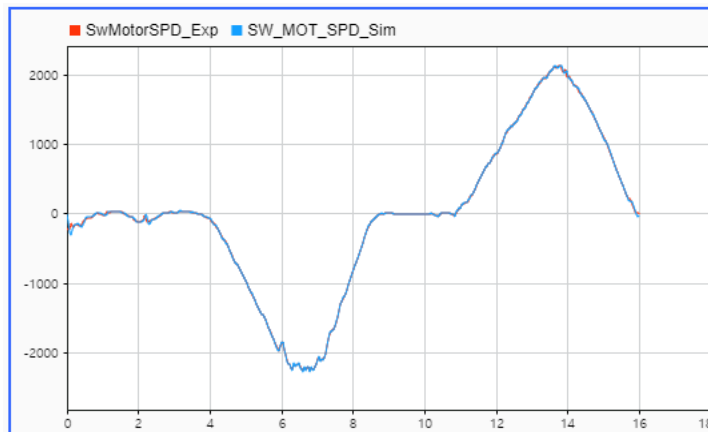


System simulation results are validated based on measurement results for both working and driving mode.

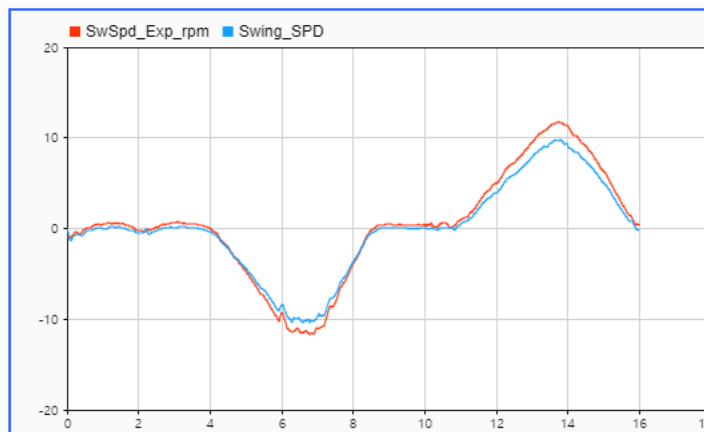
### Performance Results for Working Mode (Continued)

— Measurement  
— Simulation

#### Swing Motor Speed

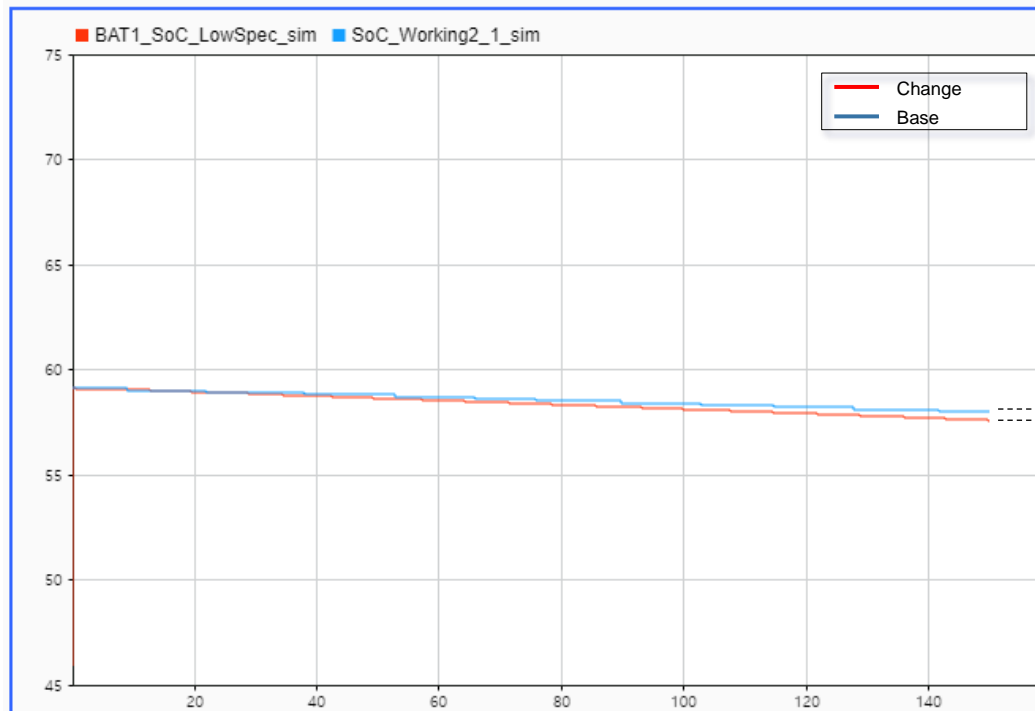


#### Swing Speed

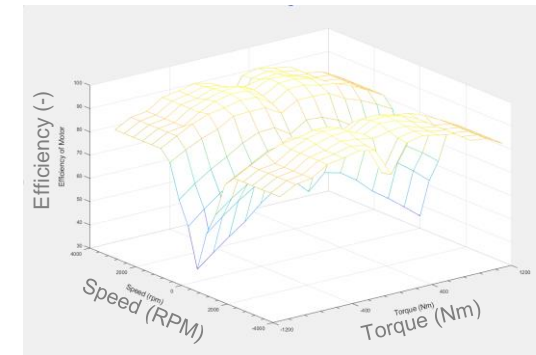


Using the developed system simulation model for electric excavator, it is possible to predict changes in power performance when changing system specifications.

$SOC_{init} = 59.1\%$  , 180° Digging (150 [s])



Efficiency Map for Hydraulic Motor

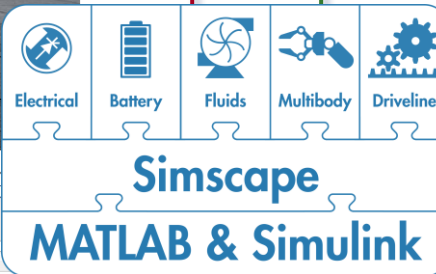


additional energy consumption in batteries:  
0.08% during 150sec

for 4 hour working standard:  
decrease by approximately 17minutes

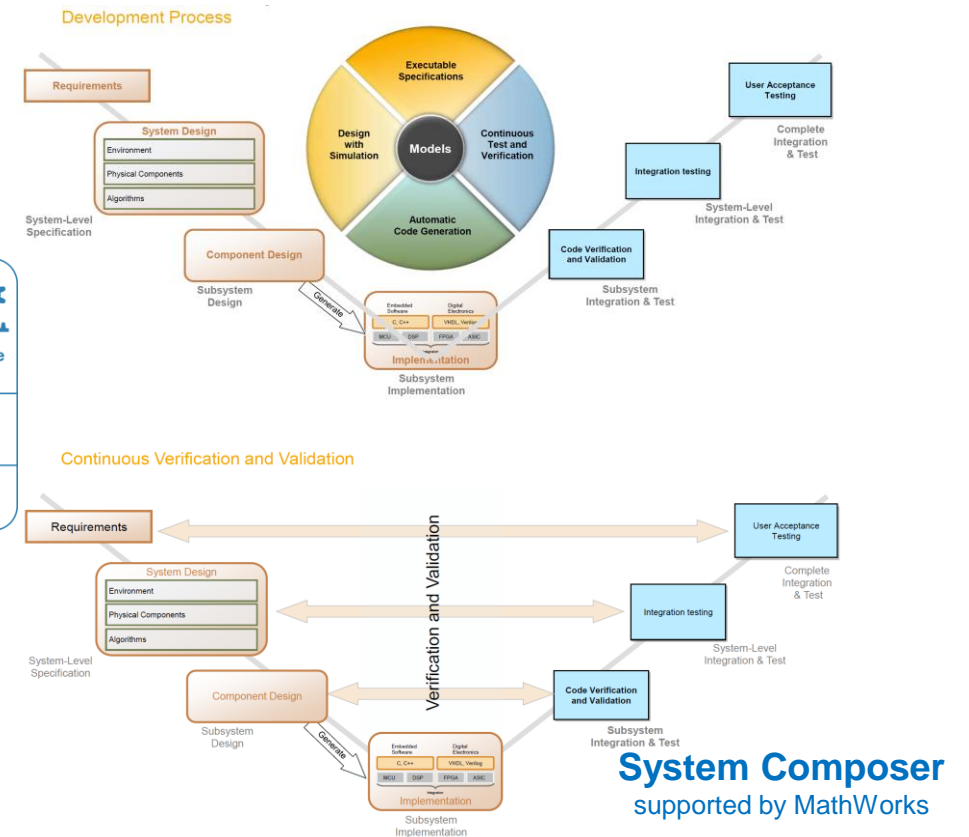
Developed method is being used to improve energy consumption for \*EV construction equipment with Optimization Toolbox among MATLAB/Simulink and will be extended to model-based system engineering approach over the entire development process from concept to prototype.

### Improving Energy Consumption for EV with Optimization



**Optimization Toolbox**  
supported by MathWorks

### Extending to Model-Based System Engineering



\*EV: Electric Vehicle (BEV: Battery Electric Vehicle, FCEV: Fuel Cell Electric Vehicle)



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